

10P EVERY SUMMER MONDAY

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TOKEN ON PAGE 12

PLUS: 24-PAGE GUIDE TO OUR LUXURY HOTELS OFFER, PAGE 15

ENGLAND VS MOLDAVIA

Winning start for Hoddle in World Cup PAGE 25

DAY ONE OF A NEW SERIES

THE MAKING OF A MODERN MYTH

How Jackie's father was banned from her wedding day PAGES 16, 17

10P EVERY SUMMER MONDAY

White House promises to take strong reprisals

US set for missile attack on Iraq

FROM IAN BRODIE, MICHAEL EVANS AND MICHAEL THEODOULOU

THE United States was considering a cruise missile attack on key Iraqi installations in retaliation for Saddam Hussein's biggest offensive into Kurdistan for five years.

The message from the White House was that America would respond "with consequences" for Saddam.

The White House refused to confirm that military action was the preferred option. However, American diplomatic sources indicated that a limited strike, similar to the Tomahawk cruise missile attack on the Iraqi intelligence headquarters in 1993, was the most likely option.

Last night President Clinton who was in Little Rock, Arkansas, during a break in campaigning, spoke to John Major



Iraqi leader whose forces mounted the offensive in a region which is protected by US, British and French combat air patrols north of the 36th parallel.

The call for action followed the Iraqi seizure of the Kurdish city of Baghdad. Despite claims from Baghdad that Iraqi forces were withdrawing, there were reports last night of Iraqi T72 tanks advancing on the Kurdish stronghold of Sulaimaniya. Iraqi aircraft were also said to have bombed rebel Kurdish targets inside the no-fly zone established by the Western allies to protect the Kurds from Saddam in the wake of the 1991 Gulf War.

Two Swiss-made Pilatus aircraft, mostly used by Iraq for training purposes, were reported to have attacked the Kurdish town of Busaneh, near Arbil, and Kifri. If confirmed, the Iraqi action represented another defiant challenge to the West.

Yesterday Leon Panetta, Mr Clinton's chief of staff, responded with great emphasis when asked about US retaliation during an interview with NBC's Meet the Press. He said: "I don't want to say when or where or what, but we will respond with consequences for Saddam Hussein."

He said Saddam remained a threat to his own people and to the region and the US had made it clear that was unacceptable.

Mr Panetta acknowledged there was a distinction between Saddam's invasion of Kuwait, the event that triggered the Gulf War, and his dealing with internal trouble involving the Kurds, but his attacks were still not justified. "You do not use force," Mr Panetta said.

Mr Clinton has already placed all 20,000 US forces in the region on alert and ordered them to be reinforced. Thirty-four additional combat aircraft were due to fly from the US to Jordan last night. The Americans have one aircraft carrier in the Arabian Sea.

One suggestion under discussion at the Pentagon yesterday was the creation of a no-drive zone which would probably need a UN Security Council resolution but would have the effect of barring Saddam from sending tanks or artillery into areas where he is already forbidden to fly.

A swift military response against Saddam would be a popular move in the US and a bonus for Mr Clinton in his re-election campaign.

Other foreign leaders to try to reach consensus on what action to take. Warren Christopher, the US Secretary of State, is also due in London this week and will be seeing Malcolm Rifkind, the Foreign Secretary, on Thursday. The need for consensus would indicate that military action is not imminent. However, Mr Clinton appeared determined to take strong steps to punish the

shaped charge gives it the same impact as a 1,000lb bomb. The lighter warhead has also increased the range by about 200 miles.

The last American Tomahawk attack was in September last year when 13 cruise missiles were fired on Bosnian Serb targets from a warship in the Adriatic.

Unlike the old Tomahawks, the latest model is equipped with time of arrival control. This allows the Americans to coordinate the launching of the weapon with other systems, such as aircraft.

As the cruise missile approaches its target, its direction is guided by "wave-points" or landmarks along the satellite-linked journey to its target.



Tomahawk lifts off

Satellites keep missile on course

THE latest Tomahawk cruise missile with a range of up to 1,000 miles is guided to its target with the help of the American Global Positioning System - 24 satellites linked around the world which keep the weapon on course.

The Tomahawk Block III which has a 700lb warhead with a shaped charge, is guaranteed to land within five to ten yards of its target.

The missile, which is about 20ft long and flies below radar level on a turbofan cruise engine at about 553 mph, was claimed to have an 85-95 per cent accuracy record during the Gulf War.

However, the latest version is even more accurate and although the warhead is smaller than the older models



Damon Hill with Frank Williams, who is said to have arranged to replace him

Damon Hill is sacked as he nears last lap

BY OLIVER HOLT

DAMON HILL'S Formula One future was in doubt last night after his Williams team announced that he was to be sacked at the end of the season. Hill is just three races away from winning the world championship and could even clinch the title next weekend at the Italian Grand Prix.

Rumours have circulated for several months that Frank Williams, the team owner, had struck a secret deal with the German, Heinz-Harald Frentzen, to replace the Englishman next year.

Williams cancelled negotiations over an extension to Hill's current one-year contract on Wednesday leaving the driver "very surprised and disappointed".

Yesterday his lawyer, Michael Breen, said the dispute was not over money and Hill's request for an increase in his £6 million-a-year salary and instead, suggested Williams had never had any intention of re-signing Hill.

"Damon wanted very much to have the chance to stay with Williams next year," Mr Breen said. "Frank told Damon it was not about money and personality."

Williams would say only that he would not be using Hill's "services" but it is thought he is concerned that Michael Schumacher, hobbled by an uncompetitive Ferrari this year, will be a tougher proposition.

Williams has parted company with each of the three drivers who have won his team's most recent world championships: Nelson Piquet in 1987, Nigel Mansell in 1992 and Alain Prost in 1993.

Hill, 35, has won 20 grands prix out of the 64 in which he has competed.

Title concern, page 27

Boy's body found on Norfolk beach

The body of a young boy thought to be that of missing four-year-old Tom Loughlin was found last night on a beach at Sheringham, Norfolk, just two miles from the spot where the drowned body of Tom's six-year-old sister Jodi was found last week. The children disappeared nearly two weeks ago.

Euro 96 gives economy boost

The 250,000 tourists who came to Britain for the Euro 96 football championships appear to have given the economy an unexpected boost by spending around £500 apiece. Sales of takeaway pizzas and supermarket lager also soared and giving the economy marked growth between April and June Page 48

Six die in crash after pop festival weekend

BY KATHRYN KNIGHT

SIX young people, including a brother and sister, died yesterday when their car crashed head on into a van as they returned home from a music festival. Two pedestrians were injured, one seriously.

The four men and two women, aged between 18 and 25, had spent the weekend camping at the One World Music Festival at Thurlston, Somerset. They were driving the few miles home along the A361 to Frome at 2.20am when their Ford Fiesta veered across the carriageway and hit a Transil van.

The vehicles hit with such force that each spun around and veered on to the verge, hitting two men walking home from the festival. The car was embedded in the front of the van with sleeping bags and tennis strewn on the road.

Fire officers had to cut away the roof to recover the bodies. The victims were taken by ambulance to hospital in Bath. One of the injured pedestrians was airlifted to Frenchay Hospital in Bristol where he was critically ill.

Relatives left flowers along the embankment at the crash site yesterday. A note attached to one bouquet said: "Dear Dad, All our love, Colin, Sheila and family."

Blair angers Prescott again

BY JILL SHERMAN

TONY BLAIR'S attempt to reposition Labour as the party of "modern social democracy" was undermined yesterday when John Prescott pointedly refused to accept the term.

The Labour leader made a deliberate attempt in a series of interviews to redefine Labour as the new middle party positioned between a clapped-out Tory party and Old Labour. Mr Blair also disclosed that Labour would reveal its full tax plans after the November budget. He indicated that the top rate of tax would not be raised, even for the very rich, but left open that possibility in case the economic position changed this autumn. He also denied that he

intended to rule out a single currency in the next Parliament, making clear there had been no policy change.

During an interview on Sky's Sunday Programme half an hour later, Mr Prescott insisted: "I'm a democratic socialist... our party, our new constitution, fully endorsed at the conference, said that we were a democratic socialist party. I'm proud to call myself a democratic socialist who is concerned about the traditional values but putting them into a modern setting."

Leadership sources pointed to a newspaper interview. Peter Riddell, page 20. Leading article, and letters, page 21

It's opening time for oysters in the pub

By ROBIN YOUNG

OYSTERS, long seen as an acquired taste of the affluent gourmand, are to join pork scratchings, crisps and salted peanuts as a fast food for pub-goers.

As the oyster season gets under way today new freezing techniques have been unveiled in Ireland which herald a return to the popularity of the bivalve not seen since Victorian times. Cryogenic technology will enable landlords to serve oysters as swiftly as they pull a pint.

The latest technology leaves the creature frozen raw on its half-shell. Once thawed, the processors claim, the frozen oyster's fresh flavour is almost indistinguishable from the newly-opened animal eaten live.

The technique has been developed by Fastnet Mussels, a company based in Bantry Bay which has shown the product at a food and drink exhibition in Dublin. The oysters are harvested and purified in ultra-violet treated seawater. They can then be blanched if required, or processed raw. They are taken from chilled sea water, drained and blast frozen to minus 28C.

The most difficult part, says John Murphy of Fastnet Mussels, is opening the frozen oysters so they can be packed into cartons of 50 or 100 on the half-shell. "The trick is to find the correct application of pressure that will spring the shell," says Mr Murphy. "We are confident we have done it. We will be supplying caterers, pubs and restaurants later this year."

The availability of frozen and ready-opened oysters sold as a "free-flow" product, meaning cooks and caterers can take as many as they want from the pack while keeping the rest frozen, could mean that oysters quickly regain the popularity they had in Victorian times, when they were a staple diet for the poor.

"It means oysters can be served in pubs and brasseries where they do not have anyone trained in the skills of oyster opening," Mr Murphy said yesterday. "There will always be crusty old fogeys who insist on having oysters opened by hand but they will rapidly be outnumbered by the thousands who will be introduced to oysters for the first time."

Mr Murphy said that he defies anyone to tell the difference blindfold between a newly thawed frozen oyster and a recently opened fresh one. "Unless they do it by the gritty bits of shell they find in the latter, I am sure they will not be able to do it from the taste."

The Open University advertisement for secondary schools teaching through part-time study. Includes text: 'Qualify to teach in Secondary Schools through Part-time study' and a coupon to request a prospectus.

Subscription information for The Times newspaper, including rates for TV & Radio, Weather, and Crosswords.



THIS WEEK IN THE TIMES

TUESDAY

THE MAKING OF A MODERN MYTH

Part two of our series on the girl who became Jackie Onassis. PLUS: The Dobby Purves column

WEDNESDAY

FASHION

Honor Fraser models Marks & Spencer's autumn collection. PLUS: The Media pages

THURSDAY

FILMS

Sharon Stone and Isabelle Adjani star in Diabolique. PLUS: Dr Thomas Stuttford's medical briefing

FRIDAY

POP

David Sinclair on the new album from REM. PLUS: The Education pages

SATURDAY

MEN OF PRINCIPLES

The complete wardrobe for men in the Magazine. PLUS: Weekend, Car 96, 1015 for young Times readers and Vision, the 7-day TV and radio guide

EVERY DAY THIS WEEK: YOUR CHANCE TO WIN A RELAIS & CHATEAUX BREAK

£1m man backs Labour to ban hunting

BY MICHAEL HORNSBY AGRICULTURE CORRESPONDENT

THE Political Animal Lobby, which has donated £1 million to the Labour Party, is the creation of Brian Davies, an energetic Welshman who lives in America. A white-bearded figure in his early sixties, he is better known as the head of the International Fund for Animal Welfare, which he founded in 1967 in Canada to campaign against the commercial hunting of baby seals.

An animal rights group has donated £1 million to the Labour Party. However, hunting supporters believe the move will make it politically more difficult for the party to ban field sports.

IFAW has grown into one of the wealthiest animal welfare pressure groups in the world, with 1.4 million supporters who regularly donate money. It has its headquarters in Cape Cod, Massachusetts. There is a British branch at Crowborough, East Sussex. Last year, according to IFAW sources, the non-profit-making organisation pulled in about £20 million worldwide donations.

IFAW's crusade, Mr Davies set up the Political Animal Lobby in Britain in 1990 as a limited liability company to lobby and channel funds to those political parties deemed most likely in further the anti-hunting and animal welfare cause. The group, which claims 50,000 supporters in Britain and insists that it is independent of IFAW, has donated money to all the main political parties. Before the latest donation, it had given £365,950 to Labour, £117,578 to the Conservatives, £70,105 to the Liberal Democrats and £54,262 to other groups.

Mr Davies, who is trustee of PAL, said that the large donation to Labour was justified by the party's manifesto commitment to allow a free vote in the Commons on a motion to ban hunting with hounds. "After careful analysis of responses and positions, it was determined that Labour, at the moment, offers the best across-the-board deal for animals." He added: "Naturally we would consider making a similar donation to the Conservative Party if it adopted an equally robust position against hunting with hounds."

Mr Blair denied strenuously that the £1m donation would have any impact on the party's policy on fox-hunting. As Labour published a list of donors who had given the party more than £5,000, he made clear that existing and long-established policy to give MPs a free vote in the Commons on fox-hunting remained. Interviewed on BBC's Breakfast with Frost, Mr Blair emphasised that donations did not buy influence with the party. "To anyone who has given funding we made clear, and we made it absolutely clear to the animal welfare people, that we don't change an iota or a jot of policy."

Howard's 'name and shame' plan for young

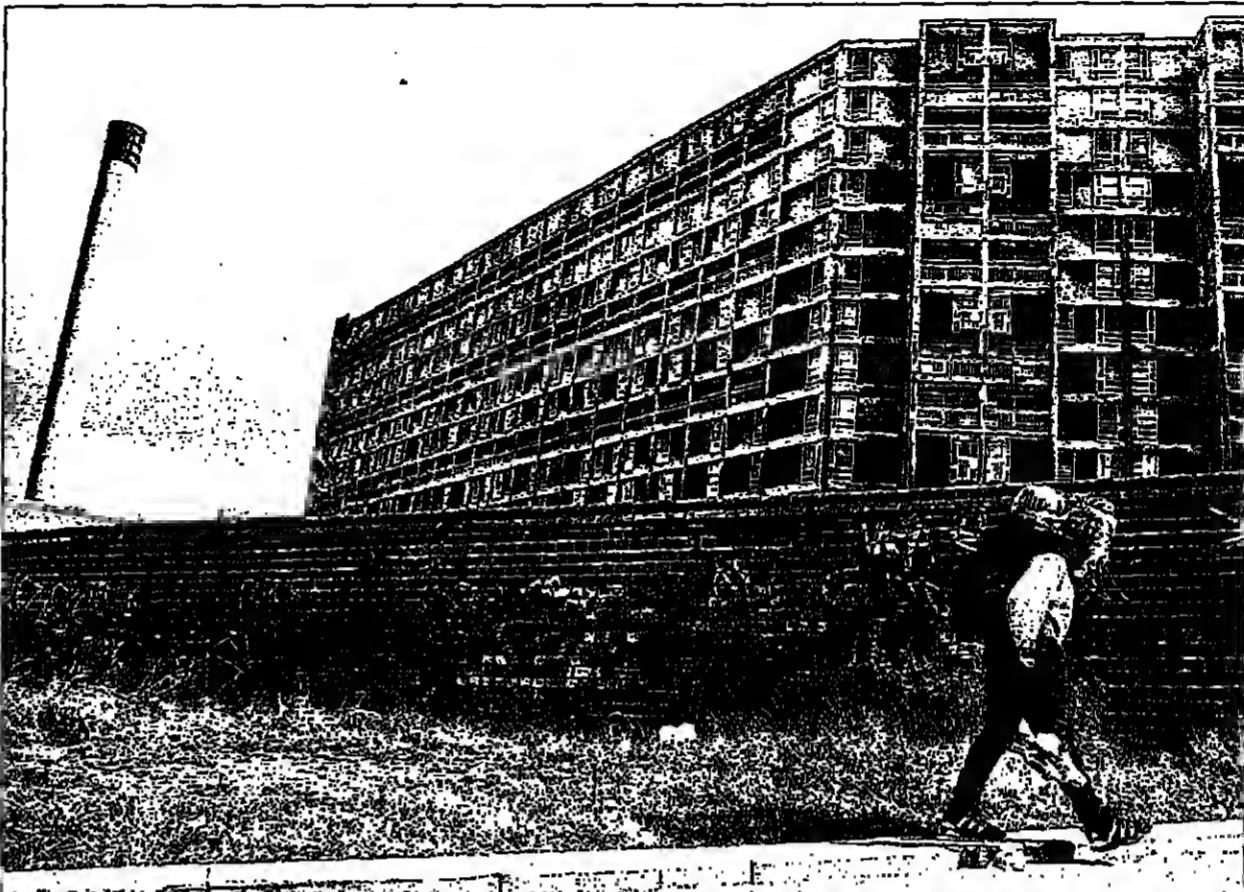
BY RICHARD FORD HOME CORRESPONDENT

TEENAGE offenders will be named in court under plans being prepared by Michael Howard to shame them and their parents. The move challenges the legal principle that the identity of juveniles should be kept secret.

The Home Secretary wants to name persistent offenders convicted of serious offences, including burglary and car crime. He is preparing to unveil his latest initiative in his speech to the Conservative Party conference next month. The plan is being considered as a left-of-centre think tank urges new forms of community punishment today, including "latter-day stocks" for burglars. A report by Demos suggests that persistent car thieves should work as lollipop men and women, and thieves as charity collectors in town centres.

Politicians are concerned that there is no longer a social stigma attached to court appearances for serious crimes. Last night Conservative sources said that discussion was still taking place on whether the anonymity rule would be scrapped for juveniles aged ten and over, or whether any change would be applied only for offenders beyond the age of 14.

Labour has already proposed giving youth courts the power to name offenders aged 16 and over. Jack Straw, the Shadow Home Secretary, said: "If you talk to offenders and their families, then it is the possibility of public knowledge that can change their behaviour. We have to get people to realise the appalling consequences of their disorder."



The Park Hill Estate in Sheffield, one of the postwar housing blocks that English Heritage wanted listed

Plan to list highrise 'blot' falls flat

BY MARCUS BINNEY AND PAUL WILKINSON

WHAT many regard as some of the greatest excrecences of the postwar housing boom could become historic listed buildings under plans to be launched by English Heritage today.

Nineteen examples of council housing schemes and early high-rise flats from the 1950s and 1960s, led by the huge "streets in the sky" concrete wall of the Park Hill Estate in Sheffield, are being recommended for listing as outstanding examples of their period.

The others include the Gilbert and Sullivan blocks on the Churchill Gardens Estate on the Thames, a 30-storey Brutalist block in Kensington by the architect Erno Goldfinger, and Le Corbusier-style towers built by London County Council in the 1950s overlooking

Richmond Park. The architectural critic Roderick Graddidge said yesterday: "Some of the lower blocks proposed for listing these days are uninhabitable. It's a return to Communism, saying to people: 'You will live in these places because we told you they're good for you.'"

Many of Park Hill's 2,000 tenants were incredulous. Reg Balderson, 75, chairman of the Park Hill Tenants Association, said: "Nobody can tell me these buildings look nice. They are just a blot on the landscape. I would like the architect who built them to live underneath one of the walkways. With all the noise it's like living under a railway bridge. When I heard of this listed status idea I thought it was a joke. I still do."

Gavin Stamp, chairman of the Twentieth-Century Society, says: "It is right that a small number of the best and most significant examples of high rise housing should be listed. Problems have arisen because these places were not properly looked after."

Martin Cherry, head of listing at English Heritage, vigorously defends the recommendation of the Park Hill estate. "Problems have arisen because so many people locally are convinced it will be demolished. No one wants to put their name down to live there. But the estate represents such a massive investment, it can't just be bulldozed. We found the council quite supportive of listing because it will send out a clear signal that the estate will stay."

The recommendations will be subject to wide consultation. The Department of National Heritage states that listing is only a marker and does not mean a building must be preserved in perpetuity. Some 3,000 leaflets have already been sent to Park Hill residents.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Post strike goes ahead in spite of Blair call

Postal workers are staging another strike today, after union leaders refused to hold a fresh ballot on pay and conditions, despite a public intervention by Tony Blair. The Labour leader said on BBC's Breakfast with Frost programme: "The union negotiators have got a pretty good deal on the table. I'm sure that if they are going to proceed, they will want to do so with the consent of their members."

The Royal Mail's managing director Richard Dykes described the decision not to hold a ballot as "disgraceful". Leaders of the Communication Workers Union meet tomorrow to decide their next move. Further strikes would trigger a three-month suspension of the Royal Mail's monopoly on delivering letters.

Spectators hurt at rugby match

Several people were taken to hospital after a number of barriers collapsed during the Keighley Cougars' Divisional Premiership semi-final tie against Hull at Cougar Park. Police made several arrests during the rugby league match, which was marred by crowd trouble, including a pitch invasion. There were chaotic scenes when Hull fans forced barriers to collapse 24 minutes into the game. Play resumed later.

Match report, page 26

Ban smoking on planes, says BMA

The British Medical Association joined an international call yesterday to ban smoking on all aircraft using European airports. The association has written to all British airlines. "There is no such thing as a smoke-free area on any aircraft where even one passenger is smoking, as the air is recycled," Dr Sandy Macara, BMA chairman, said. The ban is being sought by the European Forum of Medical Associations with the World Health Organisation.

Paedophile recaptured

A convicted paedophile who escaped during a day trip to a theme park has been recaptured - after he was spotted in a newsagent's shop reading headlines about himself. Trevor Holland, 52, absconded from a public house close to Chessington World of Adventure in Surrey on Saturday. He was seen on Thursday by members of the public in a shopping centre in Worthing, West Sussex. He is now back the Eric Sheppard Unit in Herefordshire.

Tories look again to 'demon eyes'

BY ALICE THOMSON

THE Conservatives are this week to continue the "demon eyes" theme for their anti-Labour campaign despite last week's criticism from the Advertising Standards Authority.

The menacing eyes will appear on 500 poster sites, although Tony Blair's face will no longer be depicted. "Everyone knows it is Tony Blair now so we don't need to bother with his face," an aide said yesterday.

More than 150 people, including the Bishop of Oxford, complained to the ASA about last month's "demon eyes" advertisement in newspapers which super-imposed red, glowing eyes on a photograph of the Labour leader. The ASA told the Tories to drop the advertisements, saying they had portrayed Mr Blair as "sinister and dishonest" and should have asked his permission before using the photograph. The party says it will be doing nothing wrong now any obvious visual reference to him has been dropped for the "New Labour, New Taxes" campaign.

Conservative Central Office said last night: "The campaign has been such a success, we don't want to jettison it now. Everyone knows that politics is a robust business. Labour should stop squealing like stuck pigs."

Politicians dance on the pinhead of party names

BY ALICE THOMSON, POLITICAL REPORTER

TONY BLAIR now wants to be called a Modern Social Democrat. His deputy John Prescott insists he is a Democratic Socialist and Paddy Ashdown is known as a Liberal Democratic Socialist. On where they all differ no one could quite agree.

The term "social democracy" has been used over the past 150 years by parties across the world, from Marxists to Communists to the far Right, with Stalin eventually denouncing it as the moderate wing of fascism.

It reached its apogee in Britain with the centrist Social Democratic Party splintering from Labour in the early 1980s.

The Australian commentator Russell Prowse once said: "The term Democratic Social-

ism makes as much sense as pregnant virginity." Mr Blair said yesterday that it was not just a question of names. He wanted "to apply the traditional values of social democratic parties in Britain and other countries to today's world."

But left-wing Labour backbenchers were furious with the new tag. "The Social Democrats were the right-wing traitors who deserted our party," one said.

Mr Prescott also refused the label Social Democrat, but said he was proud to be a Democratic Socialist. "My party, and our new constitution, fully endorsed at the conference, said we were a democratic socialist party," he added. Democratic Socialists were "concerned about the

traditional values, but putting them into a modern setting." Brewer's Politics Dictionary describes "democratic socialism" as the ethos of the Labour party and of most European socialist parties since the Second World War. The term emphasises a contrast with the centralist nature of Communism and with social democracy, which lacks the cutting edge of a concrete ideology.

Lord Rodgers of Quarry Bank, one of the Gang of Four who formed the SDP, yesterday said: "I am definitely a Social Democrat rather than a Democratic Socialist. It may be angels dancing round a pinhead, but it is just a gut feeling. Social Democrats sound more centrist. Blair's new Labour party is in many ways completely indistinguishable from us. We just nicked the name first."

The Tories were more blunt. One aide said: "There is no serious ideological distinction between the two titles. They both want greater equality. But Old Labour likes democratic socialism because it stresses that they are socialist, something Tony Blair is trying to make middle England forget. He prefers the word Democrats because they sound less extreme and more American."

So where does that leave the Liberal Democrat Socialists? Sir David Steel, the former Liberal leader and Liberal Democrat MP, said yesterday: "Labels are usually pretty meaningless and not worth squabbling over. Tony Blair is just trying to shed Labour of its past titles and ideology, but he is in danger of throwing out the baby with the bathwater."

Cheryl Gillan, the Minister

Major puts women higher on agenda

BY VALERIE ELLIOTT, WHITEHALL EDITOR

MOVES to promote women and galvanise the women's vote in the run-up to the next election have been signalled by John Major.

He is concerned that the needs of women should be taken into account by ministers and government departments and has expressed concern about the small number of high-profile Tory women and a fear that the party is losing support among women under 35, the focus will be women. Ministers were advised three years ago routinely to ask civil servants for assessments on how a particular policy might affect women, but many considered the instructions smacked of political correctness and it was not seen as a high priority.

With recent changes in the law and the impetus given by last year's UN world conference on women, senior ministers decided on action. The assessments are described in official jargon as gender impact statements or mainstreaming.

Cheryl Gillan, the Minister

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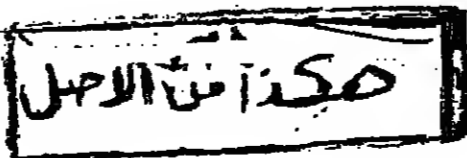
Prescott distances himself from Blair

Continued from page 1 In which Mr Blair had said that the two phrases were interchangeable. Asked by The Sunday Times whether he believed he was a social democrat, Mr Blair said: "Sure, I would describe myself as a democratic socialist too. My belief is that those are interchangeable terms."

Earlier this summer he made clear that he was unhappy about spin doctors briefing on policy and insisted that campaigning should be based on substance rather than soundbites.

Mr Blair's decision to underline Labour's move to the centre follows a series of strategy meetings. Yesterday he made clear that he would not be deflected from his ambition to modernise the party. "My passionate belief, the conviction that drives me in politics, is that we shouldn't have to choose between this type of Conservatism and switching the clock back under Labour. There is a different, a new way forward."

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# Freed drug dealers had helped to send heroin gang to jail

By RICHARD FORD AND MICHAEL HORSNELL

TWO drug dealers who were released by the Home Secretary after serving 11 months of an 18-year sentence were "supergrasses" who helped to trap a heroin gang, it emerged yesterday.

Judge David Lynch jailed John Haase, 46, and Paul Bennett, 32, at the same time as six other accomplices at Liverpool Crown Court in August 1995, so that others in the smuggling ring would not suspect their operations had been compromised.

The judge then wrote privately to the Home Secretary, Michael Howard, requesting that they serve the equivalent of only five-year sentences. Both men had served two years on remand. Prisoners sentenced to more than four years are eligible for parole after the halfway stage. Mr Howard exercised the Royal Prerogative to release them.

Mr Howard said yesterday: "This was a wholly exceptional case in which I acted at the specific request of the trial judge. He asked me to take the necessary action to, in effect, make the sentence a five-year sentence."

At the time of the trial, secrecy was felt to be necessary to protect the two men and to safeguard Customs and police operations against drug smugglers in England and Turkey. A senior source said: "The men have given extraordinary information."

The story broke over the weekend after the two were seen back in their old haunts in Liverpool. Last night they were in hiding again.

Both men were involved in a £15 million syndicate. They

were among eight convicted at the end of Operation Floor, a year-long Customs investigation in which 87 kilos of heroin was seized. Yilmaz Kaya, a Turk, got 20 years; Suleyman Ergen and Bulent Onay 14 years; Mehmet Ansen 8 years; Manuk Ozer 4 years and Edward Croker 14 years.

The supergrasses were secretly released in July. Last night it was unclear whether they had been given new identities. Their return to Liverpool was not a surprise, as few supergrasses have the ability to carve out a new existence away from family, old friends and old haunts.

Bennett initially returned to his family's semi-detached home in Norris Green, Liverpool. The house is surrounded by security gadgets. A spotlight and closed-circuit TV camera are trained on callers.

Neighbours were stunned by his return. One man, who declined to give his name, said: "I couldn't believe it. I knew he had been sent down for 18 years then he turned up

after a year. I thought he must have escaped or something. I think it is a disgrace that he has been let free."

Bennett's house is the image of respectability. On the front window sill stands a neat row of porcelain figurines alongside pictures of the children. The upstairs bedroom, curtains were drawn yesterday and there was no sign of Bennett or his family.

No-one was at home either in the small, end-terrace house where John Haase stayed until 1994. It is now owned by an elderly woman. Haase has a previous conviction for armed robbery. His former neighbours in the cul-de-sac had no idea where he was living now.

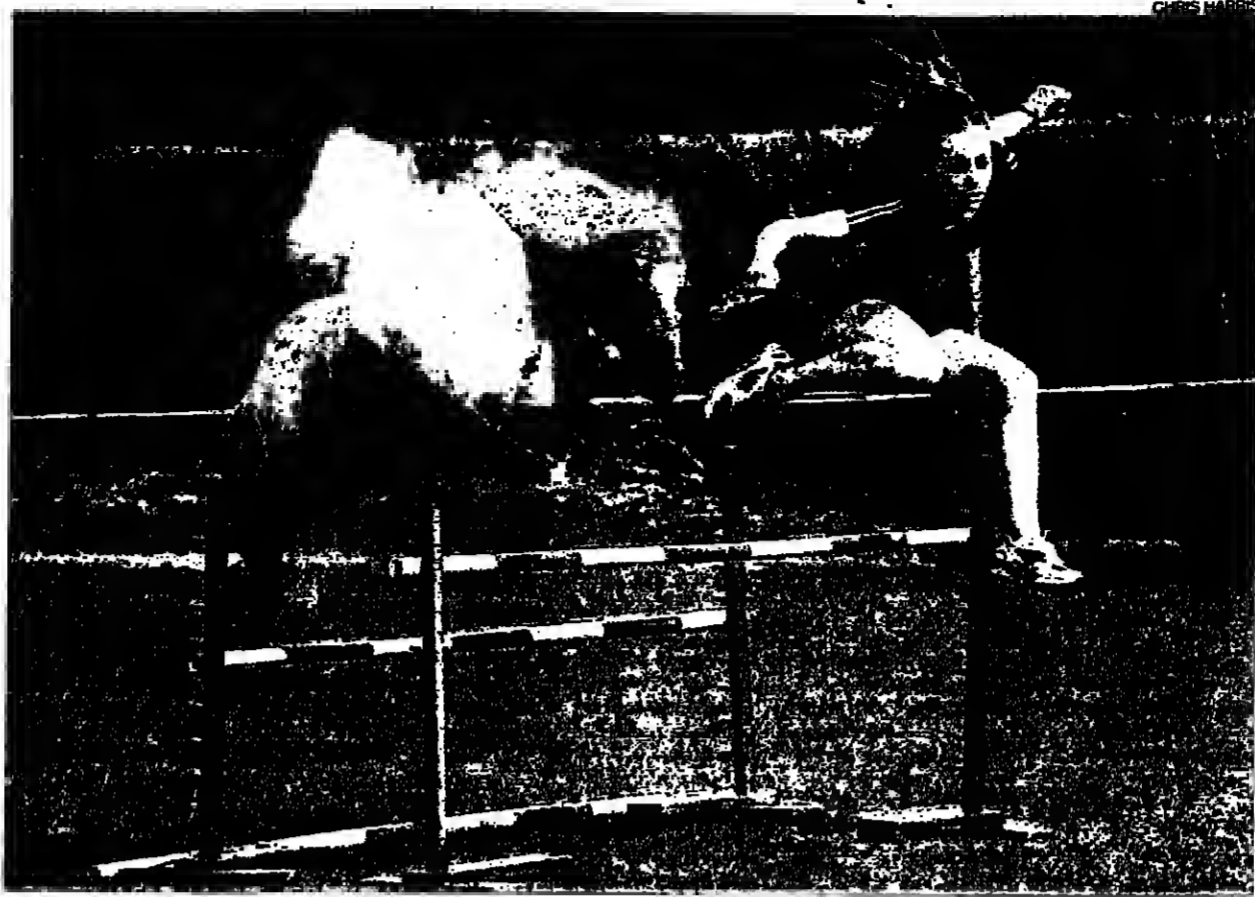
Eddie Loyden, Labour MP for Liverpool Garston, said their release would undermine police attempts to tackle the city's drug problem. He said: "This city has been stricken with a major heroin problem over the years. There has been a lot of pressure on the police to do something about the problem and recently attempts have been made to do so. But this sort of thing simply undermines the entire efforts of the police to tackle the issue."

One legal source said: "It doesn't matter whether they have given information about deals going on abroad or at home."

"I am sure their lives will be under threat now everyone knows why they were released early. My advice to them would be to vanish from the face of the earth. There will be some pretty angry people out to get them."



Bennett pictured since his release



Tall order: Paula Hendrickson, 16, jumps with 30in-high Nijinsky at the British Miniature Horse Society show

## Little ponies size up their big day

By LIN JENKINS

A TINY pony gained a big reputation yesterday when it was officially declared to be the smallest horse in Britain.

Countess Natushka, a four-year-old skewbald toy horse, measured six hands three inches (27in), just half an inch less than its closest competitor, to take the title at the British Miniature Horse Society's annual show at Billingshurst, Kent. The Guinness Book of Records believes it could be the smallest horse in the world.

The contest was initiated after it was found that the previous record holder, an American horse, had not been fully grown when measured. Yesterday's contestants had to be aged four or



A farm cat gets the measure of Countess Natushka

over. Max Hughes, a senior referee with the British Horse Society's joint measurement board, carried out the measuring. "My normal

measuring stick starts at ten hands. For this I have had to use a special measuring stick and get down on my knees." The winner, bred from

British native ponies, mostly the Shetland and Welsh mountain breeds, surprised those who thought that a Falabella — bred in Argentina from small stallions bred by Pampas Indians — would clinch the title.

Tikki Adorian, who bred the winner, said: "Miniature horses can be any breed. They vary from the ruly-poly Thelwell Shetland type to the finer Falabellas. They come from every conceivable blood line."

Graham Smith, whose three-year-old toy horse Alpine Skier won the geldings class, said that they were like normal horses — except that his enjoyed "a cup of tea and a custard cream as a treat. But it has to be a china cop or be tossed it away."

## Tribunal rules in favour of teacher

By JOHN SHAW

A TEACHER at Britain's oldest independent Roman Catholic school for girls has won her case for unfair dismissal.

An industrial tribunal had been told that Jennifer Trevisan, 50, was dismissed in April 1995 from New Hall, Chelmsford, Essex, after tensions between her and Sister Margaret Mary, the headmistress, a nun from the Convent of the Holy Sepulchre of Our Lord in Jerusalem. Mrs Trevisan had been diagnosed with reactive depression caused by overwork in November 1993. After her return to the school in July 1994, she said, the pressure increased when she was told to teach German as well as French.

Mrs Trevisan described her final appeal to the school governors as "a kangaroo court at which Sister Margaret Mary was the principal witness". The school denied that Mrs Trevisan, a staff member for 22 years, had been a target, and said redundancy procedures had been applied fairly.

At the time, the school had falling rolls and the governors decided the language faculty was over-staffed. Sister Margaret Mary was said to seek economies but the tribunal said it was not vital that redundancies were required in the academic year 1994-95.

Sister Margaret Mary asked for volunteers for redundancy in November 1994. The tribunal was concerned about certain procedural matters and was "in no doubt that the selection criteria were neither objective nor fairly applied".

A hearing will assess compensation. Mrs Trevisan said yesterday at her home that she was delighted by the outcome. There was a new headmistress at the school, she said, and she would ask for her old job back.

## Customs celebrates £40m south coast haul

By A STAFF REPORTER

DRUGS with a street value of £40 million were seized last year along the south coast of England, according to today's first annual report of the new Customs southern region.

The success should sound a warning to drug smugglers that Customs are not a soft touch, said spokesman Bob Gaiger, who added that officers were "definitely making a dent" in the illegal trade.

The huge haul from yachts and ferry ports was three times the target figure for the region, said the report. The region's coastline, from Newhaven, Sussex, to the Isles of Scilly, west of Land's End, was of "paramount importance" in the battle against drug smuggling, said Customs Collector Chris Packman.

The new area, formed by merging Southampton and part of the South West regions, had resulted in a more effective and successful Customs operation, added Mr Gaiger.

Customs intelligence operations contributed to 37 drugs seizures nationally and internationally with a total street value of more than £33 million. In addition, Customs made 269 seizures in relation to indecent or obscene material, restricted imports and exports, and endangered species, said the report.

Smuggled excise goods with a duty and VAT value of £576,134 were seized, beating the target by more than £250,000. Forty vehicles used in excise smuggling were seized.

## Gay couple's surrogate baby prompts calls to halt 'distasteful trade'

By SHIRLEY ENGLISH

CHURCH leaders and politicians called last night for tighter international laws to halt a "distasteful trade in human life" after two homosexual Edinburgh men paid an American woman a large sum to have a child on their behalf.

Sarah Clare Zachs Adam was born in New York to a surrogate mother six weeks ago and brought to Scotland by her donor father, William Zachs, and his partner, Martin Adam. Yesterday the men, both in their 30s, were in hiding as reporters and photographers gathered outside their home in central Edinburgh, where they have lived for seven years.

News of the arrangement was greeted by protests from church leaders and some politicians, who urged social workers to investigate and questioned the ethics of a culture which treated children as commodities.

Surrogacy is not illegal in Britain or the United States, but in Britain there is a £7,000 to £10,000 limit on what women can be paid. The money must cover expenses alone and the restriction aims to discourage the practice.

Sarah's birth was announced in cards to friends, who were told that a woman in the United States had been paid to be artificially inseminated with Mr Zachs's sperm and to carry the child. It is not yet clear how much money changed hands. No laws

appear to have been broken. Mr Zachs, said to be an American citizen, and Mr Adam had been planning a family for some time. They were described by friends as "an inseparable couple in a stable relationship".

A Home Office spokesman said that the child would probably have been brought to Britain under her father's passport. She would be classed as a dependent and, as such, would more than likely have access to health and social care. Leslie McEwan, head of Edinburgh City Council's social work department, promised an investigation.

The Church of Scotland called the arrangement "an absurdity". A church report on fertility treatment, *Pre-Conceived Ideas*, published last week, opposed surrogacy for all and IVF for same-sex couples. It stated that heterosexual marriage was the only correct context in which to rear children.

The Rev Bill Wallace, convener of the Church of Scotland's Board of Social Responsibility, accused the couple of placing homosexual rights above the child's "basic right" to have a normal upbringing in a stable, loving, heterosexual home. He added: "I certainly think the laws should be looked at. In cases like this, there should be some supervision by social workers, as there is with fostering or adoption."

Father Danny McLoughlin,

spokesman for the Catholic Church in Scotland, called the situation "abnormal" and added his voice to calls for an investigation. "Something has to be done about this distasteful trade in human life. It gives the impression that a child is some sort of commodity that can be exchanged on the international market."

Homosexual rights campaigners said that Church leaders were trying to take families back to a never-never land. Dominic d'Angelo, editor of *Gay Scotland*, said: "The important thing here is the quality of the relationship between the two men. If that is stable, there should be no problem." The homosexual rights campaigner Peter Tatchell said that more than 2,000 lesbian and homosexual couples in Britain had probably had surrogate children.

Three months ago it emerged that a two-year-old boy was being raised by a lesbian couple and a homosexual couple in Gourcock. He was conceived when one of the women artificially inseminated herself with one of the men's sperm. The child divides his week between the two sets of parents.

Sir Michael Hirst, chairman of the Scottish Conservative Party and a Kirk elder, said: "I don't know all the circumstances of this current case, but from a personal point of view, if the child is being brought up in a stable, loving home, then it is fine."

## Neighbours' wails make piper emigrate

By A STAFF REPORTER

A SCOTTISH piper is emigrating to America after complaints from his neighbours about noise pollution.

Gary Stronach, one of only 25 professional bagpipe teachers in Scotland, has agreed to give lessons at a university in Virginia after his council warned him about practising at home. He plays for

four hours a day to keep his place as one of Scotland's best pipers.

However, his neighbours in Perth say the noise can be heard up to half a mile away. Two residents complained to Perth and Kinross Council and now Mr Stronach has decided to quit Scotland.

"I don't think it is the volume of noise that is the problem but the amount of time I practise," he said. "Anyone who plays

the pipes will tell you how hard they are to play. I am annoyed that they should call it noise pollution, especially in Scotland."

The Americans have already granted him his Green Card because they regard him as an "exceptional ethnic musician".

Perth and Kinross Council said: "There are no set rules as to what constitutes noise pollution — there is no difference between bagpipes and a ghetto-blasters."

## Carnaby Street goes out of style

By JOE JOSEPH

THE company that owns Carnaby Street has decided to wash its hands of the area that became the centre of the Swinging Sixties.

Wereldhave, a Dutch property group, is hoping to get as much as £75 million for the freehold of the Carnaby Estate, roughly the valuation made by its former owner, Peachey Property.

The estate embraces three acres of what — 30 years ago — were some of the trendiest shops not just in London but the world. John Stephen's men's boutiques in the area single-handedly triggered the rebirth of the male dandy and made it acceptable for men to wear pink frilly shirts and crushed velvet jackets.

Stephen, whose first customers included Frankie Vaughan and Cliff Richard,



Trouser suits in Carnaby Street's Sixties heyday

also gave the world the hipster. Until Stephen came along with his first shop in 1959, the only vendor of flamboyant menswear in the area was an outfitter called

Vince, which was frequented mostly by homosexuals — "the only place," as George Melly recalled, "where they measure your inside leg each time you buy a tie".

But today the street can no longer be regarded as the natural home of the Kinks' *Dedicated Follower of Fashion* unless, of course, he is dedicated to the tackiest souvenirs, 45p postcards or some aspirin from Boots. How sedate exactly has Carnaby Street become? So sedate that it has a Pringle sweater shop.

But the area's dreary, drab mood does not stop flocks of tourists, carrying out-of-date guide books, from strolling up and down the now pedestrianised street. They look just as dazed and disoriented as visitors in Carnaby Street must have looked 30 years ago — only today they cannot blame drugs for their

sense of bewilderment. The key statistics about Carnaby Street in 1996 are not the width of the flares, the length of the tab collars or the weight of the mohair, but the £5.8 million a year rental income from the estate's warren of shops, offices and studios.

Typical of Carnaby Street's new regulars are Monique and Adrien Gourlet, a retired couple from Paris who thought they might find some fashionable knick-knacks for their grandchildren, but settled for garish London T-shirts instead. "It's pleasant enough," Mme Gourlet said. "There are young people, no cars, you don't have to dress up. You can just amble around as you please."

"In Paris we have similar sorts of areas, but they are much more crowded, much livelier, and more chic."



Walkouts threatened in two schools as union is accused of using disruptive pupils as political pawns

# Governors attack teachers over expulsion strikes

By DAVID CHARTER  
EDUCATION CORRESPONDENT

PROBLEM pupils are being used as pawns in a campaign by teachers for more power to ban children, school governors claimed yesterday.

The National Association of Schoolmasters and Union of Women Teachers is expected to make last-ditch attempts today to avert strikes over unruly pupils at two schools. Governors at Manton Junior School in Worksop, Nottinghamshire, will attempt to stop union members walking out if ten-year-old Matthew Wilson returns to the school tomorrow. Teachers say that he picked on other pupils and was seen at the gates with a baseball bat. A further 31 union members at The Ridings School in Overden, near Halifax, who make up more than half the staff, said they would strike from Thursday if told to teach 13-year-old Sarah Taylor. Governors supported her expulsion for pushing a teacher, but she was



Matthew Wilson: staff say he is too violent

reinstated by an appeal committee.

Manton Junior School governors, who twice refused to back their headteacher and expel Matthew Wilson, said yesterday that they would not give in to the strike threat. Seven of the nine teachers are in the NASUWT.

Caroline Morrison, a parent-governor with two sons at the school, said: "This is not about Matthew. He is being

used by the unions because unruly pupils are big news at the moment. The unions would like to see sin-bins — units for disruptive pupils — all over the country, and this is one way of pressuring the Government to provide them. If they can whip up enough support about a ten-year-old boy disrupting lessons, perhaps the units will appear." She said it was the teachers' duty to give the boy a second chance.

Gillian Shephard, the Education Secretary, told the NASUWT conference in April that she was preparing legislation this autumn to strengthen disciplinary measures available to teachers. Manton Junior governors feel they are being used in a campaign to influence these measures.

Nigel de Gruchy, the union's general secretary, said in May that he wanted more pupil referral units, known as sin-bins because they take the most unruly children. Yesterday he said: "Our purpose is not to get

publicity. Our purpose is to help members in schools protect themselves from physical violence."

It is not the first time the charge of exploitation has been levelled against the union. Terry Buckler, a regional official of the National Union of Teachers, accused the NASUWT of seeking media exposure of a similar case in South Tyneside in May in order to recruit more members. Mr Buckler said: "We have handled far more cases of this type than the NASUWT. We handle them very differently and we resolve them to the satisfaction of all concerned without the aggravation that there appears to be in this case."

A high-profile dispute in April concerned the Wilding family. Union members threatened to strike rather than teach Richard Wilding, a 15-year-old who terrorised classmates at Glaisdale School in Nottingham. A last-minute deal ensured that the boy attended a special unit.



THE HEAD TEACHER

BILL SKELLEY has used his power of expulsion sparingly, but was adamant that Matthew Wilson behaved so badly on his seven-day return from his second ban. Mr Skelley would not comment directly but Tony Woodward, his NUT regional official, spoke for him.

"There were very good reasons why those decisions were made and we were very much disappointed and dismayed by the refusal of the governors to support them," he said. "Behind the decisions was a caring attitude in the sense of caring for the well-being of the rest of the pupils and the staff and the individual pupil. Staff tried to provide support for the pupil, but there were a number of incidents involving other pupils and occasions when the pupil lost control."



THE MOTHER

PAMELA CLIFFE agreed that Matthew was not a model pupil, describing him as a lovable rogue, and has called the teachers' strike vote pathetic. As far as she is concerned, it is Matthew who is being picked upon by adults who should be helping them both.

"He is a boy like all boys. He isn't a bully. He certainly isn't an angel, but he is not like the teachers are saying," she said. Her son has endured several traumas, such as the separation of his parents, untimely death of a family friend in a motorcycle accident.

Ms Cliffe said: "Matthew and I need help and support. I hope the problems can be solved." Matthew himself wants to return. "It is where all my friends are," he said. "I'm going back on Thursday."

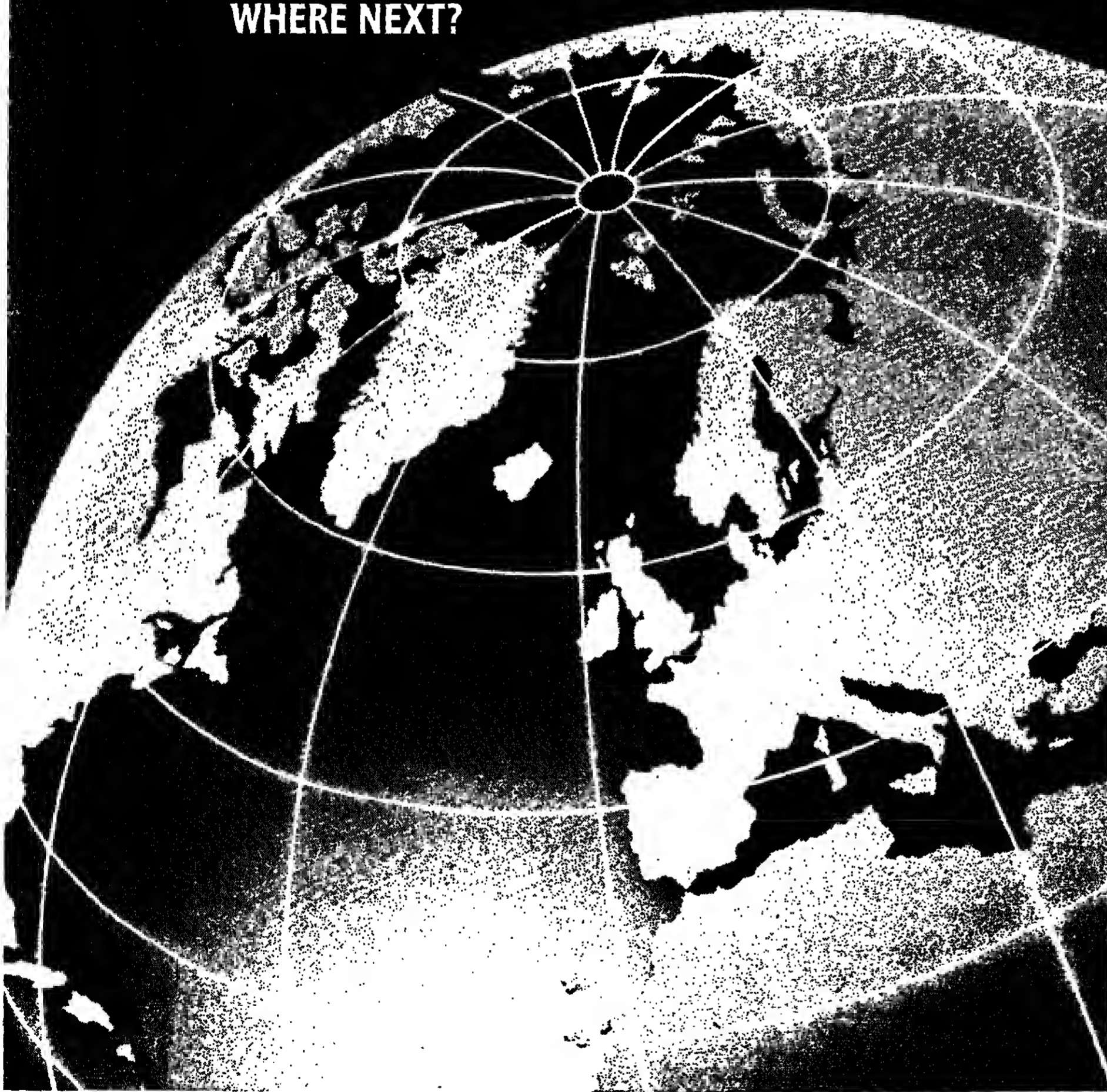


THE GOVERNOR

EILEEN BENNETT feels the governing body she chairs has been portrayed wrongly as out of touch with the problems faced by her school. Mrs Bennett, who lives near Manton Junior, believes she has the community's best interests at heart.

"They are a one-parent family. They live in difficult circumstances. I will not see that kid beaten into the ground and the only way they will shut me up is to lock me up," she said. "I know the teachers have got a difficult job, but I don't think he has been given a fair crack of the whip. We are being used and manipulated. That boy is by-the-by in all this. It is unions versus Government. There has not been one incident when the police were called and there is not one recording of a teacher being injured."

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## Labour warns of teacher shortage

By DAVID CHARTER  
EDUCATION CORRESPONDENT

A SHORTAGE of primary teachers was forecast by Labour yesterday after it disclosed that next year 5,000 fewer trainees would be taken on than in 1993.

David Blunkett, the Shadow Education Secretary, said that recruitment targets seemed to take no account of rising numbers of primary school pupils or the planned expansion of nursery education.

The Department for Education and Employment said that teacher vacancies were at a low level and schools were having no difficulty recruiting staff. A spokesman said that there was no teacher shortage.

Mr Blunkett said parliamentary written answers showed that recruitment for primary teacher training had declined over the past three years from 16,658 to 13,601. The target for 1996-97 was 11,500. He said that, even without the nursery expansion, the school-age population was due to rise by 3.5 per cent over the next five years.

He said: "No wonder the Government has allowed the voucher scheme to operate without a qualified teacher being in charge of designated nursery education provision."

The Teacher Training Agency has acknowledged the need for recruitment rates to rise by the end of the decade to take account of rising pupil numbers and early retirements.

## Minorities put off by 'too white' universities

By OUR EDUCATION CORRESPONDENT

THE "white" image of traditional universities is putting off talented black and Asian students and damaging their long-term job prospects, a report published today says.

Ethnic-minority students prefer to study closer to home than travel to more highly regarded universities, where they feel under pressure to "act white". The report, by the Institute of Employment Studies, said black students were further disadvantaged by the way some employers chose recruits from top universities.

Two years after leaving university, ethnic-minority graduates were more likely to be unemployed and feel undervalued in their jobs than their white peers. However, the report showed ethnic-minority students resident in Britain made up 12 per cent of university students, compared with 6 per cent of the general population. They are mainly grouped at large, former polytechnics, particularly in the capital, where the University of East London has almost 50 per cent non-white students.

Ivana La Valle, co-author of the report, said: "There is a class and cultural difference at old universities... Many have told us they feel under pressure to 'act white' as they put it." Asian girls who wore traditional dresses felt uneasy and some students felt isolated by a rugby club culture.



## Hidden danger of a grapefruit cocktail

THERE were press stories during the war that Churchill insisted on starting his day with fruit juice. It was said that the Prime Minister's juice had to be thinned rather than fresh.

At the time this eclectic taste was represented as a harmless and rather inviable eccentricity, the only problem was that oranges and grapefruit were then in short supply.

Nowadays it seems that linking grapefruit juice can be hazardous for those who — as Mr Churchill had — have high blood pressure or other cardiovascular problems. If they are also taking calcium channel blockers, drugs prescribed to treat hypertension and angina.

The Medicines Control Agency, the government body that supervises the safety of drugs, has recently confirmed reports that grapefruit juice, when taken with some calcium channel blockers including the best known one, Adalat nifedipine, can facilitate the absorption of the drug to a potentially harmful level if it floods the patient's tissues. The company which manufactures Adalat already includes a warning that in a very few cases grapefruit juice can cause adverse symptoms. They include collapse or a

worsening of the chest pain by bringing on angina.

Martindales, the standard British pharmacopoeia, reports that in patients with high blood pressure, grapefruit juice was found to increase the bio-availability of nifedipine by 234 per cent. Even in healthy individuals the action of these drugs was enhanced by 130 per cent.

Those effects of nifedipine were first described in 1984, but experts differ as to the reason for them. Some insist that it is the flavonoids in the grapefruit that are responsible, others that it is the sesquiterpene compounds. The good news is that in the past 16 years repeated experiments have shown that orange juice has no effect on absorption and that a latter-day Prime Minister with high blood pressure could take nifedipine provided that he had orange rather than grapefruit for breakfast.

It was recently reported in America that the pharmacology of at least 13 other drugs is altered by grapefruit juice. But in the main if these drugs cause disaster it would be as a result of indirect rather than direct action.

DR THOMAS  
STUTTAFFORD

سكوتيا للأعمال



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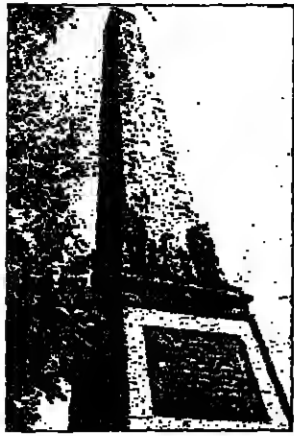
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# Time to save Cleopatra's Needle from London?



Needle was once rosy red

By BILL FROST

**WORK** begins this week on assessing structural and pollution damage to Cleopatra's Needle as fears grow that one of London's best-known but perhaps least appreciated landmarks is in jeopardy.

Pressure is growing for it to be moved from its exposed position by the Thames, alongside the busy and fume-choked Embankment, to a place of safety, such as the British Museum. Over the weekend, engineers from Westminster City Council delicately scraped samples from the 3,500-year-old obelisk.

**London's 3,500-year-old landmark may be succumbing to 20th-century pollution. Tests will show whether it has to be moved to a sanctuary such as the British Museum**

which was once rosy red but is now a grubby grey. After analysis of the granite chippings, a decision will be made on cleaning the monument. Sandblasters or high-pressure hoses would cause more damage, further eroding the inscriptions which celebrate the victories of Pharaoh Tutmosis III. Conservationists will rely instead on sponges and buckets of hot soapy water.

Dick Morrissey, Westminster's manager for parks and open spaces, thinks that a change of site would be fiercely resisted by the public. However, he acknowledges that if structural or severe pollution damage are detected, the pressure to shift the monument would become irresistible.

"It is ten years since Cleopatra's Needle was last cleaned, but a survey carried out in 1993 showed that the structure itself was still sound. At the moment our view is that it should stay where it is," he said. "Unless there is a real problem, why put it away in the British Museum, where it loses all impact? The monument should not be hidden away — it was put there so the maximum number of people could see it every day."

Cleopatra's claim on the monument is based on slender evidence that she had it moved from Heliopolis to Alexandria. Already damaged during that move, the obelisk has been through its share of risks down the years. Earthquakes and sea air took their toll in Egypt, so too did German bombs on London. Pollution, traffic rumble and public indifference may prove the most deadly threats of all.

Stephen Quirk, curator of the British Museum's department of Egyptian antiquities, said: "The arrival of Cleopatra's Needle in London in 1878 was a major event. The obelisk brought ancient Egypt and her culture to the very centre of life in Victorian Britain."

The Paris obelisk — found by Napoleon lying in the desert sand at Alexandria before the Battle of the Nile — was by far the best preserved. Dr Quirk said, Rome boasts more obelisks than Egypt, but Cleopatra's Needle, despite the ravages of time and the internal combustion engine, is of immense importance. "Tutmosis III was a fascinating figure who shared the throne with his aunt, a rather sinister character," Dr Quirk said. "His was a period of aggressive expansion by Egypt in western Asia. I agree that few Londoners pay much attention to Cleopatra's Needle, and the obelisk has always had enemies. The Greek who owned the land where it stood before being brought here threatened to smash it to pieces. Eminent Victorians, including the novelist Thackeray, thought the expense of transporting excessive for such a 'mutilated' monument."

"We are lucky that such opinions were ignored. It is vital now that it should be preserved and should remain accessible."

Leading article, page 21  
GAIL ALLEN

## Best of Victorian ingenuity brought obelisk to Britain

By BILL FROST

CLEOPATRA'S Needle, already 15 centuries old when she was born, might have lain toppled in the sand but for British soldiers campaigning in Egypt during the Napoleonic Wars.

They were fascinated by the obelisk and determined that it should not fall into Bonaparte's hands. He was known to have taken a fancy to the needle and its twin, which is now in New York's Central Park, when he invaded in 1798. He was eventually thwarted by Nelson's victory at the Battle of the Nile. The Earl of Cavan, commander of the British troops in Egypt, raised 57,000 from his officers and men to pay the obelisk's passage home. However, the military authorities in London rejected the plan and ordered the earl to hand back the money.

Almost 80 years were to elapse before Cleopatra's Needle was brought to Britain as a monument to the bravery of those who defeated Napoleon on the Nile. In that time, there was widespread indifference to the obelisk's beauty and historical significance.

In 1820 it was offered to George IV on his accession by

the ruler of Egypt, Mehmet Ali. However, the gift was to remain unclaimed until the French erected an obelisk in Paris and Prince Albert pressed for the needle to be brought to London.

Victorian inventors vied with each other to devise ways of transporting the 70ft, 180-ton obelisk to London. The key, though, was sponsorship, as the Government appeared to have little interest in the project.

In 1877 Erasmus Wilson, a wealthy London surgeon, offered £10,000 towards freight and erection costs. John Dixon, a successful and much-respected engineer, was chosen to draw up the plan.

He devised a floating iron cylinder, 92ft long and 15ft in diameter, in which the stone could be towed through the Mediterranean to England. A deck house with steering wheel and accommodation for three men was added with mast and sails to steady the vessel; she was named *Cleopatra*.

By late August 1877 the obelisk had been dug from the sand, dragged to the shore and put aboard. On September 21 the *Cleopatra* was

towed out of Alexandria by a British steamship. From Egypt to the Bay of Biscay all went well. However, a gale on October 14 all but sank the vessel and her cargo.

The *Cleopatra's* ballast shifted and she broke loose from the steamship. Six men were drowned attempting to reattach the towline and the cargo was almost lost. When the storm abated, a passing vessel took the "wallowing whale" in tow to Valencia, with the owner claiming £5,000 salvage.

The obelisk was eventually to dock off Gravesend in late January 1878. Queen Victoria was said to be "much gratified" at its safe arrival.

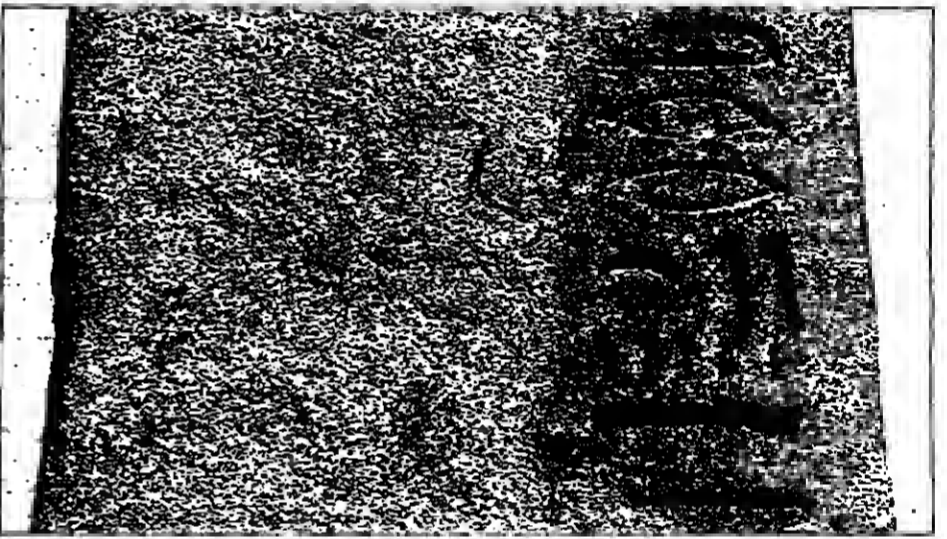
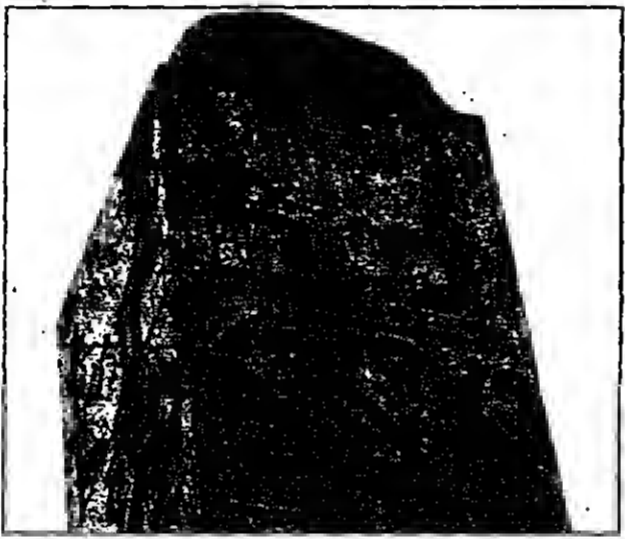
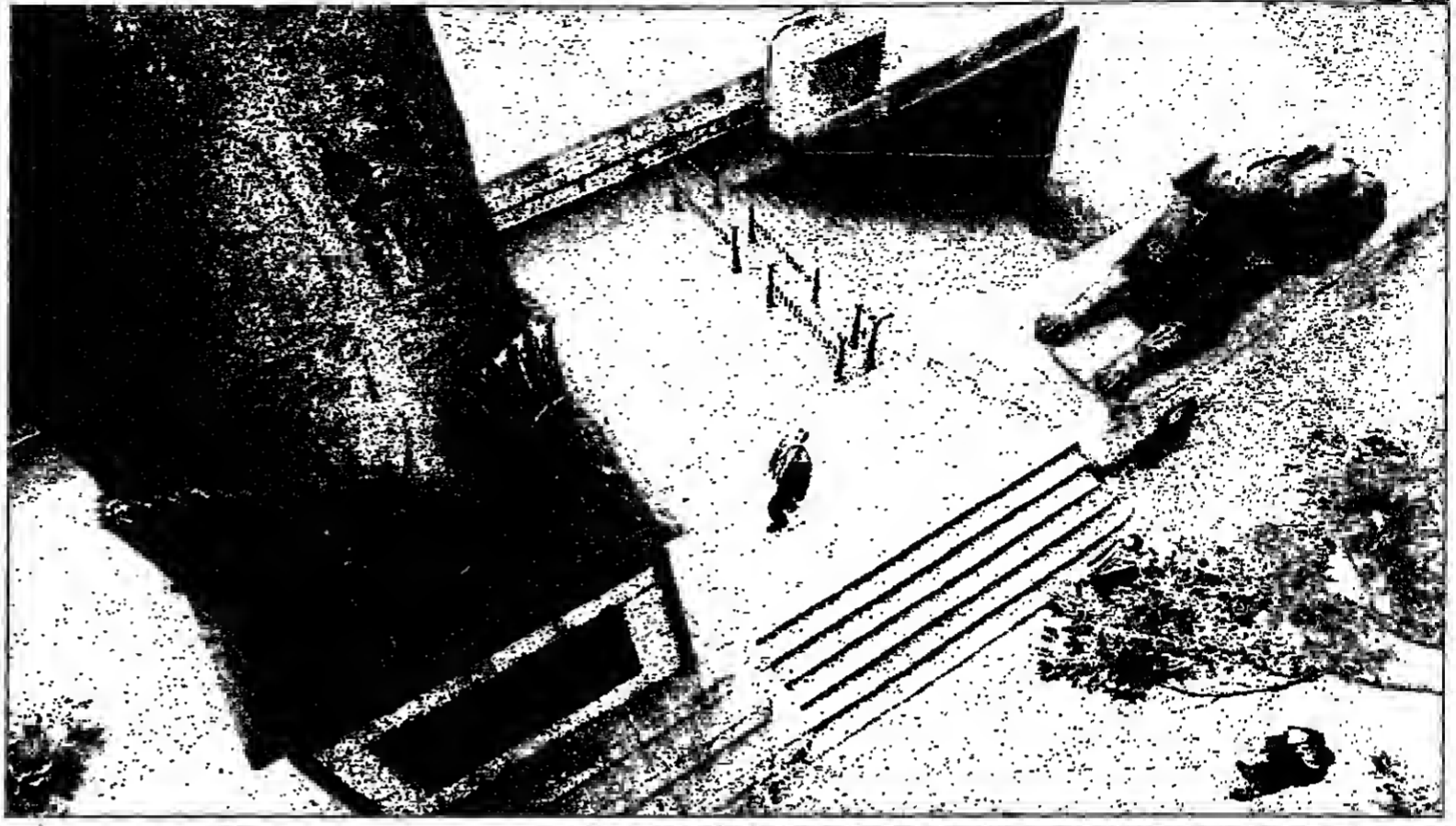
There was to be much heated debate over the stone's resting place. St Stephen's Green, in front of the Houses of Parliament, was eventually chosen and a life-sized replica erected to test public reaction. However, the site was found to be subsiding.

Finally the Embankment was selected and the ship was moored opposite while the site was prepared. Tourists crowded to peer at the needle in its iron "coffin" through a hole made in the deck. By early August 1878, the obelisk was lying on the Embankment, surrounded by wooden scaffolding, tackle and rope.

An elaborate timber frame had already been built and in the following weeks the stone was hauled horizontally, inch by inch, by four hydraulic jacks to a height of 50ft above the pavement. After careful tests, by September 11 all was ready. At 3pm the following day the needle — described by one onlooker as "the oldest thing in London" — was slowly pivoted to a vertical position and slid down into place.

Dixon had first placed a time capsule beneath the site: coins, the day's newspapers, a map of London, one of the four hydraulic jacks, Bibles in four languages, a box of hairpins, a shilling razor, pictures of a dozen "pretty Englishwomen" and a *Bradshaw's Railway Guide to the World*.

All that was missing from the collection, according to a newspaper report of the ceremony, "was the Lord Mayor of London's dropped hat".



The world's obelisks are in variable condition: London's, top, is middling; Paris's, left, is the best preserved; New York's has suffered weathering

## The revered, the neglected and the gleaming

OTHER cities boast their own obelisks, some neglected, but others well preserved and carefully maintained. Paris: The great obelisk that rises out of the centre of the Place de la Concorde is not only among the most revered monuments in Paris but also one of the cleanest.

An ingratiating gift presented to France in 1829 by Mehmet Ali, Viceroy of Egypt, the 75ft spire of rose-pink granite is regularly spruced up and washed by cleaners of the Direction de la Patrimoine, the heritage branch of the French Ministry of Culture. The 225-ton obelisk, a gate pillar from the temple of Luxor with hieroglyphics recounting the reigns of Rameses II and III, was finally erected in 1836. Place de la Concorde is

one of the busiest traffic intersections in a city with one of the worst levels of air pollution in Europe. However, it is a sign of how deeply France values monuments such as the Concorde obelisk that, at a time of intense fiscal austerity, with further spending cuts looming, the culture budget is one of the few expected to escape unscathed.

New York: The twin of London's needle sits exposed to the elements and surrounded by bag ladies and joggers in Central Park, where it is studiously neglected by its keepers.

Tests by the Metropolitan Museum of Art have concluded that the needle is better off without a helping hand. "Everybody is always saying we have to do something about the obelisk," said Jonathan Kuhn, director of arts

and antiquities for the New York City Parks Department. "But in fact it's not decaying much at all. Although you can see a lot of weathering, that happened about 500 BC."

Rome: The great obelisks in Rome's piazzas owe their excellent state of preservation both to the emperors who brought them from ancient Egypt as the plunder of war and the 16th-century Popes who restored and re-erected them.

The most impressive, such as the obelisk at San Giovanni in Laterano and the one in St Peter's Square, in front of the Vatican, are likely to get a third lease of life when Rome is spruced up for the millennium celebrations. Some of the pedestals have suffered wear and tear but the obelisks

themselves glint proudly in the sun, their hieroglyphics still fairly readable and their surfaces clean.

Istanbul: The 3,500-year-old obelisk of Tutmosis III stands in the central reservation of what is now the Hippodrome in Istanbul. It is impossible to imagine it being carted off to the city's archaeological museum or any other site: too much time and effort was devoted to getting it to the site in the first place.

However, it suffers from neglect, and cleaning is restricted to collecting litter from its base. Alessandro Ricci, a Byzantine archaeologist, said that the monument was protected by a largely pedestrianised area. There are ambitions, if distant, plans to close the centre of Istanbul to traffic.



Six men were drowned when a storm hit the vessel carrying the needle from Egypt to Britain in 1877

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## How an army of workers used stones to cut through granite

By NIGEL HAWKES  
SCIENCE EDITOR

THE London needle was carved from the solid rock by thousands of men, working in time to the sound of a chanter.

Like all Egyptian obelisks, it consists of a single piece of granite, with no joints. It may well have come from a quarry in Aswan, where an even larger obelisk lies unfinished, providing clues that have enticed archaeologists to work out how it was done.

The first step was to locate an area of perfect stone from which an obelisk could be cut. Test shafts were sunk into the rock to search for cracks. Assuming none were found, the process began by smoothing the upper surface of the rock.

This was done by heating bricks and placing them on the uneven parts of the surface. The rock was then doused with cold water, fracturing it and making it easier to work with.

The next step was to cut trenches down either side. The workers lashed drills or sophisticated cutting tools, but around the Aswan quarry were found balls of dunnite, a mineral from the Eastern Desert. They weighed 10lb or more and ranged in size from

four to twelve inches. Mounted on the end of wooden stakes, they created the hard rammers used to cut through the rock.

They were hammered to a regular rhythm, given by a chanter. At any time, several hundred men would have been at work, in teams of three: two standing and hammering and another directing their blows.

It may have taken six months to a year for the teams to dig to the depth required. Then they had to separate the obelisk from the bedrock. Various ways of doing this have been proposed.

One is the construction of

underground galleries, from which the teams would have pounded horizontally, supporting the obelisk with wooden beams as they cut it away. Alternatively, or in addition, wedges of wood, soaked in water, may have been used to split the rock.

To lift the rough obelisks, levers must have been used, raising each end in turn in alluvial timber to be placed under it. Cleopatra's Needle weighs 180 tons, but other obelisks are heavier. The largest, now in the Piazza San Giovanni in Rome, weighs 455 tons. The unfinished obelisk still in the ground at Aswan would have been heavier still.



The fallen obelisk as found by British soldiers

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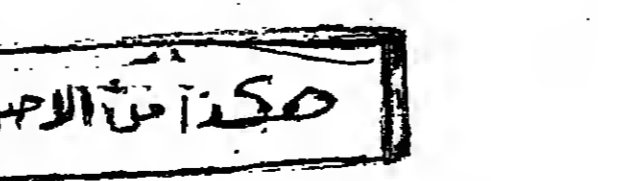
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# Victim's fund plans computer link to save cavers' lives

By Nick Nuttall, Technology Correspondent

THE death of a British woman in a French caving system three months ago has hastened the development of a communications system to warn potholders of floods.

Nicola Dollimore, 31, of the Oxford University caving club and a scientist at Liverpool University's tropical medicine school, died with a Hungarian 2,300ft underground in the Berger caves, near Grenoble. When the cavers descended, the weather forecast was good, but 1½ inches of rain fell in an hour overnight.

Next day, the water had filtered down to the caves as the teams began their ascent. They could not be alerted to the danger because no current communications system could penetrate so far down into the rock.

Ms Dollimore was climbing a steep vertical section known as the Cascades when the water struck. Andy Perrin, her brother-in-law, said: "She was overwhelmed as the water level rose eight feet in eight minutes. She was using a system known as a jammer which slides up the rope but grips if you fall down. The force of the water was too great for her to go forwards, and the jammer would not let her go back. She drowned."

The dead woman was in the

middle of her party. The Hungarian caver died in the same circumstances. Cavers above and behind the water course survived. Mr Perrin said: "If there had been some kind of communication system, they could have been alerted to the danger."

Family and friends have now formed a trust fund to sponsor the development of a communications system in the Berger cave which could also be adapted for other deep cave systems, such as in the Yorkshire Dales.

It makes use of a "Mole Phone", developed by Lancaster University, which can beam low-frequency signals a few hundred feet below ground. Later this month



Dollimore: no warning

French cavers will test a system of repeater stations, in which the Mole signal is turned into a digital code relayed to the bottom of the cave. The repeaters strengthen the signal, which otherwise becomes too weak.

The repeater signals, which can also be relayed back to rescuers on the surface, will be picked up by light, pocket-sized computer, which decodes the messages and displays them as words.

Paul Bojarski, one of the team involved in the trial, said: "The message can be in French or English. We hope this system will improve safety in other caves too."

Mr Perrin hopes part of the trust fund will help make the prototype system a reality, and name it after Ms Dollimore. Cost may make installation unlikely at less popular sites.

The family are also looking to back other projects, such as British cave pager systems being developed at universities by the Cave Research Electronics Group, part of the National Caving Association.

Donations can be made to the Nicola Dollimore Cave Rescue Fund, Lloyd's Bank, 147 High Street, Guildford. Sort code: 309374. Account no: 1326760.



Helena Bonham Carter, Alison Elliott and Linus Roache on location in Venice for *Wings of the Dove*

By Dalva Albergé, Arts Correspondent

## James is latest on the literary hit-list

AFTER Jane Austen and Thomas Hardy, it is Henry James's turn. A hundred years after he described himself as "invincibly unsaleable", film-makers have been avidly rereading him.

At least four adaptations of his novels, set in the last great age of travel, are being filmed this year. First to complete is *Portrait of a Lady*, being premiered at the Venice Film Festival this week. Nicole Kidman plays the American who falls victim to a worthless dilettante in Europe.

In an adaptation of *Wings of the Dove*, directed by Iain Softley in Venice, Helena Bonham Carter stars as Kate, who falls for an impoverished journalist, played by Linus Roache, she has to choose between marrying the man she loves and taking her place in society. *Washington Square* is currently being filmed with Dame Maggie Smith, Jennifer Jason Leigh and Albert Finney. A television film of *The American*

was being shot last month. The film of *Portrait of a Lady*, which was adapted by the BBC as a television serial more than 20 years ago, is directed by Jane Campion, the New Zealander who made her name internationally with the Oscar-winner *The Piano*. Kidman plays the American who challenges the confines of the expatriate circuit in Europe. Among the unsavoury characters she encounters are a banker and his wife, played by Sir John Gielgud and Shelley Winters respectively, and the dilettante, played by John Malkovich. Richard E. Grant plays the English peer she refuses to marry.

Neither Softley nor Campion found it easy to represent on screen James's analyses of his characters' thoughts. However, Campion said, *Portrait of a Lady* emerged as "a kind of manual of everyday life, dealing with issues as morality, love, death, birth, marriage and divorce as it contrasts innocence and wisdom, dark and light, Europe and America".

Jordan, whose previous films include *The Crying Game* and *Mona Lisa*, said: "Yesterday's terrorist is today's statesman. I make no apology for that." He added that it "spares neither the Irish nor the British in its depiction of the savagery of the 'dome'".

He said that Collins was forced to resort to violence by the British reluctance to grant independence. The film will be released in the United States in October; a British date is yet to be confirmed.

## Director defends film on terrorist

By Dalva Albergé

NEIL JORDAN, the director who has been heavily criticised for his film about the Irish republican Michael Collins, defended his work at the weekend against accusations that he distorted history and turned a terrorist into a hero.

Speaking at the Venice Film Festival, where *Michael Collins* was given its world premiere, Jordan said: "I challenge anyone to demonstrate a more accurate historical movie than this one. It's going to be moving and traumatic when the British and Irish public get to see the film. But that's a good thing."

*Michael Collins*, which cost £30 million, stars Liam Neeson as the man who founded the Irish Volunteers to attack the British Army and police, but who was later branded a traitor by republicans for agreeing to the partition of Ireland.

Jordan, whose previous films include *The Crying Game* and *Mona Lisa*, said: "Yesterday's terrorist is today's statesman. I make no apology for that." He added that it "spares neither the Irish nor the British in its depiction of the savagery of the 'dome'".

## Lazy wife has her head examined

By Jeremy Laurance, Health Correspondent

A HOUSEPROUD woman who decided she was fed up cleaning and preferred to watch television had to defend herself to doctors who feared that she was ill.

The 55-year-old housewife argued that her change of habit was entirely reasonable after decades of looking after the family home. Doctors in the neurology department of the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, agreed with her husband that her personality change required investigation. They were right. A brain scan

discovered a tumour the size of a grapefruit. The surgeon who removed it said it was the largest he had seen. Called a meningioma, it is thought to have been growing for at least 15 years.

Mike Hanna, the neurologist who examined the woman, said: "She was referred to us by her GP because of her husband's concerns. Although her views were perfectly reasonable, we had to take account of her husband's views and those of her family and friends who insisted her behaviour was out of character."

Dr Hanna, who sent a copy of the scan to the *British Medical Journal*, said:

"Nine times out of ten, someone who undergoes a personality change will have a depressive illness. One time in ten, or less, something may be going on in their brain." The benign tumour at the front of her brain was pushing aside the frontal lobes. The tip of the lobes are known to be where aspects of personality such as drive and motivation reside.

Two months after surgery, she has not recovered her enthusiasm for housework. Dr Hanna said: "If the tumour had gone on growing, she would almost certainly have died. The pressure may have changed her personality for good."

## Hospitals warn of 'second-rate care'

By Jeremy Laurance, Health Correspondent

CRITICALLY ill patients who require specialist treatment may be forced to accept second-rate care under changes planned by the NHS Executive, managers have claimed.

Leading teaching hospitals including Guy's and St Thomas', the Hammersmith Great Ormond Street, are among those that have protested to the Health Department over the changes, to be introduced next April, which they say will put patients' health at risk. Instead of refer-

ring seriously ill patients with complex disorders to centres of excellence, district hospital consultants may try to treat them locally to save money, the managers say. At present those with rare conditions who cannot be treated at their local hospital are sent to specialist units and their health authority foots the bill.

Under proposals by the NHS Executive, control of the funds for these so-called tertiary referrals would be switched from health authorities to local hospitals. The aim is to reduce bureaucracy by sifting the clinical and financial decision-making in one place.

However, NHS trust leaders say "clinically inappropriate" decisions could result as consultants come under pressure to save money for their own hospitals. Robert Creighton, chief executive of the Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children, said: "I fear a diminution in the willingness of clinicians in district hospitals to refer. It would be tempting for a district hospital to try to do rather more than it would be suitable to do."

A spokeswoman for the Health Department said that no decision had been made yet. "Whatever happens, patients will not be disadvantaged".



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# British bankers fear banishment from exclusive European money club

Over in London the other day for Edward Heath's 80th birthday, Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, France's former President, dropped in on Kenneth Clarke and told him a horror story about the future of Europe.

Suppose, said M Giscard, that Britain opts out of a single currency. You won't just find yourselves outside a club of states which organise their own money supply. Gradually the heart, soul and power of the European Union will shift from the present 15 states to the inner group, whose members might have to found a new



"EU II" as a vehicle in which they could leave some of their old partners behind. M Giscard predicted that such a sequence of events would leave the EU an empty shell and an impotent talking

shop. Gentle blackmail of this kind has been tried before, but is now starting again as the bankers and officials not distracted by the latest jitters over monetary union pore over the single currency's operating rules. M Giscard was right a big issue about the future shape and size of the EU is hidden in small print.

Highly paid men in the City of London are trying to work out if obscure wording such as the "general good provisions" of the Second Banking Directive could be used to shut British banks out of the euro zone if Britain opts out of the currency.

Over-the-horizon thinkers go further and claim that whatever the outcome of technical arguments over discrimination against the "outs", the euro area will become the real single market. The political authority to police it will lie with the states which have fused their currencies. The EU might be born again, unencumbered by the awkward British and the Danes.

Such enticing visions probably did not appear on the agenda at yesterday's meeting in Bonn between Jacques Chirac and Helmut Kohl; those two men are more preoccupied with the short-term job of calming the

jitters. Part of this calming involves giving Whitehall, Westminster and the City the impression that by missing out on monetary union Britain could trigger a chain of disasters which would shut us out of everything that matters.

Britain might still be a member of the original EU, this nightmare scenario says, but if all the power that mattered had moved to EU II, "staying in" the EU might not amount to much. The first battleground lies in the juggle of rules for bond trading, payment systems and computer software. There is no question that the

French and German governments would like to discriminate against economies outside a monetary union: the issue is whether they can inflict damage. Those who fear that discrimination has started point to last week's decision by the European Monetary Institute to delay until non-single currency states are no longer round the table - the decision on how "out" countries will be linked to the bank payment system for the euro.

Those who take a more relaxed view point to the EMI's statement that financial institutions beyond the borders of the euro zone will

have access "as close as possible" to those inside.

Clearly risks of retaliation exist, but the most comprehensive review of them I have yet seen, the City's evidence to a House of Lords committee, reveals little anxiety. Jean Arthuis, the French Finance Minister, organised an informal country house meeting of the finance ministers of the Deutschmark zone the other day. People worried about missing the single currency bus fret that Britain cannot be at the heart of Europe. The heart of the EU is the intimate relationship between France

and Germany. Britain has been out of that loop for decades.

If France and Germany decided that the new currency could not exist inside the ill-disciplined EU of 15, they could only cut loose at a price. The single market would disintegrate. Eastern Europe's chances of joining would be knocked back. The world would see an "ever closer union" coming apart. "An EMU of 'Ins' and 'Outs'", report by House of Lords Select Committee on the European Communities (Stationery Office)

GEORGE BROCK

# ANC forced to consider return of the gallows

By INIGO GILMORE IN JOHANNESBURG AND OUR FOREIGN STAFF

FACED with spiralling crime and calls for the return of the death penalty, Dullah Omar, the South African Minister of Justice, said yesterday that the governing African National Congress would review its opposition to capital punishment.

The decision drew cheers from an ANC summit on crime that came amid mounting criticism of the Government for failing to act decisively against daily murders, rapes and robberies. Under apartheid, South Africa was one of the world leaders in executing criminals, hanging more than 100 a year. The ANC opposed capital punishment, saying it was used mostly against blacks. A moratorium on hanging was declared in February 1990, and in 1995 the new Constitutional Court outlawed executions.

President Mandela admitted for the first time at the weekend that crime in South Africa was "out of control", but appealed to the South African public not to panic.

"When people decide to take

the law into their hands, and even challenge the security forces, then the social fabric is breaking down," Mr Mandela said in an interview with *The Sunday Independent*. South Africa's worsening crime rate has prompted the formation of vigilante groups. In Cape Town last month a Muslim group shot and set alight a drugs gang leader in full view of police.

A spate of high-profile crimes, including the recent car hijack and murder of a prominent businessman employed by a German company, caused the chambers of commerce representing South Africa's four biggest trading partners to issue a warning of the damage crime was doing to investor confidence.

Last week, Bernd Pischetsrieder, chairman of BMW South Africa, said that the car manufacturer would halt a 1 billion rands investment programme unless the crime level was considerably reduced.

The Government has been accused of dithering in the face



President Mandela and Graca Machel, widow of the late President of Mozambique, added to newspaper speculation in South Africa yesterday when his office confirmed reports they were involved in a serious relationship.

of mounting crime. Admitting it was a "serious situation", Mr Mandela said in his newspaper interview that he was confident that the authorities could bring the situation under control. "I am confident we are making progress."

However, Mr Mandela was short on detail about anti-crime efforts. He brushed aside suggestions that the deployment of a greater number of police would provide a

panacea and said the Government would rather adjust the target areas of priority, such as criminal intelligence.

Mr Mandela noted that the police's 1996-97 statute dealt not only with crime syndicates but was also introspective about problems facing the police force. He said that poverty had to be eradicated and that this would lay the basis for a long-term strategy against crime.

Mr Mandela expressed support for his ministers and pointed out that progress has been made in areas of the country that have suffered acute violence in recent years. "I warned repeatedly in the 1994 election that we want to better the lives of all our people. But we cannot regard this as an event to be achieved overnight. It will take up to five years."

Mr Mandela, who will shortly reach the halfway

point in his presidency, also spoke of his plans to step back further from day-to-day running of the Government and concentrate much of his efforts on building a stronger ANC.

Trabo Mbeki, the Deputy President, and Mr Mandela's heir apparent, has already taken over much of the running of the country and in recent months the President has attempted to bolster Mr Mbeki's standing and influence.

# Kremlin subdued as Chechens hail Lebed's peace

FROM RICHARD BEESTON IN MOSCOW

GENERAL Aleksandr Lebed returned to Moscow at the weekend to persuade the Russian leadership, in particular President Yeltsin, to accept the terms of his peace deal with the Chechens.

While the pact was hailed as a victory by jubilant Chechens and by Russians opposed to the war, at the highest levels of Government the signals were decidedly mixed and nobody openly praised General Lebed's achievement.

Viktor Chernomyrdin, the Prime Minister, said yesterday that he would chair a meeting today to examine if the peace agreement was acceptable. "I am convinced that we are on the right path now," said Mr Chernomyrdin, regarded as a political rival of General Lebed, but also one of the key anti-war figures in the Government.

After a marathon negotiating session, General Lebed signed a joint declaration and a list of basic principles with Colonel Aslan Maskhadov, the Chechen rebel chief of staff, on Saturday morning. The deal put off resolving the key issue of Chechen sovereignty for five years until December 31, 2001.

It also called for the establishment of a joint commission on October 1 to monitor the complete pullout of Russian forces from the breakaway republic and oversee a pro-

gramme for the social and economic recovery of the devastated nation. Moments after signing the document, near the Chechen border at the Dagestani town of Khasav-yurt, General Lebed declared that "the war is over".

As street celebrations erupted across Chechnya at the weekend, there was no doubt in any one's mind that the final decision on the agreement lay with President Yeltsin. The Russian leader, resting at a hunting lodge outside Moscow, has had no face-to-face contact with General Lebed since peace efforts began three weeks ago. Opinion is divided over whether he is too sick to carry out his duties, or is deliberately absenting himself to avoid making a difficult decision.

Over the weekend, President Yeltsin cast doubt over the deal when he refrained from congratulating General Lebed. Instead, the presidential spokesman said the Russian leader was awaiting a "detailed report".

Key members of the Kremlin leadership and the opposition dislike the peace agreement because they fear the ambitions of the power-hungry General Lebed. With Mr Yeltsin's health falling, General Lebed would be in a commanding position if fresh presidential elections took place in the near future.

# Bossi wants 'Padania' to join single currency

FROM RICHARD OWEN IN ROME

UMBERTO BOSSI, the leader of the separatist Northern League, says he has approached the European Commission in Brussels to inquire about membership of the single currency on behalf of "Padania", the name given by the League to Northern Italy.

"I have written to Brussels asking what

the procedures are for joining on January 1, 1999," Signor Bossi said yesterday. He and his supporters plan to march to Venice (the proposed Padanian "capital"), where they will make a "declaration of independence" on September 15.

The Northern League has no mandate to make the declaration. It won a third of the vote in several northern areas in the general election in April, but has since performed poorly in local elections.

Signor Bossi, regarded as a buffoon by some but as a serious threat to Italian unity by others, said in a letter to the European Commission that Italy had two economies - one in the wealthy and productive north and another in the south, or *mezzogiorno*, which "more closely resembles the economy of a developing nation". The "inevitable logic" was that the two "production systems" should have two different currencies.

# Doubts cast over move to Berlin

FROM LÉVIA LINTON IN BERLIN

THE Commissioner in charge of the €10 billion transfer of the government from Bonn to Berlin has admitted the move is "impractical".

As the Bundesrat prepares to vote this month on whether to move to the new capital, the post-unification euphoria of 1991 when the German parliament narrowly voted in favour of moving more than half its ministries to Berlin by the millennium has now evaporated. Instead, controversy over the move is growing as flaws in Germany's ambitious and idealistic plan become clearer by the day.

Dieter Vogel, the commissioner in charge of the move, agreed the plan was costly and added: "Naturally the whole thing is impractical but this is what happens in politics sometimes."

Herr Vogel's view is shared by senior officials in both cities. Bonn residents fear their economy will suffer greatly and voice their concern with regular demonstrations against the move. The city will receive DM2.81 billion (£1.22 billion) compensation but the atmosphere is still gloomy.

The practical problems of transferring up to nine ministries and up to 20,000 state employees to Berlin are becoming increasingly apparent. Civil servants who face being uprooted have been offered financial incentives, including free monthly return flights from Berlin to Bonn.

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Carol & Dorothy

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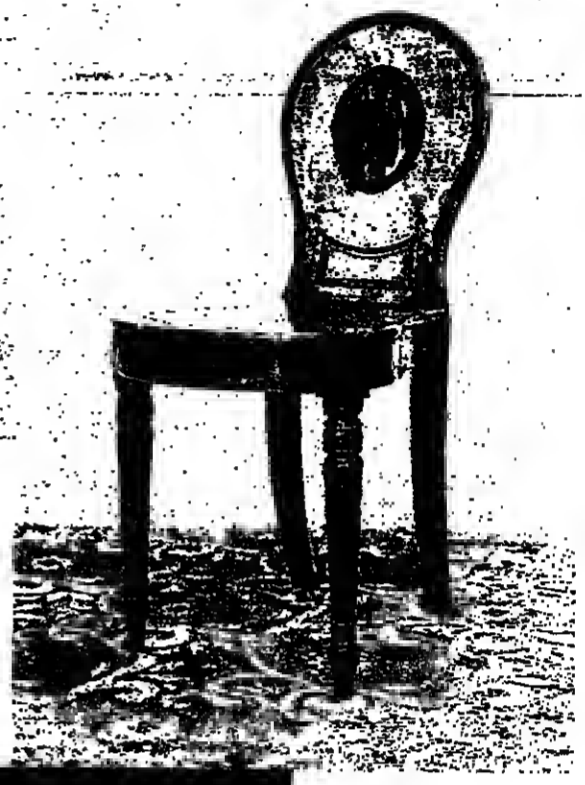




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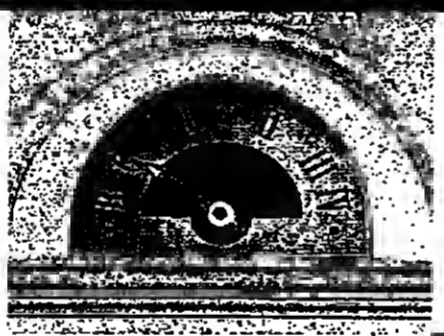


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Secret negotiations between faction and Saddam's regime led to offensive by Republican Guard

US calls off Kurdish peace talks in London

BY MICHAEL EVANS DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT AND JAMES BONE IN NEW YORK

SECRET talks in London between the Americans and representatives from the two rival Kurdish factions in northern Iraq were abandoned at the weekend when the offensive by Iraqi Republican Guard forces was launched against the city of Arbil.

The Americans had summoned the two factions to London in an urgent attempt to prevent an offensive once it became clear that President Saddam Hussein had mobilised his troops for an attack. The attempt failed, however, after it emerged that the Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP), led by Massoud Barzani, had invited Saddam to enter Kurdish areas to launch an offensive against the rival Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK) which has increasingly come under Iranian influence.

According to Iraqi opposition sources, the KDP has held at least five high-level meetings with the Iraqi Government since this spring despite Baghdad's record of massacring Kurds. The meeting in London, held at the American Embassy, was chaired by Robert Deutch, a US State Department official in charge of the Gulf region. Robert Wilson, a Foreign Office official, was also present. Mr Deutch is understood to have outlined three areas

TRUCE BID

for discussion: a ceasefire between the KDP and PUK, an observer system to monitor it, and a meeting between the two leaders. Decisions on these three areas were due to have been completed on Saturday but the Americans cancelled the weekend meeting when Saddam's forces went into Kurdish areas.

Iraq's intervention on behalf of the KDP was the fruit of a series of secret contacts since early this year between the group and Saddam's regime. The rapprochement began last December when Mukarem Talabani, a Kurd in Saddam's Cabinet, went to northern Iraq to project Baghdad's influence in the Kurdish-controlled area by trying to mediate between the KDP and PUK. He carried

a letter from the Iraqi President to the KDP and then delivered it to the PUK, whose leader comes from the same clan as him. Mukarem Talabani invited the KDP to maintain a dialogue with Baghdad.

This spring Nowchervan Barzani, nephew of the KDP leader, met Saddam's son, Qusay, in the government-controlled city of Mosul in northern Iraq. Mr Barzani is the son of Massoud Barzani's elder brother, Idris, and has assumed his late father's role as a political leader while his uncle has military command.

Qusay Hussein is the younger of Saddam's two sons and serves as deputy to his father on the National Security Council which co-ordinates all Iraqi intelligence. The two men held at least three meetings in Mosul. Among the

deals they reached was an accord that allowed an Iraqi minister to travel overland through KDP-held territory to Turkey for the first time since the Gulf War.

Iraqi government experts were also permitted to enter the KDP area to examine the oil pipeline from Iraq to Turkey through which Baghdad will export most of the crude it sells under a United Nations-approved "oil-for-food" deal. As tension mounted in northern Iraq, Nowchervan Barzani travelled to Baghdad on August 18 and again on August 22 to seek the Iraqi Government's backing in its clash with the PUK.

The clash had been triggered by Iran's determination to retaliate against a third Kurdish group, the Kurdish Democratic Party of Iran (KDPI), for a string of bombings in Iran this summer. Iranian troops entered northern Iraq in late July to engage KDPI partisans on territory held by the PUK. The KDPI forces retreated into a KDP-held area, and Massoud Barzani refused to allow Iran to pursue them.

Iran then apparently orchestrated an attack by the PUK against the KDP. On August 17, PUK forces crossed through Iranian territory to surround Haj Omran, a KDP-held border town which straddles a key supply route into Iran. The KDP responded by attacking a route controlled by its rival.

Leading article, page 21



A boy waves a Kurdish flag during a Kurd demonstration in London yesterday

Ankara fearful of refugee exodus

FROM ANDREW FINKELE IN ISTANBUL

TURKEY told Iran and Iraq yesterday not to fight a proxy war through the Kurdish factions of northern Iraq. Tansu Ciller, the Turkish Foreign Minister, warned President Saddam Hussein of Iraq to withdraw his forces immediately. "His intervention with [Massoud] Barzani's troops [of the Kurdistan Democratic Party] around Arbil must stop," she said.

Mrs Ciller was equally forthright in her suspicions that Iran was siding with Mr Barzani's rival, Jalal Talabani, of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan. She said that any military co-operation between the two must also cease.

Mrs Ciller's unusually blunt warnings came only weeks after her Prime Minister, Necmettin Erbakan, conducted a goodwill tour of Iran. That trip raised fears in Nato that Mr Erbakan's pro-Islamic

TURKEY

Welfare Party was trying to move Turkey from its Western-orientated foreign policy. To coincide with that visit, two Turkish ministers paid a visit to Saddam in search of a lion's share of Iraqi trade, once Baghdad begins exporting oil under the terms of the "food for fuel" UN Resolution 986.

Turkish attempts to be the catalyst of a regional settlement under an Islamic umbrella appear to have collapsed with the outbreak of fighting. Ankara's concern now is the more immediate one of preventing a repeat of the refugee crisis of 1991 at the end of the Gulf War, when some two million Kurds fled to the Turkish border in front of an advancing Iraqi Army.

The Iraqi advance this time appears to have been careful in avoiding civilian targets. But here are fears in the region that Mr Talabani may attempt to engineer a flight of refugees as a means of drawing in the international community and redressing the PUK's forced withdrawal from Arbil.

Mr Barzani's KDP, posted along the long Turkish border, is enlisted by Ankara to halt infiltration by the separatist Kurdistan Workers' Party (PKK).

Warring neighbours exploit divisions in separatist movement

FROM MICHAEL THEODOULOU IN NICOSIA

THE FACTIONS

MOST of Iraq's 3.5 million Kurds owe their allegiance to two main factions which have battled for supremacy for the best part of two decades, briefly uniting in a brave but doomed rebellion against President Saddam Hussein in the wake of the 1991 Gulf War.

At the heart of the dispute between the Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Patriotic

Union of Kurdistan is a struggle for power, money and territory. Iran and Iraq have worked hard and with considerable success to exploit their differences.

The Kurdistan Democratic Party has been led by Massoud Barzani, 50, since 1979, following the death of his father, the legendary Kurdish general, Mustafa Barzani, who founded the

party in 1946. He enjoys strong support among mountain tribes. Many educated, urban Kurds also follow him, believing his policy of reconciliation with Baghdad is an unpalatable but realistic choice. The conservative KDP controls the northwest of the country, including the border with Turkey, where it has a monopoly over duties levied on the lucrative and illicit oil trade with Iraq. The PUK has long demanded a share of these revenues.

The Patriotic Union of Kurdistan is led by Jalal Talabani, previously a leading member of the KDP who was frequently at odds with Mustafa Barzani in the 1960s. He left the KDP to set up the more secular, left-orientated PUK in 1975. The two parties were soon involved in internecine fighting. The PUK, now backed by Iran, then linked up with Iraqi forces to fight the KDP in a feud that lasted into the 1980s. Because he could never draw on the

traditional clan network of support like that enjoyed by the Barzanis, Mr Talabani built the PUK as a modern party. He developed broadcast and newspaper outlets to reach educated, urban Kurds. When the allies imposed a no-fly zone to protect the Kurds in 1991, they hoped the autonomous Kurdish areas would be a possible catalyst for fundamental political change in Iraq as a whole. The KDP and PUK evenly shared power after elections

in 1992, with their parliament based in Arbil. The West hoped it could develop into a government-in-waiting to take over from the regime in Baghdad when Saddam was ousted. But their experiment in self-government and democracy was short-lived. The Iranian-backed Islamic Movement of Iraq (IMI) is the third largest Kurd faction. There are also several other smaller parties, including socialists, and many Iraqis owe their first alle-

giance to tribes rather than political organisations. There are an estimated several thousand well-armed Kurdish separatist rebels from Turkey in northern Iraq belonging to the Kurdistan Workers' Party or PKK. Ankara says the rebels have taken advantage of the chaos in northern Iraq to base themselves here and launch cross-border raids. Kurdish rebels and refugees from neighbouring Iran also have a presence in northern Iraq.

Islamic rally condemned

BY MICHAEL BINYON DIPLOMATIC EDITOR

ARAB governments, Jewish groups and MPs are outraged that fundamentalist Islamic groups in Britain are planning a huge rally next weekend at which messages are to be broadcast from jailed and fugitive terrorist leaders.

The "Rally for Revival", to be held at the 13,000-seat London Arena on Sunday, is expected to attract thousands of Islamic militants who want to declare a holy war on the Middle East peace process. They will also call for the overthrow of pro-Western governments in the Muslim world.

The Egyptian Government has issued a formal protest, and last week summoned the British charge d'affaires in Cairo to demand an explanation. The editor of a leading Egyptian newspaper, Akhbar el-Yom, said he hoped Arab countries would show their anger at the holding of the conference by cancelling commercial contracts with Britain. The paper said Britain was granting visas to "people proven to be involved in assassinations, in financing operations aimed at killing hundreds of innocents."

The rally organisers promise to transmit a video issued from prison by Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, the Egyptian cleric convicted of masterminding the bombing of the World Trade Centre in New York. Algeria and Tunisia have also voiced concern, and may with other Arab ambassadors in London present a joint denunciation.

The rally is the third fundamentalist gathering in three years, and presents a challenge to the Government which has promised to crack down on Islamic militants using London as a base. John Major has pledged to stop Islamic

militants in Britain plotting terrorism against friendly Arab governments. He told allies at the G7 summit in June that Britain would propose a new United Nations instrument to stop those funding or advocating terrorism from being given asylum. Michael Howard, the Home

Secretary, has no power to ban the meeting, but the Home Office made it clear that police and intelligence agents would be monitoring the proceedings. If any of the speakers stirs up racial hatred or issues calls for assassination that are indictable under common law, he will be prosecuted.

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Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom center of the page: 'حکومت العراق'.



Iraqi opposition troops 'executed in public' after attack on Western-protected safe haven of Arbil

# Saddam tightens grip on rebel Kurd stronghold

FROM MICHAEL THEODOULOU IN NICOSIA

FEARS grew last night that President Saddam Hussein of Iraq, defiant and brimming with confidence after his forces overran the Kurdish capital of Arbil inside a Western-protected safe haven, was set to begin an offensive on a second Kurdish city close to the Iranian border. The outskirts of the Kurdish stronghold of Sulaimaniya came under heavy shelling yesterday.

It began hours after Iraq announced it would soon withdraw its troops from Arbil, which was seized in a lightning strike by 40,000 Iraqi tank-led forces on Saturday after a ferocious artillery barrage. Iraq said it had been invited in by the Kurdistan Democratic Party, one of the two main rival Kurdish factions in northern Iraq whose internecine fighting has created a power vacuum that has

been exploited by both Iraq and Iran.

"Whether Saddam takes Sulaimaniya will depend on the West's reaction to his capture of Arbil," said Dr Ahmed Chalabi, the Iraqi National Congress, a coalition of opposition groups. He said Saddam had been emboldened by the West's muted response to recent Iraqi stand-offs with United Nations weapons inspectors.

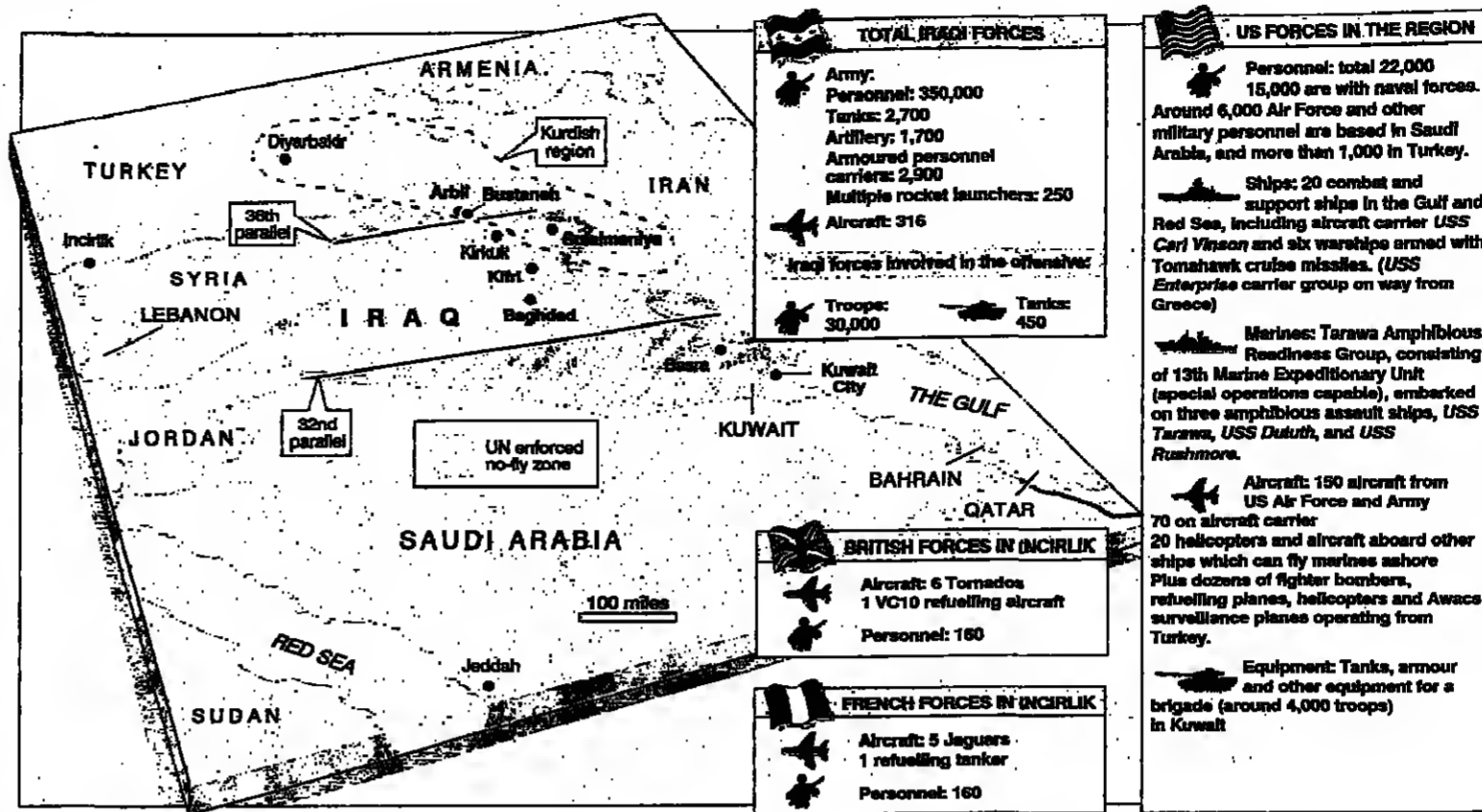
The Kurdistan Democratic Party's collusion with Baghdad presented a dilemma for the West because military retaliation against Iraqi forces in Arbil would risk causing casualties among the Kurds they have sought to protect under an allied air umbrella. Baghdad also claimed it was

responding to "Iranian aggression" because Tehran had given support to the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK), whose forces had controlled Arbil.

Saddam may have calculated that Washington might turn a blind eye to his offensive in the belief America viewed growing Iranian influence in northern Iraq as a greater threat. Western diplomats in Jordan said. Iran claimed Saddam had acted with "a green light from Washington."

Baghdad, in bellicose statements in the state-run press, warned Washington to keep out of northern Iraq and threatened to turn the area into another Vietnam if America intervened. But, announcing Iraq's intention to withdraw, a government spokesman said Baghdad's "political leadership has not decided yet to resume the government administration of the [Kurdish] autonomous region."

The brutal treatment meted out to captured opposition forces in the Arbil area was likely to stiffen Western resolve. Ninety-six officers and soldiers of the Iraqi National Congress were shot dead in public after capture, the group said. It added that their commander, Major Ali Bahr



A Baghdad hawk does a brisk business selling papers with news of the Arbil offensive yesterday

## Washington in favour of military action to punish Iraq

BY MICHAEL EVANS  
DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

HIGH-powered consultations were under way between the United States and its allies yesterday to decide on the options for punishing President Saddam Hussein of Iraq for his offensive against the Kurdish city of Arbil.

The Americans appeared to favour the military option as they considered the alternatives — diplomatic pressure or scrapping the United Nations deal allowing Iraq to sell oil for humanitarian supplies —

insufficient US diplomatic sources said that toughening existing sanctions by repealing UN Resolution 986, which enabled Iraq to sell limited quantities of oil, was not practical and would take too long.

With the military option heading the agenda, the only question was the scale and timing. Based on previous American punishment raids, a limited Tomahawk cruise missile attack — on a target that

would have greatest impact on Saddam's military infrastructure — is most likely. In June 1993, President Clinton authorised a Tomahawk attack on Iraqi intelligence headquarters in Baghdad. The missiles were fired from a destroyer in the Red Sea and from a guided-missile cruiser in the Gulf.

Although the US Navy and US Air Force have a formidable array of aircraft in the Gulf region armed with guided missiles, it is unlikely that Mr Clinton would risk American losses, particularly during the run-up to the election in November.

With its fire-and-forget capability and proved accuracy, the Tomahawk was favoured in Washington as the ideal punitive weapon. There are believed to be more than 100 Tomahawk cruise missiles and six US warships which have the capability to carry them deployed in the Gulf region.

Britain and France, which have aircraft at Incirlik to carry out coalition patrols over Iraq north of the 36th parallel, are unlikely to be directly involved in a military strike, although all forces in the region are on a higher state of alert. Britain has

two destroyers in the Gulf, HMS *York* and HMS *Exeter*.

America's policy since the Gulf War has been to retain a large military force in the region with sufficient flexibility to act both as a deterrent to further Iraqi aggression and to be capable of launching punitive action when necessary.

Up to 12 American ships have been in the Gulf for the past year with enough equipment for 17,000 US Marines and 2,500 US Army troops. Before the Gulf War, there was just basic cargo and fuel pre-positioned in Gulf states.

Uloum, who was wounded resisting the Iraqi offensive, had been taken prisoner. The congress said the men were Arabs, rather than Kurds, and had been stationed in the area to monitor an American-brokered ceasefire between the Kurds that was due to come into effect tomorrow. "That ceasefire is now shattered", an opposition source said.

Arbil, home to a million people, was quiet yesterday with Iraqi forces and KDP guerrillas jointly patrolling the city's streets where the Iraqi flag was hoisted for the first time in five years since Saddam lost control of northern Iraq. UN sources in Baghdad were unable to confirm

reports from Arbil residents that there had been casualties, but said there was no sign of a mass exodus of refugees. There was strong condemnation of the offensive by Turkey, which feared it would be swamped by refugees as it is after the doomed Kurdish rebellion in the wake of the Gulf war when two million Kurds fled to Turkey and Iran.

The weekend assault involved the biggest movement of Iraqi forces since the 1991 Gulf War and threatened to ignite a confrontation with the Western allies and embroil Iran. Jalal Talabani, the PUK leader whose forces were ousted from Arbil, issued

a warning in a BBC interview that unless the West intervened within a week he would call on Iranian support if Iraqi forces tried to capture Sulaimaniya. There were re-

### 6 Barzani has struck a Faustian deal that is a terrible betrayal

ports that Iranian forces had penetrated 25 miles inside Iraq at the weekend, but not in such numbers yet that they would risk a confrontation with Iraqi tanks and heavy artillery. Unlike Arbil, which is 12 miles

inside the safe haven, Sulaimaniya is outside the air exclusion zone that Western allies imposed north of the 36th parallel to protect Iraqi Kurds from Saddam's vengeful forces after their doomed rebellion. "The fact it is outside the exclusion zone muddies the legal waters for the allies and makes an Iraqi assault on Sulaimaniya more likely, although we can expect much stiffer resistance there from the PUK, a Western diplomat in Jordan said. The KDP claimed yesterday that more than half the government forces that entered Arbil had withdrawn.

Other Iraqi opposition groups, their power diminished by the fratricidal Kurdish fighting, were dismayed last night that the KDP, led by Massoud Barzani, had apparently thrown in its lot with Baghdad. "Barzani has struck a Faustian deal that is a terrible betrayal for those who saw the Kurds as the backbone of the opposition to Saddam," a dissident said.

Mr Talabani said he had given Washington three days' warning of the attack on Arbil, but was ignored, effectively encouraging the Iraqi leader to strike. "The Americans promised to attack them [the Iraqis]. They did not act decisively."

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# Sky makes statement of sporting intent

I was, according to the excited voice at the end of the telephone, a fortnight's worth of sport packed into one weekend. Or was it a month's worth? I forget.

Whichever it was, this far from impartial source was sure about one thing. After a summer of being thoroughly trounced by its terrestrial rivals, this was the weekend that BSkyB redeclared the seriousness of its sporting intent. From one-day cricket to international rugby union, from world championship boxing to the start of the American football season, it was a weekend that left Steve Rider putting a brave face on a *Grandstand* of touring cars and water-skiing.

According to Richard Keys, it was also a weekend of broadcasting history. These,

the excited Sky Sports anchor-man promised 20 minutes before yesterday's kick-off, were the first live television pictures ever to be transmitted from Moldova. They were also very nearly the last. Through a fog of thick diagonal stripes, you could just about make out the profile of something that might once have been Andy Gray. We were back with Keys and the boys Francis (Trevor and Gerry) pronto.

What Keys did not mention was that the pictures of Gray, together with the even worse ones of Gray and Martin Tyler together that followed shortly afterwards, were transmitted by Sky's own state of the art technology. By comparison, the pictures provided by Moldova Television of the match itself, the first live



**MATTHEW BOND**  
TV ACTION REPLAY

football game it had ever covered apparently, were crystal clear. Okay, by comparison with anything else they were grainy, wobbly and apparently shot from the top of a small step-ladder, but at least we could see what was going on most of the time. As a chastened Keys put it just before kick-off: "Fingers crossed, this is as new for them as it is for us."

By half-time, Keys had decided that humour was probably the best survival strategy. "Nice to be part of television

history," he said as the players disappeared into a very dark tunnel. Some 15 minutes later, they emerged into an even darker second half — someone had forgotten to put the floodlights on. If you peered very hard into the gathering murk, you could just make out Alan Shearer scoring his first away goal for England.

Before this weekend, BSkyB was saying little about the likelihood of its viewing figures breaking new ground, but there will undoubtedly be

disappointment if they do not get near the previous record of 3.4 million that watched Frank Bruno beat Oliver McCall last September. What is not clear, however, is which event will place the record under most threat once the viewing figures are analysed later today.

Although the satellite network — which is 40 per cent owned by News International, owners of *The Times* — is perfectly placed to reap the benefit of post-Euro 96 euphoria, boxing remains one of its biggest crowd-pullers and Saturday night's clash, between Naseem Hamed and Manuel Medina should have won over a significant number of new converts to Prince Pushy's corner.

Compared to the peak audience of almost 20 million that watched England lose to

Germany in the semi-final of the European championship, Sky's viewing figures look decidedly modest — but they are growing. Second in its all-time hit parade is an audience of 2.8 million for the Newcastle United football match in March, just above the 2.6 million that watched Hamed take on Steve Robinson last September. To find the highest audience for an England international, you have to go back almost 18 months to England against Croatia, the 2.4 million who watched that just having the edge on the 2.1 million that were spellbound by *Diana: Her True Story*. However, be it Hoddle or Hamed for indeed both, I'm afraid the Princess will be out of the frame altogether by the end of today.

**IN BRIEF**  
**Komen puts world record to the sword**

DANIEL KOMEN, of Kenya, shattered the world record for 3,000 metres yesterday, running 7min 20.67sec at the Rieti Grand Prix track and field meeting.

Komen, who set the standard for two miles in July at Lappeenranta, Finland, shaved more than four seconds off Nurmeineen's old 3,000-metre mark of 7min 25.11sec, set in Monte Carlo in 1994. Helped by pace-setters, Komen was about eight seconds ahead of the runner-up, who set his own record pace through 2,000 metres and ran alone the final four laps.

Wilson Kipteter, of Denmark, missed eclipsing Sebastian Coe's 15-year-old 800 metres world record by just 0.01sec when he clocked 1min 41.83sec at the same meeting.

**CYCLING**  
**Boardman targets Rominger record**

THE five-day world track cycling championships, which ended yesterday, provided a wonderful showcase for Manchester's National Cycling Centre, with nine records eclipsed, including the unforgettable performance by Chris Boardman, who took pursuing on to a new plane with his gold medal-winning time of 4min 11.11sec.

Boardman clearly relishes racing there. He could have chosen any velodrome he wished to make his planned attempt this week on the one-hour record of 55.291 kilometres, held by Tony Rominger. But he has settled for Manchester, with Friday as the provisional date for his bid to regain the record he last held in 1994.

Rob Hayles was the only British rider in action during the final session yesterday. The crowd at the sell-out finale rose as Hayles mounted a series of determined attacks in the 40 kilometre event (160 laps), gaining one point in the opening sprint and then going on to take a maximum five points in the second.

Those two efforts, however, appeared a sap Hayles's strength and he hardly figured again in a race that gave Juan Llaneras, of Spain, his first world title. He tied on points with Michael Stanud, of Denmark, but won after a comeback of the two riders' finishing positions in each of the 20 sprints.

Antonella Bellutti, the women's Olympic pursuit champion who had twice broken her own world record during the early rounds, suffered a surprise defeat in her semi-final match against Lucy Tyler-Sharman, of Australia.

Tyler-Sharman produced a last-lap challenge to Bellutti and went through to the final by the narrow margin of three hundredths of a second to meet Marion Clignet, of France.

The Australian used a conventional position and made a fast start in the final to draw ahead as Clignet wound up her high gear before she settled into the stretched-out "superman" style.

At the end of the first kilometre, Clignet established her superiority speeding smoothly ahead to clock a winning time of 3min 31.025sec.

**Sad collapse**

GOLF: Bill Longmuir saw his chance to clinch the Johnnie Walker PGA Cup for Great Britain and Ireland slip away with a disastrous collapse in the deciding final match at Gleneagles yesterday. Longmuir, of Stonyhill, bogeyed the final four holes to surrender a commanding two-hole lead and give Jeffrey Roth, his opponent, a surprising two-hole triumph that enabled the United States to retain the title.

That disappointing finale meant Great Britain and Ireland tied with their American counterparts at 13-13 in the prestigious biennial contest for club professionals. The visitors retain the Llandudno Trophy as the defending champions from two years ago at Palm Beach, Florida.

**Barn stormer**

HOCKEY: Mark Barn scored all three goals for England in a 3-1 victory over Belgium in the men's European Cup at Vejle, Denmark yesterday. The Belgians had scored first from a penalty corner, but the scores were level at 1-1 by half time. In the remaining pool A match, Holland defeated the Czech Republic 5-3. Bram Lomans, a member of the gold medal-winning team in Atlanta, scored four goals for the Dutch.

**Crump's aims**

SPEEDWAY: Jason Crump, 21, was crowned British Grand Prix champion at Hackney's London Stadium on Saturday night. His victory revived his hopes of staying in next year's grand prix series. Only the top eight finishers in this year's six-round series are certain to qualify.

**Eagles soar**

ICE HOCKEY: The one surprise in the first round of group matches in the Benson and Hedges Cup was the home defeat of the highly-touted Newcastle Cobras 6-3 by the Ayr Scottish Eagles, in which David St Pierre and Jiri Lala each scored two goals.

**Schoolgirl Gowshall shows way**

AMY GOWSHALL, a 17-year-old schoolgirl from Grimby Park Avenue, qualified for next year's British Isles junior singles championship when she won the English Under-25 singles final at Royal Leamington Spa yesterday.

Gowshall, who defeated Helen Pettit, of Shepherd's Bush, 21-6 in the final, looked on her way out in the semi-finals. She trailed Carol Haney, of Wigton, 6-10, but recovered her composure to score three twos and two threes on her way to a 21-19 victory.

Pettit had beaten two British junior champions on her way to the final, sweeping aside Lisa Smith, the 1994 champion, from Welford-on-Avon, who is expecting a baby in October, 21-5, then accounting for Kathryn Hindley, the reigning champion, of Wilton, in Wiltshire, 21-6.

Gail Fitzgerald, a Metropolitan Police Inspector, and her club-mate Audrey Moore, of Haynes Park, Hornchurch, won the National Women's Double Century Sherry pairs title on Saturday, beating Sheila Jones and Sue Hawksworth, from Bridport, 18-13 in the final.

Rather confusingly, perhaps, Gill Fitzgerald, of Kettering Lodge, Northampton, who is no relation, won the Hensliele Champion of Champions singles title. Fitzgerald did well to turn a 10-15 deficit into a 21-15 victory over Judy Fawcett, of Nafferton, in the final.

Lincolnshire won the Middleton Cup for the second time, at Warrington on Saturday, beating Worcestershire 112-102. Worcestershire making their first appearance in the final, won on three links and drew on a fourth, but Robbie Robertson, in his 31st Middleton Cup season, and Derek Skelton both posted 27-0 victories to tip the match Lincolnshire's way.

**TENNIS: VETERAN SWEDE MOVES SWEETLY TO QUARTER-FINAL ENCOUNTER WITH HENMAN OR MARTIN**

## Edberg swift to dispatch Haarhuis

FROM DAVID MILLER IN NEW YORK

MAYBE he had heard the meteorologist's forecasting that a hurricane was likely to sweep into Flushing Meadows sometime yesterday, Stefan Edberg, playing in his 54th consecutive grand-slam event, was in no mood for delay when dismissing Paul Haarhuis, of Holland, 6-1, 7-6, 6-1 to reach the quarter-final.

He will meet the winner of Tim Henman and Todd Martin, the No 12 seed, who were due to play in the early hours of this morning (BST).

Predictably, Edberg had the stadium centre court with him all the way and from first to last, with the exception of the only service game he lost, his backhand volley at the net was a thing of pure delight. In the best sense, he strikes the ball almost as though from memory, a rhythmic timing as perfect as a watch spring's.

Both men are 30 and they are ranked two places apart, Haarhuis the higher at No 26, yet their careers are at strangely different points. Haarhuis at his peak, Edberg enjoying his swansong tour. Here was yet one more match for Edberg to place upon the shelf of pleasant memories.

Haarhuis is something of a comedian. Perhaps that derives from having devoted much of his time to studying economics at universities in Savannah and Tallahassee from 1985 to 1988, and keeping the game in perspective. Asked how long he would continue playing, he replied: "Maybe a year, if I play the way I did today."

Even if nothing further were to happen of special note in the coming week, the US Open of 1996 is likely to be remembered for the first encounter between Anna Kournikova, the 15-year-old Russian prodigy, and Steffi Graf, queen of the women's game. Their

scheduled fourth-round meeting will be the focus of the first day of the second week, after Kournikova's outstanding victory late on Saturday night over Barbara Paulus, the No 14 seed, from Austria.

Prior to play yesterday, which, with the evening floodlit programme, continues into early morning, eight seeds had been eliminated in each of the men's and women's singles. The fascination of the men's draw is the probable quarter-final encounter between Andre Agassi and Thomas Muster, the respective No 6 and No 3 seeds, the two of them having earlier in the year had a war of words over Muster's ranking credentials as the No 1, based on a predominance of clay-court

Sometimes, she played serve-and-volley, when I didn't expect that."

Paulus considered that Kournikova has a different game from her equally youthful rival, Martina Hingis, of Switzerland — namely that Kournikova is the more aggressive, comes more to the net and is a sharp volleyer.

Kournikova's match temperament is exceptional. Asked whether she was disappointed to have lost a 3-0 lead in the final set against Paulus, she replied: "I was not disappointed at all, which was normal. I was trying to get back in the match."

Paulus had taken the first set 6-3, Kournikova then taking command to claim the second. With her service faltering slightly, her lead in the final set was erased as Paulus took four games in a row to lead 4-3 and had Kournikova 0-40 on her service. The young Russian's nerve held, she saved the game and, calmness itself, took the next two for the match. Considering the obsessiveness with which Kournikova trains, the freshness that she retains on court is not the least remarkable aspect of her performance. Graf is going to have to be wide awake.

The surviving seeds in the women's singles were Graf alone in the top quarter; all four — Sanchez Vicario (3), Hingis (16), Habsudova (17) and Novotna (7) — in the second quarter; Davenport (9), Martinez (4) and Seles (2) in the bottom half. All of these last-named three were scheduled to play late yesterday.

There were also eight surviving seeds in the men's singles, in which the top half of the third round was being completed yesterday. In the bottom half, besides Agassi v Wheaton and Muster v Enqvist, of Sweden, the No 13 seed, the bonum quarter of the already completed last 16 is Javier Sanchez, of Spain, v Arnaud Boetsch, of France, and Jacob Hlasek, of Switzerland, v Michael Chang, the No 2 seed. On Saturday, Chang survived a weary battle against Vince Spadea, from Florida, after being two sets to one down.

Results ..... 39

performances. Agassi, should he beat the big-serving David Wheaton, would have something to prove when he confronts the pile-driving Muster. Graf and Kournikova have never met. The occasion would be enough to overawe most youngsters of Kournikova's age, yet one of her most extraordinary qualities is her apparent immunity to the tensions of the big occasion. She sailed through her third-round match against Paulus with barely a sigh of dismay, never mind that there were repeated occasions when the tide seemed to have run against her.

Her self-possession is daunting for her older opponents. "I didn't expect her to be that good," Paulus said. "I'd never seen her except in the locker-room. I tried to play top spin, but I was too short and she made points everywhere."



Kournikova drives a high backhand during her three-set victory over Paulus

**RUGBY LEAGUE: BRADFORD'S VALIANT EFFORTS PROVE TO NO AVAIL IN PREMIERSHIP SEMI-FINAL**

## Evergreen Edwards saves day for Wigan

Wigan ..... 42  
Bradford Bulls ..... 36

By CHRISTOPHER IRVINE

WHEN Brian Smith returns to Sydney this week, the Bradford Bulls coach will reflect on the outstanding contribution of his team to the two best games of the season — and the reasons why he is going back to Australia without having won a cup.

At Wembley, in the finest Challenge Cup final in modern times, Bradford eventually subsided under an aerial bombardment by St Helens. In an intoxicating first Premiership semi-final, the ball came skidding, low and awkward. Three times, Shaun Edwards was on the end of it.

Smith's opinion that the best side lost was not misplaced. Indeed, Andrew Farrell, the Wigan captain, shared it. "Half the time we were running round like headless chickens," he said. "We were lucky. Every time we got on top, we stopped playing, and you can't do that against Bradford."

Edwards scored four tries, his first was a more conventional one in supporting Henry Paul. Overall, his performance was a reminder of his scoring prowess and of how much Great Britain will miss him at scrum half this

autumn in Papua, New Guinea, Fiji, and New Zealand. He requires knee surgery. Not that his reflexes appeared anything other than sharp on Saturday night.

His unsavoury tactics against Robbie Paul, his opponent, and Bradford's inspirational force, which brought Edwards an early sin-binning, were not worthy of him. What followed, was, though. Having earlier got

themselves into an extended contract at Wigan until 1998, Edwards put himself about the field to extraordinary effect.

In what was Robbie Paul's last game before a short-term move to rugby union at Harlequins, might have ended differently. He scored two fine tries, the first a carbon copy of his memorable Wembley hat-trick. Outside him, Graeme Bradley managed three, but

displays of individual brilliance are in compensation for having been in a losing cause.

The possibility of Wigan ending up with a harp trophy cabinet for the first time in 102 years remained, until injury time, and Ellison's second try. Bradford took them on a white-knuckle ride, a credit to how Smith, who is taking his athlete's touch to Parramatta, has transfused a team of have talents.

Western Samoa 28-16 in Saturday's final at Salford.

New Zealand won the third-fourth place final by beating France 22-20. England, who never fully recovered from their surprise loss in France on the opening day, lost the Bowl final 20-20 in South Africa. In a tournament in which few teams left empty-handed, the Plate competition went to Wales, who beat Ireland 20-12.

Leeds, in addition to putting Dean Clark, Alan Tait and George Mann up for sale in an end-of-season clearance, are looking to make a two-figure exchange deal with Wakefield. Trinity for Dario Powell, the Wales back, with Matthew Schultz and Marcus Vassiliakopoulos going to Bell View.

Keighley managed to put the crowd disturbances which marred their match with Hull to the back of their minds as they secured a place in the first division Premiership final with a 41-28 victory.

They will meet Salford, who comfortably overcame Hull Kingston Rovers 36-16 in the other semi-final, in the final at Old Trafford next Sunday.

Keighley got off to a flying start with tries from Martin Wood, Simon Irving, Jason Critchley and Keith Dickson, whose controversial touch-down sparked the disturbance. When play resumed the Cougars continued where they left off, with Dickson adding his second try.

Hull gave themselves some hope when the man of

the match, Mark Hewitt, went over from close range and converted to make the half-time score 28-6. Their resurgence continued in the second half and for a brief while an amazing fightback looked on the cards as they ran in four quick tries. Gary Divory led the way with two, after a try each to Gareth Stephens and John Aston.

However, two second half tries from Critchley and Phil Capillon, plus three Simon Irving conversions and a late drop goal from Jason Ramshaw, were enough to see Keighley home.

The Halifax Student World Cup was won by Australia, the holders, who lived up to their pre-tournament billing as clear favourites by overwhelming the newcomers of

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**Ruthless**

**Pakistan consolation dramatic**

**Shining K...**



# Ruthless Williams give Hill his marching orders



Williams: single-minded

BY OLIVER HOLT

THE MURKY truth of how it all happened still lies buried in a silt of subterfuge, but yesterday the depths surrendered their victim. At the beginning of the week in which Damon Hill will strive to achieve the crowning point of a dedicated and distinguished Formula One career, he was finally told what others have suspected for months: at the end of this season, he will be sacked by the Williams team.

Hill will climb into the cockpit of his Williams-Renault for the Italian Grand Prix at Monza on Sunday, his head swimming with the irony that a win for him there and anything less than third place for his team-mate and sole challenger, Jacques Villeneuve, will allow him to decorate his summary dismissal with the sport's most coveted prize, the drivers' world championship.

His first worry will be whether Williams will pour their energies into Villeneuve's efforts to overhaul his 13-point lead in the race for the title. The young Canadian is sure to be with the team next year and a championship victory for him would ensure the prestigious No 1 would adorn a Williams in 1997.

Yet Hill's long-term future, too, is now shrouded in doubt. Most of the top drivers for next season are already occupied and his best hope would seem to be the seat alongside David Coulthard at McLaren, should it be vacated by Mika Hakkinen, or a place in the ambitious Jordan-Peugeot team, who could use sponsorship money from Benson and Hedges to pay his salary.

Hill's place at Williams next season is now almost certainly taken by Heinz-Harald Frentzen, the highly-rated German driver,

who was once thought a better prospect than Michael Schumacher. Williams tried to sign Frentzen, 29, after the death of Ayrton Senna in May 1994, but Frentzen chose to honour his contract with the Swiss Sauber team, for whom he has raced in 45 grands prix, with a best finish of third.

Sources inside the Williams team insisted again yesterday that the deal with Frentzen had been concluded almost a year ago, between the Pacific and Japanese grands prix in the last week of October. It was kept a fiercely-guarded secret and the charade of negotiations with other drivers, especially Hill, was enthusiastically pursued.

The news sent shockwaves through the sport yesterday and is likely to dismay ITV, who have just paid £70 million to cover Formula One for the next five years in Britain and are now faced with a champion-

ship battle between two Germans, Frentzen and Michael Schumacher, in his Ferrari, and a French-Canadian, Villeneuve.

The statement from Williams, when it came, was curt. A response to the news from Hill's manager, Michael Breen, that the team had broken off contract negotiations with their leading driver, it spoke briefly of how the Englishman's "services" would not be required next year. His replacement, it said, would be announced "in due course". There were no thanks for four years of service, no acknowledgment of the way Hill had led the team through its despair when Ayrton Senna was killed at Imola in May 1994, no praise for the way he has dominated the Formula One championship this season with seven victories from 13 races.

In past years, Williams, who holds a barely-disguised contempt

for the self-importance assumed by most modern grand prix drivers, has made a habit of parting company with world champions. Nelson Piquet left at the end of 1987, Nigel Mansell stormed off to the IndyCar series after his triumph in 1992 and Alain Prost retired at the end of 1993 when he realised Williams had signed Senna to be his team-mate the following year.

Williams, of course, holds the whip hand because he has the best car, a sublime piece of engineering that is a tribute to the excellence of his technical director, Patrick Head, and his chief designer, Adrian Newey. Those who doubt Hill's talent claim he has only been so successful because of the machinery at his disposal.

This time, though, Williams has gone one better by sacking Hill, 35, who has won 20 of his 64 grands prix, a ratio third only to Juan

Fangio and Jim Clark, before he has even clinched the championship.

Some observers were already suggesting yesterday that Hill had priced himself out of the drive by pushing Williams far too much money, but Hill and Breen had long acknowledged they would not be able to extract a big rise out of the team owner and were prepared to settle for a modest salary.

The search for a motive for Williams' decision probably need not be extended beyond the person of Schumacher. Williams is worried that he and Ferrari will be a greater threat next season and is desperate to stave off their revival. When Frentzen was signed last season, he was the sport's hottest prospect and Hill was going through a torrid time at the hands of Schumacher. Things have changed now, but for the Englishman, his probable first rôle has come too late to save his job.

## CRICKET: CENTURIES ON SUCCESSIVE DAYS FOR WARWICKSHIRE LEFT-HANDER AS ENGLAND SECURE TEXACO TROPHY BY 2-1 MARGIN

# Pakistan salvage consolation in dramatic fashion

BY ALAN LEE, CRICKET CORRESPONDENT

TRENT BRIDGE (England won toss): Pakistan beat England by two wickets

THERE was a desultory, irrelevant air to proceedings at Trent Bridge yesterday but trying to tell that to Nick Knight. While Pakistan, breathlessly and wilfully, salvaged a consolation win from a Texaco Trophy series they had already lost, Knight was flustered by the feathers of cricket statisticians by making his second international century in successive days.

This was quite some achievement for a man who only made his one-day debut for England on Thursday and Knight, whose durable temperament at this level was already acknowledged, has now added an adaptable approach to his growing list of virtues.

In a generally unproductive summer for England, he has been a significant gain.

Knight claimed a further distinction yesterday by carrying his bat through 50 overs, besting an innings that, in all other respects, fell short of expectations. England totalled 246 and, even against a patchwork Pakistan side, this seemed insufficient. They looked likely to be beaten without recourse to nailbiting drama but from the sturdy platform of 177 for two Pakistan indulged in kamikaze cricket to produce a finish of high farce and considerable tension.

Five wickets were lost for 42 inside ten overs before Rashid Latif, who had tried so hard to run himself out that he even set off to the pavilion after misreading the third umpire's traffic light signal, finally got them home with two balls and two wickets in hand. England, while not at their best, remained hard to beat and

ended the day with rather more dignity than the victors. It might be said that this game was devalued before it began. A best-of-three series rather loses its edge when one team wins the first two and the response of the Pakistanis, vanquished despite starting out as firm favourites, was to give the also-rans of their touring party an outing. Their five changes saw Inzamam-ul-Haq, Salim Malik and Mushtaq Ahmed omitted, among others, and provided one-day international debuts for three players.

Some things did not change. Wasim Akram maintained his 100 per cent record with the toss for choice of balls, and has now won a remarkable six out of six, and the state of the series did not discourage a

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third consecutive capacity crowd. They were amusing themselves with doleful football chants and Mexican waves before the diverting finish claimed their attention. England might have been out of range if Alec Stewart's rich form had not let him down at the last. His previous scores against Pakistan, in Test and Texaco matches, were a model of consistency — 39, 89, 170, 44, 54, 48 and 46. Yesterday, he had made only three when he went back to Wasim, misjudged the slowness of the pitch and jabbed a tame return catch.

Pakistan's fielding has been memorably sub-standard in these games and they paid a heavy price for missing a regulation chance in the 12th over. Knight pulled Waqar at comfortable height to square leg, where Ijaz fumbled it.

Knight announced his intentions by stroking the next ball sweetly through cover and added two more fours in the over.

Wasim reacted with his first bowling change and the introduction of Shahid Nazir, 18, was a painful experience for Michael Atherton. The England captain was hit on the right thumb by a rising ball and retired hurt.

Initial reports that he would take no further part proved premature — Atherton is made of sterner stuff. He returned at the fall of the fifth wicket and led the side in the field but did submit to an X-ray last night.

The remainder of England's innings would have been a sorry saga but for the sustaining influence of Knight. Not quite as cavalier as he had been on Saturday, he nevertheless exerted a control which proved beyond any of his team-mates.

As Maynard, Lloyd, Irani and Hoolioake all squandered the opportunity to impress, Knight pressed on busily, hitting relatively few boundaries but missing no chance to pull the Pakistani fielding under pressure. He became the first Englishman to make successive one-day centuries since Graham Gooch, a spectator here, in 1985.

Saeed Anwar set Pakistan on course with a fluent 61 and in 15 overs they had made 92 without loss. Until Aamir Sohail was third out, to the admirable Croft, they were batting with quiet authority.

Thereafter, they seemed possessed by demons and conceded four wickets to the unconsidered bowling of Hoolioake for the second successive day. It was crazy cricket but at least it gave the spectators something to remember.



Knight waves bat and helmet as the crowd applaud his hundred at Trent Bridge

# Assured Croft makes sure of tour place

BY ALAN LEE

EDGBASTON (Pakistan won toss): England beat Pakistan by 107 runs

ROBERT CROFT has seen his life change inside a fortnight. His profile is suddenly high, his talent acknowledged unquestioningly. The Welsh will not be remotely surprised by this, simply puzzled that the English took so long to listen to their insistence that Croft is the best slow bowler in the country.

They have always rated him highly in Glamorgan and resented the fact that England appeared to come up with endless alternatives. This calendar year alone, Mike Watkinson, Richard Illingworth, Neil Smith, Min Patel and Ian Salisbury were preferred before the selectors turned, almost apologetically, to Croft, and the Welsh will tell you that none of them matches up to their man.

It began to look as if Croft, at 26, would become no more than a county journeyman, one of those to whom the fast lane was mysteriously prohibited, until selection for the last Test match of summer proved him to be one of those rare, self-confident cricketers who have no need to crave a second chance.

He was England's best bowler at the Oval, a distinction he has since maintained in the Texaco one-day internationals. He is precise in his control and contrives to be simultaneously unflappable yet bubbling with enthusiasm. Those who continued to doubt him, believing his range limited, will surely have been reassured by the way in which he took his two wickets at Edgbaston on Saturday, two critical contributions towards the overwhelming win that guaranteed England the trophy.

First, he snared Inzamam. Quite what a potential match-winner was doing coming in as low as No 5, with the total a sorry 54 for three, is a matter for the Pakistani tacticians to regret, but Croft sensed his anxiety, saw him advancing down the pitch and dragged the ball shorter to prevent Inzamam getting to the pitch. Maynard, Croft's county captain, took the catch at long-on as if it was a rehearsed Glamorgan manoeuvre.

Croft's dismissal of Ijaz Ahmed, who had played some wondrous strokes in making 79 from 80 balls, was different but equally impressive. Croft's natural one-day trajectory is flat and he deceived Ijaz with a ball of looping flight, perfectly pitched and turning enough to defeat the drive and bowl him between bat and pad — a classical piece of off spin.

Croft is a countryman, fond of shooting and fishing in the Welsh winters. He will have to sacrifice such pleasures in favour of touring Zimbabwe and New Zealand this winter, and if his suddenly automatic selection in the senior tour party says much about debutant English bowling, it also reflects admirably on the im-

pression he has made in a remarkably short time.

There were others keen to emulate him. Irani and Hoolioake are scrapping over one touring vacancy, as the putative all-rounder, and neither damaged his prospects. However, while Irani made his mark as a batsman, the stronger suit in both their games, Hoolioake's four late wickets were of more significance to his ambitions than to an already expired game.

Irani batted sensibly and unselfishly after England had declined from 103 without loss to 168 for four. He ensured that they batted out the overs — something Pakistan culpably failed to do later — and his unbeaten 45 took them to a formidable 292 for eight.

Two years ago, on a similarly immaculate Edgbaston pitch, Australia comfortably chased 278 to win a Texaco Trophy game. Pakistan might have been inspired by that but, instead, their innings perished through the impetuosity and muddled thinking that they avoided in the Test series. Hoolioake's late strikes, gained with judicious use of variations in pace, simply brought the game to a premature end.

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Croft: confident

Darren Gough, who not only took three wickets but also demonstrated that his action, and ability to bowl late inswing, are fully restored. In a collection of compelling England performances, though, there was only one serious candidate for the man-of-the-match award.

Shoddy fielding apart, the reason why Pakistan are a reduced force in limited-overs cricket is that Wasim Akram and Waqar Younis are unable to bowl as they do in Test matches. Wasim is denied the short ball, Waqar the opportunity to employ reverse swing with an old, scuffed ball. Perhaps they should not open the bowling in this cricket but, when they did so, Nick Knight treated them with rare disrespect.

His century, made in only his second one-day international, was a breathtaking affair, including some daredevil charges against the new ball. By the time 15 overs had passed, and the field could spread, England's total was 111, the game was all but won, and Knight was being acclaimed on his home ground.

# Shining Knight illuminates end-of-season offering

By George, he's got it. It is, after all, one of sport's great pleasures: to be there at the moment when a great player emerges from the chrysalis of potential and for the first time takes wing. So and so did well, someone will say. Yes, you reply, I think he's got it, you know.

That was the standard conversation at Wimbledon this year. And I, like many others, was convinced that he had got it. When Tim Henman served an ace when match point down, I knew we were not watching just another gallant Brit enjoying his moment in the sun.

No, playing on Centre Court against the No 5 seed was not for Henman the

fulfilment of a dream, that was obvious. Henman was not surprised to be there, and not particularly grateful, either. It was merely for him the logical next step. His decent showing at the US Open reconfirms that slightly spooky feeling so many of us had about him — that we might be seeing the start of something really rather good.

I wonder if the same sort of thing has been happening around the Midlands in the last couple of days. Everytime you turn to the cricket, there is Nick Knight with his bat in the air and his helmet in his hand, acknowledging yet another landmark.

He has scored two centuries in two days, enough to make even the most convinced athe-

## Simon Barnes on an England find with the potential for real greatness

ist believe that there might be some meaning to the existence of the Texaco Trophy, the otherwise footling end-of-season series of one-dayers. These can be set alongside Knight's maiden Test match hundred three weeks' back, necessarily an affair of rather more gravitas.

Has he got it, then? Well, perhaps. Both these hundreds were intriguing not for their flashiness, but for their composure, their control. For all the exuberance of some of the shots, the runs were logically compiled. As with Henman, though not to the same

marked extent, there is a touch of coldness in Knight. The Saturday hundred was memorable for some voluptuous shot making in the first 15 overs, but any batsman of considerable talent, might do that. But after the thrilling hit, and the loss of two sudden wickets, Knight had the nous to lift his foot of the gas pedal and to play a different game. His 50 took 47 balls, his 100 took 120.

Yesterday, two batsmen went early (though Atherton, retiring hurt, was to come back) and again, Knight adjusted his game, offering a

more measured knock. This time he reached 50 in 58 and again the 100 in 120, an unbeaten 125 runs in all. Throughout, he was unembarrassed by the responsibility, by the sense of occasion and by the cluster of wickets at the other end. So perhaps he has got it.

Yes, but got what, I hear you ask. Not an easy question. A future, yes, that is one answer. As for talent, no, not exactly. The talent for having talent (a favourite theme of mine) that is a more important part of the answer, but not yet the whole of it.

It is not exactly this business of coldness either. Or not necessarily. In Henman's coldness, in Knight's composure, there lies the secret, but

the coldness itself is not the secret. These things are only the indicators. For when Dominic Cork emerged last summer, it was plain that he had it but what he had was indicated by heat rather than chill, by inspiration rather than calculation.

I think I can only define it by a negative. It is a lack of vertigo. There is absolutely no sense of 'well, gosh, here I am, what a hoot and maybe I can hang about at this level for a little bit longer yet'. No, for players who have got it, to be at 'this level' gives no great sense of achievement, still less privileged. Nor 'this level' is merely a base camp from which assaults on the high peaks of sport's mountain range can be mounted.

England won toss	ENGLAND	PAKISTAN
N V Knight not out (210min, 145 balls, 9 fours)	125	Saeed Anwar b Martin (61min, 50 balls, 3 fours)
A J Stewart c and b Wasim	30	Shahid Nazir b Martin (37min, 23 balls)
M Atherton c Shahid b Wasim	30	O Gough b Wasim (10min, 11 balls)
M P Maynard b Shahid	24	R O B Croft b Waqar (3min, 1 ball)
G D Lloyd c Shahid b Sarfraz	15	P J Martin run out (Wasim) (3min, 4 balls)
R C Irani b Shahid	0	A O Mullaly b Waqar (5min, 3 balls)
A J Hoolioake c and b Sarfraz	13	Extras (lb 2, nb 4, w 9, nb 4)
O Gough b Wasim	5	Total (50 overs, 210min)
R O B Croft b Waqar	0	FALL OF WICKETS: 1-10 (Knight 67), 2-108 (Knight 55), 3-137 (Knight 67), 4-139 (Knight 68), 5-179 (Knight 86)
P J Martin run out (Wasim)	0	
A O Mullaly b Waqar	2	
Extras (lb 2, nb 4, w 9, nb 4)	23	
Total (50 overs, 210min)	246	
FALL OF WICKETS: 1-10 (Knight 67), 2-108 (Knight 55), 3-137 (Knight 67), 4-139 (Knight 68), 5-179 (Knight 86)		

Pakistan won toss	ENGLAND	PAKISTAN
N V Knight at Man b Sarfraz (181min, 132 balls, 11 fours)	113	Saeed Anwar c Stewart b Gough (37min, 25 balls, 1 six, 4 fours)
A J Stewart b Mushtaq	46	Aamir Sohail c Croft b Gough (2min, 3 balls)
M Atherton b Mushtaq	1	Moin Khan bow b Muttiah (3min, 1 ball)
O P Thorpe bow b Aamir-Rahman	21	R C Irani not out (45min, 32 balls, 1 six, 1 four)
D Gough run out (Sarfraz)	1	A J Hoolioake run out (Sarfraz/Moin) (25min, 20 balls, 1 four)
M P Maynard run out (Sarfraz)	0	D Gough run out (Wasim) (11min, 1 ball)
R C Irani not out (45min, 32 balls, 1 six, 1 four)	45	R O B Croft b Waqar (5min, 5 balls)
A J Hoolioake run out (Sarfraz/Moin)	15	Ijaz Ahmed b Croft (15min, 13 balls, 1 four)
D Gough run out (Wasim)	1	O W Headley not out (5min, 4 balls)
R O B Croft b Waqar	0	Extras (lb 25, w 4, nb 3)
O W Headley not out	3	Total (60 wickets, 150min)
P J Martin not out	22	FALL OF WICKETS: 1-103 (Knight 51), 2-105 (Knight 52), 3-163 (Knight 84), 4-168 (Knight 88), 5-221 (Iran 22), 6-257 (Iran 33), 7-257 (Iran 33), 8-256 (Iran 42)
Extras (lb 25, w 4, nb 3)	32	
Total (60 wickets, 150min)	292	
FALL OF WICKETS: 1-103 (Knight 51), 2-105 (Knight 52), 3-163 (Knight 84), 4-168 (Knight 88), 5-221 (Iran 22), 6-257 (Iran 33), 7-257 (Iran 33), 8-256 (Iran 42)		

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CRICKET

Fletcher unhappy as Yorkshire win Leeds lottery

By PAT GIBSON

HEADINGLEY (Yorkshire won toss; Yorkshire (4pts) beat Essex by six wickets)

SUNDAY cricket was never meant to be like this. The crowds keep turning up in their thousands in the hope of seeing exhilarating strokeplay and a breathtaking finish, but there was no chance of either on a dreadful pitch, which meant that winning the toss was tantamount to winning the game.

Not that Yorkshire were complaining. Their eighth win in nine matches ensured that they will be one of the counties in contention for the AXA Equity & Law League title when they play Nottinghamshire in their last game, at Scarborough a week on Sunday. A full house is assured. Essex, for their part, were simply relieved that they had gone through the match unscathed only six days before they meet Lancashire in the NatWest Trophy final at Lord's. The fact that this was their eighth successive defeat, their worst run in 28 years of Sunday cricket, seemed of little concern.

They had gone into the game without Gooch, who is allowed to decide for himself whether or not to play on Sundays, and Paul Richardson, the captain, who was having a rest because of the double stress fracture of his back. In their absence, young players like Hodgson, Hibbert, and Peters could hardly be expected to cope with a pitch of unacceptably uneven bounce, extravagant movement off the seam and considerable turn.

TABLE

Table with 5 columns: Team, P, W, L, DNRS, RR. Lists various cricket teams and their performance statistics.

(Last season's positions in brackets)

est score in the competition. Lewis spared them that indignity by eking out 21 off 54 balls before Stemp had him leg before and Andrew provided them with unexpected riches by making 32 off 69 balls. He and Such had shared a stand of 38, the biggest of an innings which contained only six boundaries, when he holed out to square leg, off Stemp. The pitch was still not easy when Yorkshire went in, but at least they knew what they had to do and with Hussain seemingly under the misapprehension that he could defend a total of 108, Byas and Moxon were able to give them a decent start.

Moxon was then leg before to float, but Vaughan joined his captain in a stand of 51 in 13 overs, which had effectively decided the issue by the time he charged down the pitch looking for a single in which Byas had no interest and was run out by 20 yards.

The remaining runs came in a flurry of boundaries from Hartley, White and McGrath, while Byas remained unbeaten on 40. That, added to a sequence of 61, 56 and 111 not out in his previous three Sunday games, has brought some relief to what, by his own admission, has been a moderate season with the bat.

Afterwards, Keith Fletcher, Essex's cricket consultant, said that something had to be done about the poor quality of one-day pitches, such as introducing the kind of penalties imposed for sub-standard surfaces in the championship. "I'm just happy that we got through without any injuries on this sort of pitch," he said.

Kent offer feeble challenge

By JACK BAILEY

TUNBRIDGE WELLS (Kent won toss; Nottinghamshire (4pts) beat Kent by seven wickets)

THE double achieved last year by Kent — bottom of the championship, top of the AXA Equity & Law League — will almost certainly elude Nottinghamshire. The patent taken out by Durham on the first part of it will foil any aspirations they have in that direction. They will probably have to be content with seventeenth place.

They remain on course, however, to win the Sunday competition. Yesterday, they gave Kent a thrashing, bowling them out for 99 in 27.5 overs and knocking off the runs with nearly 17 overs to spare, quite spoiling the day for a crowd at the Nevill who had every right to expect Kent to do a great deal better.

With one of two notable exceptions Kent played like a team whose hearts and minds were elsewhere. Only Graham Cowdrey gave the bowlers much to think about. Too many loose strokes were played early on, too little resolution shown thereafter.

Nottinghamshire are full of the confidence which springs from a sequence of seven games without defeat. Their seam attack is just the right pace to use the enhanced swing available with the white ball, and ever-alert fielders backed them to the hilt.

The combination of Nottinghamshire's virtues and Kent's deficiencies proved just too much in a match which began at 1pm. Within an hour of the normal 2pm start, Kent were all out and supporters arriving late had only the consolation of knowing they had missed much of the debacle.

Kent never recovered from losing two wickets for six during the first three overs. If Fulton, yet to get off the mark in this Tunbridge Wells week, thought that wearing Ward's shirt would change his luck, he was disappointed. An edged stroke to a wide ball from Evans, which was going wider, brought a diving catch out of Noon.

Thereafter, almost every Nottinghamshire bowler struck gold, none more richly than Cairns. Apparently recovered from Saturday's grain strain, he ripped out Kent's middle order, including Cowdrey, whose 38 included four and six from successive balls.

Nottinghamshire, with time aplenty, needed no batting heroics. First Robinson then Metcalfe played sensibly, easing their team to the easiest of victories.



A village cricket watcher forsakes his local ground for the unique pleasure of a day out at Lord's

Village values under microscope

By IVO TENNANT

LORD'S (Caldy won toss; Caldys beat Langleybury by six runs)

IT DOES NOT take a blacksmith to pronounce that village cricket is not what it was. The ancients would have been wiped off the green or, indeed, Lord's, by those who took part in the 25th national final, sponsored by Alliance & Leicester.

Giro, yesterday, what has not changed is that sides are still closely matched. Caldys, founded on Merseyside in 1921, beat Langleybury, of Hertfordshire, in a contest that was not concluded until the final over.

What, now, constitutes a village? Langleybury, which has a population of 250, draw all their players from neighbouring Walford and Bushey and see nothing unfair in this. They run three sides a day and play in the Hertfordshire Premier Division. To give an idea of the standard, John Carr, who retires from first-class cricket this month, will be playing against them next year.

Even away from metropolitan, the population shifts rapidly. Few from the 659 villages who entered the competition this year will have grown up and remained in the same parish. No longer is there a blacksmith who unbuckles his belt and metamorphoses into a

fast bowler or a curate who sheds the cassock which hid his flannels that morning. Any village side which reaches Lord's includes numerous cricketers of a decent club standard. And it shows. The rules for entry are clear enough but they have been bent, if not broken, on many occasions down the years. The Cricketer, which dreamt up and has always run this competition, state that a village has to be a rural community surrounded on all sides by open country and consisting of not more than 3,000 inhabitants. A first-class cricketer is not allowed to take part until he has reached the age of 60.

One year, the secretary of a

Lancashire village rang up the magazine to say that there was a West Indian down in the scorebook as R. White who was knocking his players' heads off. Did they know or was it turned out to be Roy Gilchrist, whom West Indies once sent home from India for bowling beamers.

Several sides calling themselves villages have applied for inclusion but, upon inspection, are found to have no geographical base. Nearly 50 villages have been disqualified by Ben Brodbeck, proprietor of The Cricketer, whose jovial exterior conceals sharp business acumen. "There is no way we can monitor 659 sides," he said. "We have to rely on the

honesty of the secretaries, who all sneak on each other, anyway. You would think the regulations are watertight, but each year some villages seem to get round them and we have to keep sending off letters.

"Hurstley Park arrived late for the eve-of-final dinner one year because they had beaten Bournemouth and won the Southern League that afternoon. I had to tell them they were not playing village cricket and would have to leave the competition the following year. St Fagan's had to go because they were not playing on our terms. This season, Woodmancote were not breaking any rules except the spirit of the event — they were playing from all around. So they were disqualified, too," he said. Nonetheless, it is almost impossible to prevent what can amount to a transfer system.

The standard of Caldys can best be gauge from the fact that they are one of the most successful sides in the north west of England. At least there were no tantrums, no bouncers and no pitch invasions yesterday. Before a sizeable, good-tempered crowd, Langleybury needed 12 runs off the final over and gained five of them amid the inevitable flurry of falling wickets. Yet in an era of change, village cricket is no longer a timeless, bucolic affair.

LORD'S SCOREBOARD

Scoreboard for Caldys vs Langleybury. Includes batting and bowling statistics for both teams.

YESTERDAY'S SCOREBOARDS

Summary of various cricket matches and their results, including team names and scores.

Surrey almost shoot themselves in the foot

By RUPERT COX

THE OVAL (Warwickshire won toss; Surrey (4pts) beat Warwickshire by two wickets)

IT WAS as well for Surrey that without the elder Hollister, Stewart and Thorpe, an international duty, they had sufficient resources and quality to overcome Warwickshire by two wickets with two balls to spare. Anything less and a dressing-room inquest would surely have ensued.

A week ago, Chris Lewis lost his international place due to his tardiness; yesterday, at the Oval, Surrey — led by Lewis — in like manner appeared to have shut themselves in the lock by conceding 27 extras during the Warwickshire innings, and in managing 27 overs in their allotted time incurred a fine of £1,331 — Surrey's third such penalty of the season.

After only two overs, and with form the scoreboard, Tim Munton would have been well satisfied with his decision to bat. Martin Bicknell, in the match's first over, bowled five wickets, the white ball proving difficult to control, as the day's toll of 36 wides confirmed. However, once Surrey's bowlers located the business area, batting was hazardous as extravagant bounce and lateral movement saw Warwickshire struggle to resist the home team's attack.

At 37 for two, Surrey turned to their tall Australian, Brendon Julian, and he immediately accounted for Neil Smith, the visitors' leading batsman in Sunday cricket. Warwickshire declined yet further, losing two wickets in

Jocoy Benjamin's opening over, the thirteenth, as Ostler and Penny were discouraged by the swing and perished to catches behind the wicket.

As at Tunbridge Wells and Headingley, an early finish seemed to be beckoning, but with Michael Burns and Douggie Brown barring in their uncomplicated and forthright styles 80 runs were added in 17 overs, allowing Warwickshire to progress beyond the bounds of respectability. Brown's enterprising 69, embellished by seven fours, spanned 74 balls, a characteristically positive innings, full of strong leg-side strokes, before he scooped a catch to mid-wicket to become Benjamin's third victim.

The loss of three overs left Surrey requiring five-an-over to add four points to their Sunday tally, and just as in Warwickshire's innings they were assisted by a lack of discipline among the bowlers. Alistair Brown, though, after one quality drive over extra cover, was outstandingly held behind the wicket by Keith Piper, diving full-length in his right, leaving the two left-handers, Mark Butcher and Darren Bicknell, to launch Surrey's aggressive response.

Warwickshire's bowlers eventually quelled the tide and loughed themselves back into the match. Gladstone Small completing his eight overs for 29 in collecting two wickets. Warwickshire's profligacy managed to exceed Surrey's with 30 extras, and the home team could only scramble past the winning post — a first Sunday league title remains within their grasp.

Walton keeps hopes alive

By IVO TENNANT

Derbyshire v Gloucestershire

Derbyshire (4pts) beat Gloucestershire by two wickets

Derbyshire's batting was a disappointment, at least to their own supporters. Although Alleyne contributed an excellent innings of 38 and Lynch a more forceful 25, Nottinghamshire's seamers took wickets with regularity.

At Home, Neil Fairbrother equalled his best score in this competition, 93, enabling Lancashire to gain a victory by four wickets. He struck nine fours and a six in a run-a-ball innings before losing his wicket in the penultimate over. This was after the collapse of the Sussex middle order, a state of affairs not wholly rectified by a partnership of 65 between Moores and Mark Newell.

Somerset's best opening partnership of the season, 133 in 27 overs between Lathwell and Bowler, was a considerable factor in their seventh-wicket win over Leicestershire, their fourth successive victory.

Derbyshire v Worcestershire

Derbyshire (4pts) beat Worcestershire by two wickets

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Gloucestershire v Northamptonshire

Gloucestershire (4pts) beat Northamptonshire by two wickets

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Emphatic victory keeps India on course

By OUR SPORTS STAFF

INDIA brushed aside Zimbabwe by seven wickets yesterday to collect their first points in the four-nation Singer Cup limited overs tournament in Colombo and stay in contention for a place in the final.

Stung by an embarrassing nine-wicket defeat by Sri Lanka in their first match, India raised their game to record a badly-needed win. They dismissed Zimbabwe for a modest 226 after Sachin Tendulkar had won the toss on a damp wicket. Tendulkar and Ajay Jadhava then put on 91 for the first wicket by the fifteenth over to set up victory with 37 balls to spare.

Tendulkar, who made 110 against Sri Lanka in his first match as India captain, hit 40 off 46 balls. Jadhava, the man of the match, contributed a more sedate 69.

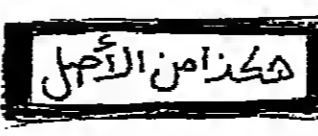
India play Australia on Thursday to decide Sri Lanka's opponents in the final, to be played on September 7. Defeat yesterday ended Zimbabwe's hopes.

Zimbabwe's innings revolved around a brisk 84-run partnership for the fifth wicket between Andy Flower and Brian Wishtart after India had restricted them to 116 for four in 31 overs. Flower, who passed the captaincy to Alistair Campbell in order to concentrate on his batting, hit a patient 79 as Wishtart went after the bowling.

Wishtart hit three sixes and three fours in his 53 off 39 balls to lift Zimbabwe to 200 for four, but India claimed the last six wickets for the addition of just 26 runs to keep the victory target down to 4.5 runs an over.

Tendulkar and Jadhava punished a limited Zimbabwe attack, but after the captain fell — top-edging a pull off Streak to mid-on — the scoring rate dropped. However, Azharuddin, with an unbeaten 40, and Kamli (29), carried their side home with an unbroken 68-run stand for the fourth wicket.

Match statistics for India vs Zimbabwe, including batting and bowling figures for both teams.





# Jones looks down from summit on hapless Durham

When Dean Jones scanned the future programme for his first summer as captain of Derbyshire it may have amused him to see that it would end with a home game against Durham. Even by adding a touch of conceit in his natural self-confidence, though, he can hardly have imagined the scenario that could now surround the fixture.

Jones, by his own admission, was a matter of hours away from resigning for Durham when a counter offer from the Derbyshire chairman, Mike Horton, caused him to pause and change direction. It was the best rethink of his life. When the clubs meet on September 10, Derbyshire may need to win to secure their first championship in 10 years, but nothing will save Durham from finishing bottom yet again.

There will be an additional pathos to the game, for it was the opportunity to captain, as much as the belief that they might win

something, that drew Jones to Derby and left Durham feeling affronted. They already had a resident captain, in Mike Roseberry, but on Saturday, just as Jones was leading his adopted side to the head of the table, Roseberry was resigning in despair.

Few can blame him. Of all the jobs in professional sport, captaining Durham must number among the most distressing.

Roseberry might have felt he was making progress when they won four games and climbed off the bottom last year but he knows better now. They have not won a championship match all season and the latest defeat, by Glamorgan, was their tenth, most of them inflicted with more than a day to spare.

It is not easy to know where they go from here. Launched, on a tide of goodwill and optimism, almost five years ago, the Durham experiment has gone badly wrong. While the infrastructure is good, with a

spanking new ground and a catchment area of willing supporters, their pitches at Chester-le-Street have been destructively poor and the young, local talent they crave has been slow to mature. Results, meanwhile, are so dreadful that even money cannot tempt good players to the club.

Geoff Cook, their harassed director of cricket, was away on a business trip when Roseberry stood down and there is speculation in the area that he has an overseas captain in his sights, possibly Sachin Tendulkar.

The first thing that will be asked, especially at Derby in the final week of the season, is why they allowed a more obvious and available candidate to slip through their grasp.

Jones, however, is now on the threshold of an achievement that will compare with anything in his colourful career. The highlight of his years with Australia was a double-century in the debilitating



ALAN LEE  
Championship Commentary

heat of Madras, ten years ago. Few men would have been capable of that innings but, arguably, even fewer would have fancied themselves to lead dowdy old Derbyshire to the title. His greatest feat has been to invest the club with an unaccustomed jauntness. One can quibble with their emphasis — this week they included five seam bowlers and one spinner — but not their style.

They did not bother to charge for admission at Queen's Park on Saturday, so confident were they that Worcestershire would soon succumb. But a four-figure crowd still turned up, evidence of the swelling acknowledgement of a local phenomenon, and saw Derbyshire claim a fourth successive win.

They lead the field by eight points this morning, and will retain the advantage unless Essex improbably conjure another 148 runs from their remaining five wickets at Headingley — a significant match turned on its head by a maiden century from Richard Kettleborough just as Essex's sixth consecutive victory looked a formality.

Jones will have appreciated the spirit involved in that innings, for

he will have realised that Essex would be hard to peg back over the last three rounds of the fixture list. Instead, the likelihood is that Derbyshire will now have their destiny in their own hands, along with an enviable run-in.

On Thursday they go to Taunton to play a Somerset side that has just lost inside two days to Derbyshire's neighbours and closest challengers, Leicestershire. Somerset have trouble in their camp and are presently playing the cricket of a rudderless ship.

After that, it is back home to Derby for the last two games. The first of them is against Warwickshire, which has the potential to be a symbolic handover, and then Durham arrive for the poignant last rites. It will not be a pleasant experience for the visitors, who are to be led, temporarily and inconspicuously, by the mild and unambitious Simon Brown, but it could be salutary if they look hard enough.

Three years ago, Derbyshire were in a mess, different to Durham's situation but arguably more serious. The club was virtually bankrupt, banks were threatening to foreclose and the committee was in disarray after the abrupt departure of three of the county club's key employees.

Enter Horton, a local businessman made good with a love of sport matched only by a desire for a challenge. This, he concurs, was the greatest of his life.

Horton turned the club around financially, made it stable and gave it fresh direction. Yet he has not had an easy ride as chairman and, even this year, he has considered resigning over what he regards as mediocre seasons.

He says he will only remain if he can see the club going forward and I imagine winning the championship would be a decent start. From desperate poverty to potential glory in three years — that is the type of tale to inspire poor Durham.

## Warwickshire's decline could prove temporary

By SIMON WILDE

IT MAY not be possible to divine the champions-to-be from the Britannic Assurance county championship table this evening, but one thing is almost certain: Warwickshire, winners for the past two years, will not be competing what before the season began, was a widely anticipated hat-trick of titles.

Since being unexpectedly outplayed by Hampshire in their second match, Warwickshire have, in fact, rarely been convincing championship contenders, never lying higher than equal third, and that for only a week in mid-June. They effectively lost their grip on the title during the past few days at the Oval, where against Surrey, title aspirants themselves, they suffered their heaviest defeat for 11 years.

All this is curious, as there is a popular notion that there is not an outstanding team in this season's competition and Warwickshire were anything but ordinary when they triumphed in 1994 and 1995. Last year, for instance, they won an unrivalled proportion of their matches.

Contrary to the general view, Phil Neale, Warwickshire's director of coaching, believes that his county's struggles are partly due to a "levelling up" of standards.

"A lot of counties have toughened up this season," he said. "Last year we won nine wickets by an innings or ten wickets but generally this season there has been greater competitiveness. Sides are harder to beat. The introduction of three points for a draw has made a big difference."

But there have been other, less welcome, reasons why a club famed for its innovativeness has sometimes appeared mundane. The absence of key players through injuries has been more pronounced than ever, with Reeve, the captain, forced to retire in July with a chronic hip complaint and Pollock, the overseas signing, returning home last week for an ankle operation.

More predictably, Knight has often been called away by England and Twose, a solid producer of runs and useful change bowler who emigrated to New Zealand last year, has not been adequately replaced.

Without this pair, runs at the top of the order have been in short supply, with no one

with bat and ball, Donald would have been an altogether more potent weapon.

"Pollock has done everything we could have expected of him but as a bowler he requires bounce from a pitch and, away from home, he often found himself negated," Neale said. "He also had to learn to bowl an English length."

"Donald, on the other hand, has speed through the air, which no pitch can counter, and recently learnt a lot about bowling. He has done a Hadlee and added intelligence to his pace. He knows how to conserve his energy."

But to report Warwickshire's demise would be a gross exaggeration. Munton, Reeve's deputy and likely successor, is an understated and underestimated leader, and Donald's return is reason enough to believe the winning ways can come back in 1997, especially if the likes of Anurag Singh and Michael Powell develop to bolster the batting.

Then, the South African will spearhead an attack that — assuming it collectively stays fit — has rare potential among county sides to take 20 wickets in a game. Giles, the left-arm spinner and a more than useful batsman, has been the find of the season, a player whom Reeve advocates England take on their full winter tour.

There are other causes for optimism. Warwickshire's showing in the limited-overs competitions has remained strong. They reached the semifinals of the Benson and Hedges Cup and are highly placed in the AXA Equity & Law League.

Last Tuesday, the club won the second XI championship for the first time since 1979. Most clubs would regard this as a satisfactory season; any club, in fact, except one that won six trophies in the previous three years.

Neale remains bullish. "I was a member of a Worcester side that won two championships and two Sunday league titles in the late Eighties," he said. "In 1990, we won nothing. But we came back well to win another trophy the following year. I see no reason why we cannot do something similar at Warwickshire."

Emerging, in Neale's words, "as a solid figure around whom the rest could play".

Moles might have filled this role but suffered from a series of ailments; so might Ostler, but he has experienced a baffling dip in form. There has been a loss of direction with the bat which even a resourceful lower order has been unable to rectify.

When the sun sets on the season though, the club's cricket committee must reflect on the way it went about filling the position of overseas player. Distracted by the prevarications of Brian Lara, it allowed Allan Donald to slip through its fingers and, although Pollock did well both



Reeve and Twose key players much missed

## The Parsons tale of honest endeavour

Ivo Tennant looks at the life and times of the journeyman medium pacer with a fast bowler's brain.

TO talk about the archetypal county professional is to talk about Gordon Parsons. For 18 years, he has bowled uphill into the wind and vaxed about what lies beyond the next pay day, giving his all to Leicestershire and chuntering away to no apparent end. "What are you worried about, Bullhead," Jonathan Agnew, his former colleague and close friend, once yelled from the deep after being cursed for not protecting the third man boundary. "What's four more runs when you've gone for 20,000?"

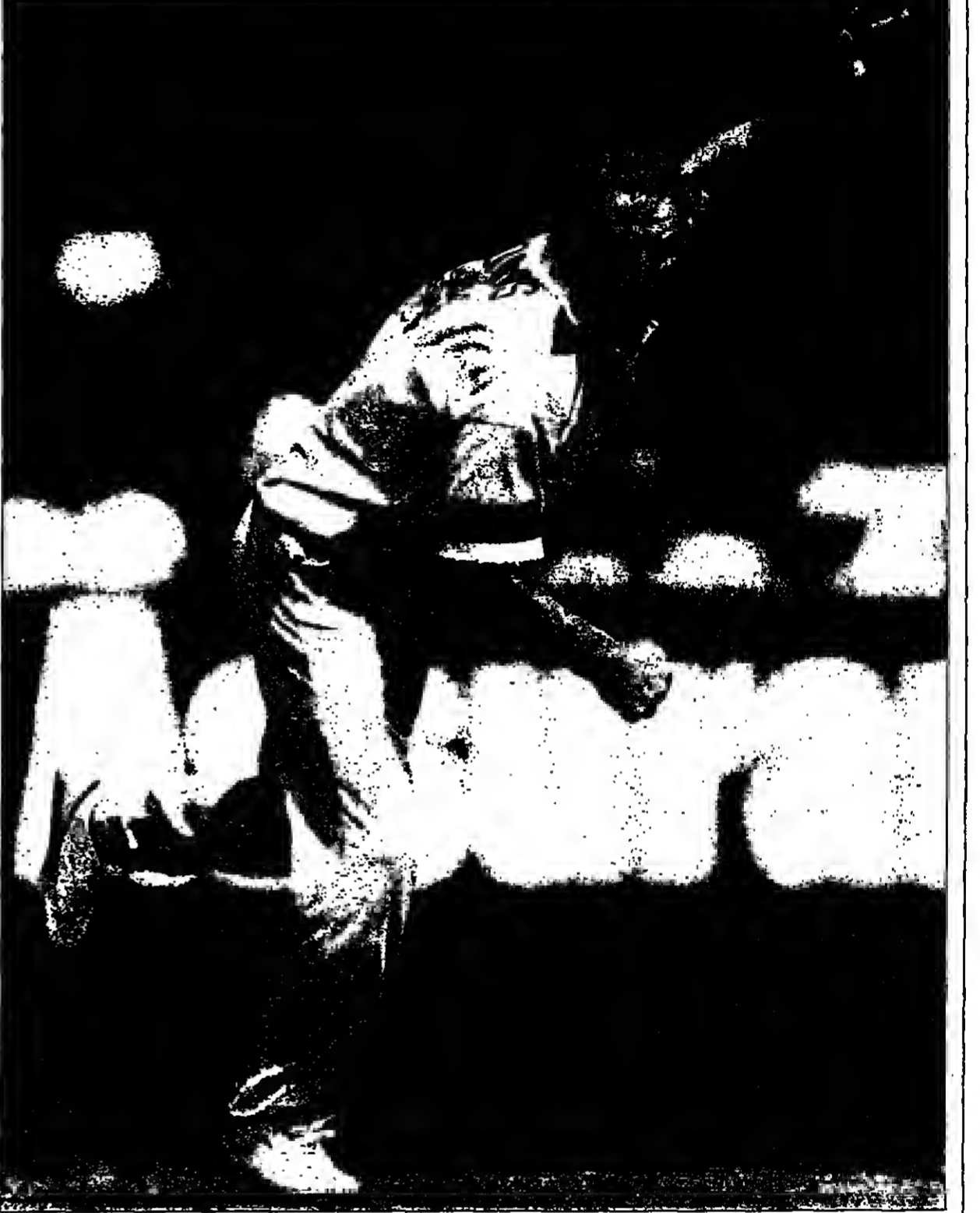
This is an all-rounder who, appropriately enough, has spent the greater part of his career with a club that harbours journeyman cricketers. Parsons did have three years with Warwickshire, but this was at a time when he had delusions of being a genuine fast bowler. He returned to Grace Road to collect his 30 or 40 wickets and useful runs each season, fretting about his mortgage and whether younger players will take his place. For honest endeavour, he deserves to belong to a championship-winning side.

Above all, Parsons is a character. He looks like Joe Bugner and plays his cricket with the pugilism of a boxer. "No one can enjoy being called 'Bullhead', but I have to laugh it off," he said. He once reckoned that he had found a weakness in the technique of Vivian Richards, the best batsman he has encountered. After being hit all around the ground in one match, he eventually beat him outside off stump. "Bloody hell. Is it Viv Richards or Cliff Richard? If I bowled a piano, do you think you could play that?" he spluttered down the pitch.

Stories about Parsons abound — and most, he admits, are true. He is a likeable man who regrets that many young players seem to no longer delight, as he still does, in discussing the finer points of the game.

"Gordon is very generous and big-hearted," Nigel Briers, his county captain for many years, said. "He is the sort of bloke who, if I rang him up at 3am and told him I had broken down in Scotland, he would come and get me."

In his youth of long ago, Parsons was regarded as having sufficient promise to play for Young England. Agnew, now the BBC cricket



Parsons hopes to crown 18 years of toil by winning the county championship with Leicestershire

correspondent, reckons that if aggression was all that was required to become a top-class fast bowler, "Gordon would have topped the Debuties ratings for three decades".

Now 36, Parsons would like to play county cricket for another two years. "God was unfair," he said. "I was born a medium-pacer with a fast bowler's brain. It took me 15 years to realise I was not genuinely quick. I really like to win, so sometimes frustration creeps in. I am lucky because I have never had any serious injuries, am fitter

than I was ten years ago and have a coaching job in Transvaal in the winter. But the average county cricketer lives from month to month. I shall be leaving cricket with debts."

Literally? "Almost. My benefit two years ago, which was shared with Lol Spence, the groundsman, realised £16,500. I am a great believer in a pension scheme, whereby benefits would be done away with and all money collected put into a kitty for players. Surely somebody like Agnew should not leave the game without anything."

Parsons has no intention of leaving cricket. "For a player like myself to be a Jack Birkenshaw, managing a county side like Leicestershire, would be a dream job." He might settle in South Africa, for his wife is the sister of Hansie Crooke, the South Africa captain, whom he once coached. For as long as he can, though, he will concentrate on bowling straight, ever fearful of giving away runs as he looks to fulfil his role for his side by taking two or three wickets an innings.

In first-class cricket, he has

taken nearly 800 wickets and scored nearly 7,000 runs. On his first day at Grace Road, in 1976, turning up in response to an advertisement for fast bowlers, Parsons bowled to the Leicestershire manager, who was then a senior player. "Gordon is a bit old school in the dressing-room because he has had to look over his shoulder," Birkenshaw said, "but he has had no need to worry about his place for the last two years. He has a strong bowling action; trains very hard and we have tried to get him to relax. He has been great for the club."

**Britannic Assurance county championship**

**Derbyshire v Worcestershire**

CHESTERFIELD (final day of first Derby) 1st Innings: 228 (200 P. C. Brown 100 not out, 125 S. G. Jones 55, 23 M. H. Jones 47, 47)

Second Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Worcestershire: 1st Innings: 228 (200 P. C. Brown 100 not out, 125 S. G. Jones 55, 23 M. H. Jones 47, 47)

Second Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Warwickshire v Gloucestershire**

WARWICKSHIRE: 1st Innings: 228 (200 P. C. Brown 100 not out, 125 S. G. Jones 55, 23 M. H. Jones 47, 47)

Second Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Gloucestershire: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Second Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Durham v Glamorgan**

CHESTER-LE-STREET (final day of four-day Glamorgan debut Durham 141 by 141 runs)

Durham: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Glamorgan: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Gloucestershire v Northamptonshire**

BRISTOL (third day of four-day Northamptonshire debut Gloucestershire 114 by 114 runs)

Gloucestershire: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Northamptonshire: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Leicestershire v Middlesex**

PORTSMOUTH (first day of four-day Leicestershire debut Middlesex 114 by 114 runs)

Leicestershire: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Middlesex: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Warwickshire v Kent**

WARWICKSHIRE: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Kent: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Warwickshire v Lancashire**

WARWICKSHIRE: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Lancashire: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

**Warwickshire v Yorkshire**

WARWICKSHIRE: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Yorkshire: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

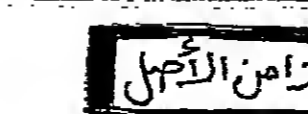
**Warwickshire v Essex**

WARWICKSHIRE: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

Essex: 1st Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

2nd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)

3rd Innings: 114 (S. L. Watson 49, 28)





FOOTBALL

Gallen blow adds serious insult to Rangers' injuries

Queens Park Rangers ... 1 Bolton Wanderers ... 2

By BRIAN GLANVILLE

NOT only did Queens Park Rangers lose, traumatically, to a beautifully-struck last-minute goal by Alan Thompson but they have learnt that their gifted young striker, Kevin Gallen, will be out for the rest of the season with damaged anterior cruciate ligaments.

said he would have been disappointed had his team not taken all three points. Rangers flattered to deceive in the early stages and came back strongly only near the end, when they had scored an unexpected equaliser. "We had enough possession," Todd said, "and did create chances, but you always need that second goal."

20 minutes, took a somewhat surprising lead. Per Frandsen, one of their two new Danes, struck a fine shot which beat Sommer, and was promptly thumped in by McGinlay. The pendulum swung with the goal and the Rangers defence was put in frequent difficulty by the lively Bolton wingers, Thompson and David Lee. Brentford found Lee a fearful handful, although Todd expected more from him. "David got enough possession, probably more than he would in any other game, but it was the end-product that was missing at times," Todd said. "He's an honest boy and would probably admit he should have done better."



Taggart, of Bolton, left, and Dichio tussle for possession at Loftus Road yesterday

Palace sow seeds as Bassett looks to the future

Huddersfield Town ..... 1 Crystal Palace ..... 1

By RICHARD HOBBSON

'UNLIKE the wood of evergreen pine trees providing an aesthetic backdrop to the spanking McAlpine Stadium, Crystal Palace are not a group for all seasons. Their side is often one for the future, but tomorrow rarely comes. Relegation tends to follow promotion as if part of a natural biological cycle.

Neill adds decisive ingredient to nostalgia at New Den

Millwall ..... 2 Burnley ..... 1

By BRIAN GLANVILLE

WHEN Millwall were managed by Benny Fenton, it was the closest that they came to losing the tag of being the only London League club never to have reached the top division. They did so with a team that revolved around two small, quick forwards in Derek Possee and Barry Bridges.

Grimsby fearing toll of Lutine bell

Grimsby Town ..... 0 Portsmouth ..... 1

By PAT GIBSON

OUT in the North Sea the gales of the past week had abated but the Mariners were still drifting towards the rocks. One point from their first four games has left Grimsby Town badly holed and a crowd of only 4,747 suggested that the more nervous passengers had already decided to abandon ship.

Terry Venables, knew how to protect their lead, frustrating Grimsby in midfield and preying on their nerves by attacking on the break. Laws insisted afterwards that it will not be long before Grimsby are back on an even keel but he clearly has problems fore and aft, not to mention in the engine room.

Walker resumes happy marriage

Norwich City ..... 1 Wolverhampton Wndrs. 0

By KEITH PIRK

THERE are partnerships made in football heaven - Clough and Taylor, Greaves and Gilzean, Busby and Old Trafford - and others that would not get before hell freezes over, such as Flashman and Fry, Malne Road and managerial stability, Tony Adams and comprehension of the offside law, Norwich City and Mike Walker, they tell you at Carrow Road, are blessed with an almighty seal of approval.

should never go back. "Everybody keeps telling me I was mad to return because there is such a high expectancy," Walker said, admitting that this win was tinged with fortune, that his squad lacks depth and that there is little cash available to strengthen it. "But then you look at Wolves, a massive club by comparison, with money to spend. They will be expected to get promotion. The opposite is expected of us."

Wolverhampton the opportunity to draw it, by the same means, five minutes from time. An hour after the finish, it was still unclear whether Venus or Richards had been the offender, or Johnson or Sutcliffe the victim. Adams's spot kick, at least, was emphatic.

The performance of Rob Harris, the referee, which even Walker described as "eccentric", attracted predictably more colourful descriptions from the Wolverhampton contingent, who were convinced that Gunn had later upended Roberts. But then they are not under the influence of the man with the Midland touch.

James reaches top of the pots

Knypersley Victoria ..... 4 Stewarts and Lloyds ..... 0

By WALTER GAMMIE

PAUL JAMES will perhaps be alone among Stoke City supporters in wishing the Nationwide League first division club an unwinnable away tie against an FA Cup Premier-ship giant in the third round of the FA Cup in January.

the Victoria Ground. Stoke's departure to a new ground for next season and their agreement to help out Knypersley, denied their own ground by Knypersley Cricket Club's commitments, make James's dream possible. So did the Knypersley players forgoing their match fees to help pay for the privilege.

Now the boot is on the other foot for Nelson

League's fine print enabled them to avoid demotion to the Vauxhall Conference. Nelson and Kevin Hodges, the new manager, were under no illusions. "It was one of those situations where they'd got themselves in a terrible rut and couldn't get out of it," Nelson said.

Nelson's philosophy of football is in his book for anyone to read, although he says his players were waiting for free copies (just delivered) before they did their research. Money-where-your-mouth-is time, he agreed, especially after the fortnight views he expressed in print on Alan Curbishley and Steve Grit, his managers at Charlton. "Alan and Steve I liked very much as people, but it would have been a bland book if, after 17 seasons, I couldn't say constructively, how I would do things differently."

Nick Szczepanik finds a football diarist trying to turn theory into practice at Torquay, the League's bottom club last season

ing through on to Mitchell's pass before sliding an angled shot past Fox to give Torquay the lead. That was doubled on 33 minutes when a high cross eluded Blake and Baker's hopelessly mis-hit effort deceived Fox completely.



Nelson: promising coach

Hernia Repair advertisement with contact information: 0171-328 1228

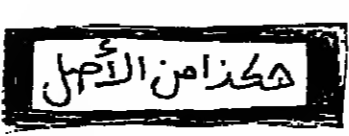










Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs and their performance metrics.

Nationwide FOOTBALL LEAGUE

Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs in the Nationwide Football League.

Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs in the Second Division.

Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs in the Third Division.

Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs in the Premier Division.

Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs in the First Division.

Table with columns: HOME, AWAY, Goal diff. Lists football clubs in the Second Division.

WORLD CUP 1998 QUALIFYING ROUNDS

The 1998 World Cup finals will be the biggest yet with 32 nations competing. Europe will provide the largest contingent...

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists national football teams and their qualifying records.

Spain vs Slovakia, Dec 14 or 15; Spain vs Yugoslavia, Dec 18; Malta vs Spain, Feb 12...

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists national football teams and their qualifying records.

EUROPEAN



Darren Eadie, of England, curls in the goal that helped his team to a 2-0 victory over Moldavia in the European Under-21 Championship match on Saturday.

EUROPEAN

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists national football teams and their qualifying records.

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NON-LEAGUE REGIONAL AND NATIONAL LEAGUES

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists various non-league football leagues and their records.

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Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists national football teams and their qualifying records.

BELL'S

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists football clubs in the First Division.

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists football clubs in the Second Division.

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists football clubs in the Third Division.

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists football clubs in the Conference.

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FA CUP

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists football clubs in the FA Cup.

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ICIS

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FIRST DIVISION

Table with columns: P, W, D, L, F, A, Pts. Lists football clubs in the First Division.

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GOLF

# Reid secures the captain's vote for Solheim Cup

FROM PATRICIA DAVIES IN OREBRO

ALL has been resolved. The Europe side to face the United States in the fourth Solheim Cup match at St Pierre, Chepstow, from September 20 to 22, came out in the wash here yesterday.

The seven players who chose themselves were, in order, Marie-Laure de Lorenzi, Laura Davies, Alison Nicholas, Lisa Hackney, Annika Sorenstam, Joanne Morley and Trish Johnson. In addition, Mickey Walker, the Europe captain, selected Liselotte Neumann, Helen Alfredsson, Catrin Nilsmark, Kathryn Marshall and Dale Reid.

Reid, 37, will be the oldest member of the side and is a classic captain's choice. She has not had the best of seasons — only two top-ten finishes — but she has played in the three previous Solheim Cup matches and Walker has the utmost faith in her ability.

Yesterday, in the final round of the Compaq Open, Reid was paired with Carin Koch, who had hopes of being the fifth Swede in the team, and Walker, who walked all 18 holes with the pair, admitted that it was a choice between them. "It was a tough decision," Walker, who has been Europe's captain since the inaugural Solheim, in 1990, said. "They're both very good players and I wouldn't have any qualms about having either of them in the side. In the end, I came down on the side of Dale because of her

experience, of how she has played in the past. She's been there before and I felt she was better for the balance of the team."

Koch, 25, had a level-par 72 to Reid's undistinguished 80, but would have won only by 2 and 1 in matchplay, since Reid dropped seven shots in two holes.

Ever laconic, Reid took the news of her inclusion calmly and was more concerned with comforting Lora Fairclough, with whom she won both foursomes and fourballs at The Greenbrier two years ago. At Orebro, Fairclough was knocked out of an automatic spot by a combination of her own poor play and Joanne Morley's excellence. "I haven't been relaxed all year," Fairclough said, "but it's been a lesson and I'll be better for it."

Morley, knowing that she would make her Solheim Cup debut if she finished in the top 15, teed off at the first as Fairclough was signing her card, and worked her way to a

nerve-racking final round of 72, level par, and a share of seventh place. Consistency itself, she has had four finishes in the top seven in the past events.

Marshall, who will be the third newcomer to the Solheim Cup, alongside Morley and Hackney, was travelling reserve two years ago and was determined to play this time. Yesterday she was locked in a play-off for the Compaq Open title and plodded up and down the rain-soaked 18th fairway unaware that Walker had given her the nod.

"It was horrible to lose the way I did," Marshall, who missed a short putt, to lose the title to Federica Dassu, who watches Solheim Cups but prefers not to play in them, said, "but making the team was the object of the week. I'm glad I could perform so well under pressure. I think I'm in the top 12 in Europe now and I thought the team would not be as strong as it could be if I wasn't in it."

Walker agreed. "Kathryn proved beyond doubt that she should be in the side," she said. "She's played remarkably this week."

So, too, did Alfredsson, described by her captain as "a fantastic player." She, Neumann, the world No 3, and Nilsmark, who held the winning putt at Dalmahoy in 1992, were never in doubt. "I think we have a great side," Walker said.

foursomes and fourballs at The Greenbrier two years ago. At Orebro, Fairclough was knocked out of an automatic spot by a combination of her own poor play and Joanne Morley's excellence. "I haven't been relaxed all year," Fairclough said, "but it's been a lesson and I'll be better for it."

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## Dassu settles play-off saga

FEDERICA DASSU, a veteran Italian with a crowd-pleasing streak, finally won the Compaq Open and the first prize of £15,000 at Orebro yesterday after a dizzying play-off with Kathryn Marshall, of Scotland, and Helen Alfredsson, of Sweden (Patricia Davies writes).

All three had tied on 280, eight under par, with Dassu, the third-round leader, finishing in spectacular fashion for a closing round of 71. She hit a nine-iron to four feet at the 18th and holed the putt for a birdie three. It was the last putt holed there for some time as the trio became well acquainted with the 355-yard par four, the only play-off hole.

Three times they all teed up and down the hole in round one. Dassu had another showy shot, to eight feet, but missed the putt. In round two, the Italian, a noted arbiter, seemed to have lost her chance when she pulled her second shot into a silver birch. However, she nearly holed the pitch and it was pars all round again.

The weary players and cad-

dies were ferried back up to the tee once more. Marshall, nearly on her knees after a punishing schedule of 12 consecutive tournaments, flew the green but chipped close; Alfredsson, from 20 feet, putted two feet past and Dassu had another chance to win from 14 feet. She was distracted by a flight of Canada geese, which hovered overhead, and missed the putt.

Alfredsson faced the appar-

### SCORES

Great Britain and Ireland combined started 280: F Dassu 69, 70, 69, 70, 71; H Alfredsson 72, 67, 68, 74; M Marshall 69, 71, 70, 70; Dacuz won at fourth play-off hole. 281: M de Lorenzi 69, 72, 69, 71, 69; 282: J Morley 72, 70, 70, 67; 283: J Johnson 74, 70, 70, 74; 284: C Durrant 74, 71, 69, 69; 285: A Sorenstam 72, 71, 70, 77; 286: J Morley 72, 69, 70, 70; 287: M Walker 72, 68, 71, 70; 288: J Morley 72, 71, 71, 70; 289: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 290: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 291: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 292: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 293: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 294: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 295: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 296: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 297: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 298: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 299: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70; 300: P Higgs 72, 68, 71, 70.



Allenby, the long-time leader, had to endure a play-off before winning the British Masters

## Allenby makes light work of unexpected overtime

By MEL WEBB

ROBERT ALLENBY had such a pleasant walk on Saturday over the mired fields that had been passing as greens at Collingtree Park last week that he went back out and strolled across one of them again. Not for old time's sake, either, for Allenby was forced into working compulsory overtime by his Spanish opponent before prevailing in a sudden-death play-off in the One Two British Masters after they had tied on 284, four under par.

With ten holes to go, extra time had looked as laughably improbable as Prince Naseem Hamed suffering an attack of modesty or Nigel Mansell saying something witty. Allenby had led since the second round and, with eight holes gone in the final round, was four ahead of his nearest pursuer, Miguel Angel Martin.

Martin, neat and relentlessly undramatic, played golf that matched his career record and his style — solid, worthy, if a trifle colourless. Perhaps that was just what was needed on a Collingtree Park layout that had never for a moment begun to live up to the status of the tournament that was being played on it.

Flash Harrys were never going to thrive for long on greens that were the deeply unattractive blue-grey colour of a Luftwaffe pilot's uniform and provided surfaces about

as true as a dance floor pockmarked by too many siletto heels. It was a day when dull was beautiful.

Martin, 34, has been around for a long time — this is his thirteenth year on the PGA European Tour — and has only one victory, in the 1992 French Open, to his name. He was 115th in the money-list last year, and has a tendency to melt away when it gets a touch too hot in the kitchen.

Except that this time he did not. He held himself and his game together, and when Allenby, who had been the only player in the tournament to beat par on each of the first three days, suddenly fell victim to a spectacular wobble by bogeying three holes running

from the 11th, the Spaniard was back in the frame again.

Martin got in first with a 68, but still had to endure the sight of Allenby having an eight-foot putt on the last for a 72 and victory by a shot. "I thought it was in," Allenby said. Everybody else round the island green did, too, but no, it shaved the hole and stayed above ground.

So to extra time on the par five 18th, and this time it was a hole too far for Martin. He drove into the right rough, got relief from a staked tree, laid up, missed the green left, muffed his chip, missed from 20 feet, missed from six feet coming back and finished with a seven.

Allenby, meanwhile, hit his second shot to the back of the green, chipped down to 12 feet, lagged to four feet and over holed out. Martin conceding the £16,660 winner's prize without further ado.

Allenby's win, his third of the season in Europe, lifted him into third place in the money-list behind Ian Woosnam, who, by finishing fifth, took his earnings for the season to £510,000. With seven counting events left, Woosnam is more than £68,000 ahead of Colin Montgomerie in the race for the coveted No 1 position in the order of merit. On this week in particular, never was money so hard earned. Perhaps now we can get back to proper golf.

## Garcia and Rose underline precocious talents

WHEN it was decided to play the Jacques Lefevre Trophy and the St Andrews Trophy at the same place and time there was always the danger that for all the advantages for administrators, spectators and spectators that such an arrangement would bring, it might turn out that one event would overshadow the other.

It proved a little like that at Woodhall Spa when the Continent of Europe boys' team staged a rousing comeback on the second day to win the Lefevre Trophy for only the fourth time and take something away from the seventh

successive victory in the St Andrews Trophy by Great Britain and Ireland.

Furthermore, arguably two of the continent's figures were boys. One was Justin Rose, the 16-year-old from Hampshire who won three out of four points; the other was Sergio Garcia, also 16. It was as well the continental boys won their match, scoring 9½ points out of 12 on the second day, so that the decision to play Garcia in the senior rather than the junior team did not prove an embarrassment.

The boys' event has traditionally spawned good play-

ers. The last time the Continent of Europe won, the Swedes Joakim Haeggman, who became his country's first Ryder Cup player, and Peter Hedblom, the winner of this year's Moroccan Open, competed. It is likely that in the coming years Rose and Garcia will make names for themselves.

Rose is already a reserve for the England senior side and thus has an outside chance of consideration for next year's Walker Cup routh in New York. Garcia, who has the long, sinuous fingers of a concert pianist and big feet with which to anchor himself, has been highly praised by Severiano Ballesteros, no less. He was no match for Michael Brooks, an impressive player, in the first day's singles, but when he was placed in the bottom but one position in the singles on the second day and

John Hopkins picks up some pointers for the next Walker Cup at Woodhall Spa

such as Duncanson, Luczoade and KP, to cover the costs of its ten riders and a support staff that includes two managers, two mechanics and two masseuses to soothe those post-race aching joints. There is no money to pay wages and the young riders survive through the generosity of their parents or 'state sponsorship', as Addy describes the deal. He estimates that Rand covers around 600 miles a week in training ahead of a

big race — not the kind of regime that allows much opportunity for work.

The contrast with most successful foreign teams could not be more stark. Team Energy is ranked just behind Auberville's-93 Peugeot, which competed in this year's Tour de France, although the French team has an annual budget 20 times as large, at £2 million.

Team Energy has now reached a point in its development where it desperately needs to compete regularly abroad, not just for the experience of racing the world's best riders but also to gain the points needed to reach the top 20 and be guaranteed entry into many of the big international events. Yet Addy had to turn down a wild-card entry into the Leeds Classic, the only world-ranked race to take place in Britain this year,

because he could not raise the extra £3,500 needed to enter.

On the Continent, cycling is seen as a good sponsorship vehicle for businesses with a positive and multi-national appeal, but even though Addy estimates that his team has generated around £500,000-worth of media coverage in the past two years, no British firm is yet willing to back the team with the kind of money that would ensure its continued development.

Addy dreams that in two years' time, with the Tour de France due to make a detour through Ireland, there will be a creditable British team at the start, perhaps even with Boardman as its star rider — but, deprived of the necessary backing, Team Energy seems destined to be no more than a jealous spectator.

ALASDAIR MURRAY

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## Cash barrier bars young cyclists' progress

Chris Boardman enjoyed the luxury this weekend of being able to sit back and bask in the back-page glory of winning the world 4,000 metres pursuit cycling championship and the capture of the world record. His feats have made him a rarity among British cyclists, recognised both at home and abroad and one of the few home-bred riders to enjoy the financial backing of a big cycling team.

However, for most budding Boardmans in this country, the chances of being able to emulate their hero remain slim. Bob Addy, a former Tour de France rider who now manages a Britain-based team, says that the route to the big time for domestic riders has barely changed in the past 30 years. Almost the only way to make it is to move to the Continent and take part in

second-tier races in the hope of being picked up by a professional team. Until that happens, riders are going to have to get by on every scrap of sponsorship that they can pick up.

Addy formed Team Energy two years ago in the hope of bringing British cycling out of the dark ages. It has already established a reputation as a breeding ground for future stars, with David Rand, just 22, taking the national road-race title this year — beating, among others, a slightly off-colour Boardman.

Addy's is already the highest-ranked British team in the world, respectably placed at No 41, but it seems destined to rise no further — not through any lack of talent, but through a severe shortage of money. Team Energy has a budget of around £100,000 a year, raised from sponsors

### THE BUSINESS OF SPORT



such as Duncanson, Luczoade and KP, to cover the costs of its ten riders and a support staff that includes two managers, two mechanics and two masseuses to soothe those post-race aching joints. There is no money to pay wages and the young riders survive through the generosity of their parents or 'state sponsorship', as Addy describes the deal. He estimates that Rand covers around 600 miles a week in training ahead of a

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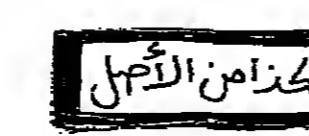
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# Hope of compromise in rugby's inter-union dispute

By DAVID HANDS AND MARK SOUSTER

AFTER a weekend in which, mercifully, rugby union's top players did their talking on the field, there are faint signs of common sense breaking up among the game's administrators. Although few have aired their views publicly, not one has denied the destructive forces that will be unleashed on the sport if the various unions, clubs, television interests, all insist upon having their own way.

The proposed midweek meeting of the four unions - Scotland, Ireland, Wales and France - who threaten to expel England from the five nations' championship has been postponed until next

Monday. Whether this is a matter of administrative convenience or not, the more breathing space available the better if the chasms between the factions are to be closed.

Though it was reported over the weekend that a meeting had taken place between Vernon Pugh, chairman of the Welsh Rugby Union, and representatives of BSkyB, it is understood that is not the case. However, there is an undeniable opportunity for the satellite broadcasting company (which is 40 per cent owned by News International, owners of *The Times*) to pour oil on the waters troubled by their agreement with the Rugby Football Union (RFU) over future broadcasting rights.

Whatever anyone may say, club rugby

is not yet a valuable commodity for television whereas international rugby undoubtedly is. If England do not participate in the five nations, BSkyB's contract is substantially reduced in value; if, in addition, the RFU cannot even deliver club rugby after the breakaway announced last Thursday by the English Professional Rugby Union Clubs (EPRUC), then it can be argued that the contract, worth £87.5 million, must be renegotiated.

There is no reason why the television company should take the initiative on this but, if nothing else, it would be a good exercise in public relations.

Tom Kiernan, chairman of the five nations' committee, observed yesterday that attendance figures across the board

for first division matches in the Courage Clubs Championship on Saturday had not been impressive. "I would like to get on and create a good European tournament which would be a springboard for our national teams and a springboard to take on the southern hemisphere countries," Kiernan said. "All this trouble will lead to it everyone over-reaching themselves and the whole castle coming down."

But yesterday the potential for division entered yet another phase in Scotland, where members of the national squad, many of them contracted to clubs in England, heard details of plans for autonomous competitions run by the breakaway English and Welsh clubs. Keith Robertson, chief executive of Scot-

tish First Division Rugby Limited, denies he seeks a club breakaway north of the border but authorities there may see that as a possibility in the light of events in England and Wales.

England players, who assemble for squad training on Wednesday, will be keen to hear about their situation from RFU representatives. There is no doubting the earning potential of England's international players, given continued involvement in the five nations', and it would be more than most - if not all - clubs could offer. Equally there is no doubting the RFU's anxiety to fill Twickenham as frequently as possible, to help finance their varied commitments and to pay off the £34 million debt on the stadium.

"On behalf of the RFU I have been talking daily, sometimes three times a day, with the other unions for the last four weeks," Cliff Brindle, the chairman of the RFU executive committee, said. "I am hopeful we can come to some accommodation and find a solution to the problem over the five nations'."

Louis Luyt, president of the South African Rugby Football Union, is expected in London this week to talk with the RFU about regular fixtures. Luyt has already spoken to English club representatives about the potential for matches between South African provincial sides and the top club teams - ambitious Newcastle played three matches in South Africa last month - but it is international matches which are the draw card.

## RUGBY UNION: ANTICIPATION HIGH AS LEADING WELSH CLUBS CONTINUE WHERE THEY LEFT OFF IN MAY

# Pontypridd strike top gear with ten-try rout

Pontypridd..... 60  
Neath..... 19

By GERALD DAVIES

WITH England's league and cup winners unavailable to play their counterparts in Wales, the two Welsh winners were left to play each other. Having provided a memorable Welsh Cup final in May, the clubs continued not only their high velocity matches but also proved, as they did last season, that they represent a marvellous advertisement for Welsh rugby. Their game entails attack at speed. Both are going to provide much pleasure in the next few months.

Pontypridd were to prove irresistible. Their side is much the same as last season: Neath, for their part, have suffered important losses and have yet to find replacements. Pontypridd won comfortably by five goals and five tries to one goal and two tries.

There was hardly what you might call a crowd, some 2,000 or so at Wales's national stadium. What with the high price of tickets and with live television coverage in Wales, there was no real incentive to leave the comfort of the front room.

Everybody, though, will have enjoyed this game. In the heat of late summer, the question was whether the teams could maintain the frantic pace that they set from the first whistle. They did, with Pontypridd holding the

upper hand for most of the match. Grabham was immediately released, but not to be outdone, Collins, Phil John and Munley were each, in quick succession, brought down short of Neath's line.

Encouraged by this, Pontypridd overplayed their hand. Instigating an attack in his half, Jason Lewis's hesitant high pass was intercepted by Richard Jones, who ran clear to score under the posts. Mark Williams converted.

Having accepted this favour, Neath returned it when Paul Williams's pass went astray near his line. McIntosh took advantage, fed Jenkins and Enoch went over for his first try.

From this moment, in the eighth minute, Pontypridd took territorial control. Prosser secured lineout possession. McIntosh and Phil John spearheaded the close encounter scrums and Jason Lewis twice cut through cleanly in midfield. Wyatt had his chances; so did Paul John.

Neath's defence, stretched to the limit, held firm. Pontypridd's own errors - a knock-on here, rushing it too much elsewhere - foiled their other chances.

For all their advantage during this prolonged period of attack, it took them to the 27th minute to take the lead, ignoring a penalty and taking a scrum on the Neath line. John ran before sending McIntosh over.

Without the Llewellyn brothers, who are now play-



Jones avoids the attentions of Jenkins to claim Neath's first try in front of a sparse crowd in Cardiff

ing their rugby in London, Neath, short of possession, were acutely on the rack, and it was Enoch who ended a smooth three-quarter movement for Pontypridd. With an overlap available, he sent the Neath defence one way with a dummy and veered inwards for his score.

Just before the interval, Boobyer brushed aside players to left and right and paved the way for Funnell to score, and it looked as if Neath might halt Pontypridd's progress, but the respite was only temporary.

In the second half, Pontypridd cut loose and scored

some wonderful tries which all had the merit of passing at speed and support. They came from Manley (2), Morgan (2), Paul John (2) and Enoch, with Jenkins converting four.

SCORERS: Pontypridd: Iwan Manley (2), Enoch (2), Morgan (2), Paul John (2), Neath: Jones, Funnell, Kops, Gwynne, N Williams (2).  
PONTYPRIDD: A. Morgan, O. Manley, J.

Lewis, S. Enoch, G. Wyatt, N. Jenkins, Paul John, N. Enoch, P. John, A. McCallio, R. Collins, G. Prosser, N. Jones, P. Thomas, D. McIntosh, Thomas replaced by M. Williams. (C) Neath: McIntosh replaced by J. Jones (2), Paul John replaced by J. Evans (47), Paul John replaced by M. De Mead (58).  
NEATH: M. Williams, C. Higgs, R. Jones, J. Funnell, S. Grahame, P. Williams, O. Hawker, L. Gwynne, S. Williams, J. Davies, I. Boobyer, A. Kumbony, N. Watkins, G. Newman, S. Gwynne, B. Williams (substituted), P. Jones (50), Boobyer, replaced by G. Taylor (70).  
Referee: P. Adams (WFLU)

# All Blacks offer their hosts a crumb of comfort

South Africa ..... 32  
New Zealand ..... 22

By DAVID HANDS

EVEN the All Blacks are human. It is no coincidence that, in the final week of their tour to South Africa and of their international season, New Zealand's midweek team nearly lapsed in Kimberley and their unbeaten record finally crashed in the thin air of Johannesburg.

They had, after all, achieved their ambition of a series win a week earlier in Pretoria. The precision upon which their fluid game depends deserted them at Ellis Park, where South Africa, driven on by personal pride and a fanatical crowd, whose behaviour has come under attack in recent weeks by, among others, the African National Congress, ended a run of three successive defeats by the men in black.

Yet still the New Zealanders had reserves which their opponents could not match. South Africa threw everything into this game, knowing the consequences of failure for them and their management if they did not. Even now they are likely to have a new manager before they play five internationals against Argentina, France and Wales, since the much-respected Morné du Plessis has grown tired of the endless wrangling which accompanies so exposed a position.

At 32-8 midway through the second half, they had scored more points against New Zealand than they had ever done, but they were out on their feet, dragging themselves from lineout to scrum, their tally of replacements going up to four while Joost van der Westhuizen, their inspiration and scorer of two tries, looked as though he ought to be a fifth.

Yet what did New Zealand

do? They ran the ball continually, on a day when their young marksman, Andrew Mehrtens, had lost his range. At one stage, Mehrtens had kicked only one goal from six attempts, while two others from around 56 metres drifted wide. So the All Blacks did what they now do better than anyone - they scored tries as the game lost its shape. Linde and Marshall leaving an indelible impression in the final five minutes of an historic tour. They have set the standard by which the rest of the world can measure its rugby.

Part of South Africa's failure this year has been their inability to use Andre Joubert's pace and skill but now, with the deft assistance of Kruger, he created van der Westhuizen's first try and scored one himself with a delightful gliding run, which took him outside the hiving defence. For good measure, Joubert kicked two long penalty goals, which earned his tired colleagues a cushion which not even New Zealand could puncture, despite their late rally.

SCORERS: South Africa: Tries: Van der Westhuizen (2), Joubert (Conversion); Neath: Penalty goals: Joubert (3), Funnell (2), Neath (2); Tries: Funnell (2), Neath (2); Conversions: McIntosh (2); Penalty goals: (Wynne).  
SOUTH AFRICA: A. Joubert (44), J. Swart (Western Province), J. C. Muller (Transvaal), D. van Schalkwyk (Northern Transvaal), P. Hendrick (Transvaal), H. W. Horrell (KwaZulu), J. H. van der Westhuizen (Northern Transvaal), D. Theron (Gauteng and West), J. Dalton (Transvaal), A. H. Hamer (Northern Transvaal), R. J. Kruger (Northern Transvaal), J. J. Webb (Transvaal), M. G. Andrews (Natal), A. O. Venter (Free State), G. H. Teichmann (Natal), A. J. Anderson (replaced by F. J. van Heerden (Western Province), A. J. Muller (replaced by J. T. Stransky (Western Province), 47), T. P. F. (replaced by G. L. Page (replaced by W. Fyfe (Natal 77).

NEW ZEALAND: C. M. Cullen (Manawatu), J. W. Wilson (Canterbury), F. E. Bunker (North Harbour), W. K. Little (North Harbour), G. M. Osborne (North Harbour), A. P. Mehrtens (Canterbury), W. H. Marshall (Canterbury), C. W. Dowd (Auckland), S. B. T. Fitzpatrick (Auckland), captain D. M. Brown (Auckland), M. J. Jones (Auckland), J. A. Kieffer (Auckland), R. M. Brooke (Auckland), J. A. Kieffer (Auckland), Z. V. Brooke (Auckland), M. J. Jones (replaced by G. Taylor (Hawke Bay), 53), G. Taylor (replaced by A. J. Hogg (Wellington 68).  
Referee: W. D. Brown (Wales)

# Lacklustre Hamed fails to end doubts

FROM SRIKUMAR SEN, BOXING CORRESPONDENT IN DUBLIN

NASEEM HAMED'S hopes of dispelling doubts about his invincibility suffered a setback in Dublin on Saturday. He wanted to win in his usual spectacular manner to erase memories of his first-round knockdown by Daniel Alcaide last June, but his supporters had in wait until the eleventh round of his World Boxing Organisation featherweight title defence against Manuel Medina, of Mexico, to see their hero's punches take their toll.

Medina, a former world champion but now past his best, was forced to retire at the end of that round suffering from exhaustion but not before he had led Hamed for much of the bout and left question marks over the Sheffield man's boxing. At the end, most ring-siders had Hamed in front by one or two rounds - not too impressive, as he had picked up extra points by flooring Medina three times.

Hamed's boxing was wild as he tried to finish the Mexican with one big punch. As a result, he missed with more punches than he landed and in so doing, was speared by Medina's jab. Fortunately for Hamed, the Mexican did not have a punch.

Most wondered what would have happened if Azumah Nelson had been in the other corner. Hamed has been thinking of challenging the 37-year-old World Boxing Council super-featherweight champion from Harlem, Ferdie Pacheco, the commentator for Showtime, the American television company, said. "He shouldn't even dream of fighting the old master."

Hamed's arch rival, Wayne McCullough, of Northern Ire-

land, who had been offered \$1 million (about £660,000) by Frank Warren to meet Hamed said: "I wasn't impressed. He's a puncher but if he doesn't get you what does he do? He's in for a long night. If the other guy had a punch it would have been over."

Hamed admitted that his performance had not been up to his usual standard. The outlook improved considerably, however, when his promoter, Warren, said that Hamed had been suffering from a chest infection and was on antibiotics. "I had difficulty in breathing after the second round," Hamed said. Warren added: "I wanted to put the fight off for two weeks but Naz wanted to fight."

In these circumstances, the champion's performance could have been more favourably. After all, he did, force a very experienced contender to retire.

Hamed's next opponent could be Tom Johnson, 32, the international boxing, Federation champion, Johnson was also on the bill on Saturday and retained his title with a win over Ramon Guzman, of Venezuela. He floored Guzman twice but could not keep him down.

The Americans do not believe that Hamed will have enough to beat Johnson. "Johnson is a very organised fighter," Pacheco said. "I don't think in the long run that kind of violent style will hold up against a really good boxer. If Johnson hits him with the right it will be over."

That bout could take place in October if a hand injury sustained by Johnson on Saturday lasts in time.

# Eyles jolts Jansher's hegemony

FROM COLIN MCCULLICHAN IN HONG KONG

RODNEY EYLES, of Australia, set the new PSA World Tour alight yesterday when he forced the mighty Jansher Khan into virtual surrender in the closing stages of the Cathay Pacific Hong Kong Open final.

The 28-year-old Queenslander gained his first international win over the world champion 15-10, 15-10, 15-8 with an attack of such sustained quality that Jansher was reduced in the last three rallies to knocking the ball lamely to the tin.

"There is an extra joy in forcing him to crack," Eyles admitted. "I know it is only one tournament and there is a whole tour ahead of us. But I feel like the monkey is off my back at last."

Eyles came off court punching the air in jubilation to converted congratulations from other players. "In a strange way I feel just as happy for the rest of the guys as for myself," he confessed. "This shows the man can be beaten. It opens the game up for the new tour. It means everyone will be chasing Jansher that much harder."

"It was a bad day for me," admitted Jansher. "I tried one tactic that didn't work and then I changed my game but that didn't work either. Some days you just can't get your head in work properly. I was not tired at the end but I was well beaten."

Jansher's only other loss this year was to Dai Harris, of England, in the Super Series play-offs at Hatfield last March. In almost a decade on the circuit only a dozen players have beaten him.

# King puts together double top finish

By JENNY MACARTHUR

MARY KING, riding with a conviction lacking in her performance in the Olympic Games five weeks ago, finished first on King William, and second, on King Solomon, in the Land Rover British Open championship at Gatcombe Park yesterday. Competing in a depleted field, King, who won the title on King William in 1991, is the first rider to fill the top two places in the 13-year history of the event.

Pippa Funnell, who had been lying in first place on Rainbow Magic at the start of the cross-country stage, dropped out of contention when the promising seven-year-old gelding showed his inexperience with a stop at Fence No 22, a set of timber into water. Her mistake enabled Andrew Nicholson, a member of New Zealand's Olympic bronze medal-winning team, to move up to third place on the inappropriately named Dawdle.

With many of the sport's top names - including William Fox-Pitt, the 1995 winner - either resting their horses after Atlanta or saving them for Burghley next week, the field for the Open was one of the thinnest in recent years. King, who won the Scottish championships on Star Appeal last month, might also have been resting King William, but changed her mind two weeks after Atlanta because he appeared to be so well fit.

Her positive approach on King William yesterday resulted in a fast and fearless round, giving her a score of 47 points. King had a chance to overtake herself on her second ride, King Solomon, but

decided to opt for a slower route on the young horse. This included going the long way at Fence No 5, the Land Rover at The Folly, which proved the most influential obstacle on the course.

Nicholson, who will now take Dawdle to Blenheim, also took the long route at Fence No 5 after incurring 20 penalties earlier when attempting the narrow, direct route on his Olympic horse, Jaggermeister. "I knew I couldn't beat Mary and I saw in the programme that I could win £2,000 for coming third, so I decided it wasn't worth risking 20 penalties," he said.

Kristina Gifford, who missed competing in Atlanta when her two top horses sustained minor injuries this spring, completed the fastest and most stylish round of the day on the 17-year-old, Song and Dance Man. They incurred only seven time faults and moved up from nineteenth to eighth place.

Earlier, Gifford, whose bold riding was sorely missed in Britain's Olympic effort, recorded her second win of the weekend when she followed her success in Saturday's intermediate championships, on Harbinger, with a win in advanced section two, on State Diplomat.

"I wasn't expecting to go so fast," she said. "I thought it would just be an educational day because he [State Diplomat] is still very immature." She attributed the seven-year-old's confident jumping to the inviting course: "It rode very well. There was no really big fence which could frighten a young horse."

Results, page 39

# Coast-to-coast race provides the ultimate long weekend

By DAVID POWELL

TERRY and Gina Vaughan are not well off, so £500 was a lot to spend on a short holiday, or at least their idea of how holiday time off work can best be used. "We do not go out at all, we do not eat out, and we have not been to a pub for years," Gina said. This married couple would rather be pedalling and paddling than dining.

"What money they can spare goes on endurance sport. We both have low-paid jobs which fit into the life we want to lead," Gina said. "This is our social life." This is being a campsite full of bikes, kayaks, and people who love a good chat over an electrolyte drink.

The life of the dedicated endurance sports person is one not only of nutritious challenges lasting several days, but, for most, of little overnight luxury. The majority of the 100 or so competitors who took part in the Bennachie Coast-to-Coast race which finished yesterday, after a 190-mile journey of cycling, kayaking and running, were campers into the bargain. Some will be on the road again next weekend, and the weekend after, chasing new endurance opportunities after another.

A common theme to emerge from the three-day race between Balaichulis, in the west coast of Scotland, to Aberdeen, on the east, was the insatiable appetite for more. John O'Donovan, the winner, controlled his effort, doing just enough to win, because he wanted to keep as much in reserve as possible for a kayak, mountain-bike and mountain-running race in Wales next weekend. A week later he takes part in the world

duathlon (cycling and running) championships in Italy. Garth Cooper won the final stage on the strength of his kayaking, having decided that he "might as well do this event". Why stop at canoe racing in Spain, everyday for a fortnight, which is what he had just done? Pete James, fifth overall, is off to New Zealand for a four-month fix of multi-sport racing, "one every couple of weeks at least".

Cooper is from New Zealand, where multi-sport has a popularity without equal elsewhere. It was good, he said, to find a race in Britain. "A rare chance because there are not many events like this anywhere else in the world," Cooper said. He should have been here in May when the Western Isles Challenge took place. James won it, a race using human power only from the bonnet of the Outer Hebrides in the top.

The Coast to Coast, comprising 33 miles of running, 16 of kayaking and the remaining



O'Donovan: in control

der cycling, claims to be the longest multi-sports event in Britain, and the most scenic. It begins beside Loch Linnhe and follows a route through the Western Highlands, the Grampian Mountains and down the River Dece. The first day comprises a short run and 45-mile ride, the second a 28-mile run, the third a 46-mile ride, kayak section, and two-mile run.

Jim Stark, the race director, offers this rule of thumb for standard multi-sport: "To complete the distance, you have to cover in a week double the distance of the event you are training for. To win, you have to do more or less the distance every day."

Massages for aching limbs were £5 a session and some athletes went into the medical tent looking in need of at least £15 worth. Not O'Donovan, who led from the first step on Friday and looked comfortable all the way, finishing in 12hr 34min 37 sec. Jacqui Shand won the women's race in 14hr 02min 44sec. Shand had a 20-minute head start from the ride, reduced to ten by Vaughan on the run. Shand pulled away on the kayak section.

The New Zealand athletes must have been impressed at the size of the Highlands sheep population, making it seem like home. Mark Rowbotham, a farmer from Christchurch, was able to bring his professional expertise to bear when he encountered sheep on the road. "You know which way they are going to turn and how to avoid them," Rowbotham said. Yes, seriously, is there no end to the training you need for the Coast to Coast.

THE TIMES Bath soon back in the groove despite rusty start

SATURDAY







# Johnson points Dolphins towards Super Bowl

A group of titans stands on the practice pitch in the sweltering heat, hands on hips, breathing heavily, like latter-day gladiators in body armour and turquoise blue uniforms. From their midst, a smaller man strides towards the clutch of cameras waiting behind the goalposts and climbs on to a small wooden stand so he can address them.

The next day, his picture appears on the front page of a Florida newspaper. He is wearing a suit and clutching an American football. An artist has made it look as though he is standing in the Oval Office at the White House. Underneath this scene, a headline dominates the page. "The People's Choice," it says.

Then, as all Miami sweats under the burning sun and the Labor Day weekend holiday gets into full swing, the fervour really takes hold. Light planes fly along the coast to Fort Lauderdale trailing streamers screaming "Go Dolphins" and at hotel pool parties disc jockeys play medleys of inspirational records and call them "The Jimmy Jam". Jimmy Johnson is back and everybody knows it.

The man who transformed the

Dallas Cowboys from the worst team in the National Football League (NFL) into successive Super Bowl winners four years ago took charge of his first game as coach of the Miami Dolphins against the New England Patriots last night as the American football season began. They label him the coach who replaces legends here, but Johnson has become a legend in his own right.

He has been out of the game for two years since his acrimonious split with the Cowboys' owner, Jerry Jones, but his profile has not dropped. His girlfriend, Rhonda Rookmaaker, gets more newspaper column inches than Miami's other famous female residents, Madonna and Cher, and his hairstyle is still a topic for debate. He says the job at the Dolphins is his "return ticket" to the Super Bowl.

His reputation is such that the team's uncomfortable parting with Don Shula, the man who coached the Dolphins for 25 years and led them to the only unbeaten season in the history of the sport in 1972, went almost unnoticed. The Dolphins, after all, have not even

## Oliver Holt finds Miami eagerly awaiting the start of the new American football season

reached a Super Bowl for 12 years and, now Johnson has arrived, all of south Florida is expecting a glut of success.

The circumstances, though, are not quite what they were when he took over in Dallas in 1989. He inherited a parlous group of players from the Texas icon, Tom Landry, and won only one of 16 games in his first season. It took him two more hard years of giving the club a total transfusion of talent, of *Turning the thing around*, the title of his new book, before the Cowboys became a real force.

The Dolphins, on the other hand, spent millions on the recruitment of new players at the beginning of last season to try to send Shula into retirement with another Super Bowl triumph. The new additions did not perform to expectations and Miami made an ignominious early exit from the play-offs — but, under NFL salary cap regulations, the wages they

paid the new players means Johnson cannot, for the moment, bring in star players of his own.

Instead, he will earn the \$2 million a year, making him the highest-paid coach in the sport, by exercising his famous motivational powers, indulging a temper that has seen him throw trash cans through blackboards after a defeat and instilling discipline into a team that had gained a name for being ill-prepared. He has already introduced fines of \$1,250 for missing a weightlifting session and made it clear that his word is the law.

"I would see very few scenarios where challenging authority would be beneficial other than to help the person in the authority role," Johnson said. "Open confrontation would be a disaster. At times, the players have to have blind loyalty. I expect that."

Despite Johnson's intense presence, though, it is unlikely that the Dolphins will reach the Super



Johnson: inspirational

Bowl this year. Many of his squad are rookies and there is still a residue of the under-achievers recruited by Shula. Just as in Dallas, it may take several years before success floods in.

Last season's Super Bowl winners, the Cowboys, are among the favourites to triumph again this year and so become the first team

to claim the sport's top prize six times. Yet they have been so badly affected by off-the-field controversies that most experts are tipping the Green Bay Packers to win the trophy this year.

The most serious blow to the Cowboys — whose nickname, America's Team, has now become an ironic reflection of the ills of the country — came when Michael Irvin, their star wide receiver, became embroiled in a scandal involving tales of wild sexual escapades, drug use and a murder-for-hire plot. He eventually pleaded no contest to a charge of cocaine possession in court and was suspended by the NFL for five games, one third of the season.

His punishment made him the fifth member of last year's all-conquering Cowboys team who has either served, or is facing, suspension for drug-related misdemeanours. Some of the players, predictably, blame the media for their travails but the credentials of those who complain the loudest do not bear too close an examination.

"You've made us drunks and jerks," Nate Newton, a guard, said

— forgetting, presumably, his own place on the roll of honour with an arrest for driving while intoxicated. "Everyone disrespects us and tries to harass us."

That number includes Johnson, too. The Miami eatery he owns includes on its menu *The Jerry and Barry Hogwash Sandwich*, a dish, it says underneath, which is all tongue and baloney. Barry is Barry Switzer, the man who replaced Johnson and quickly gained the nickname *Bowz* the Coach. Last week, he got lost going to the Cowboys' annual kick-off luncheon. "I turned north instead of south," he said.

It also includes much of the media and the public, who are finding it hard to stomach the excesses of the Cowboys at a time when fanatical Cleveland Browns fans have lost their team to Baltimore, where they have been given the suffix Ravens. Last week's cover of *Inside Sports* magazine placed a picture of Jones rubbing his hands in glee next to a disconsolate member of the Cleveland Dawg Pound wearing a basset hound mask. "Rich man, poor fan," the headline said.

# Pocket-sized Quarry gains his reward for hours of practice

By JOHN GOODBODY

THERE can be few more enchanting settings for a schools championship than the golf course at Stowe. The neoclassical house and grounds were described as long ago as 1777 as "one of the chief ornaments to the English nation" and age has added to their distinction. The course winds itself beside the lake and round rotundas with the steeping colonnades of the house overlooking the first and last holes.

It is a place to inspire anyone and it certainly inspired William Quarry, who on Friday produced a masterly second nine holes to win the thirtieth national prep schools' championship for the Stowe Putter.

So slight that he could almost fit into your pocket, Quarry still generated sufficient power with his driving to match his closest rivals while his technical precision was notable around the greens. On the last hole, Quarry, from Croftinloan, in Scotland, sank a 14-foot putt to take the overall title and the plus 13-year-olds category.

His points total of 58 was a record for a competition won previously by Malcolm Lewis, the former England amateur player, and two Walker Cup representatives, Charlie Eyles and Jeremy Robinson.

All 108 boys from 52 schools, who are selected on their



SPORT IN SCHOOLS

was second behind Michael Oliver after the morning's first nine holes. Quarry, who began playing the game with his grandmother at the age of six and is about to go to Glenalmond, first attracted attention in this tournament when, at the age of ten, he played 54 holes on the practice day and was still hitting balls in the dark.

On Friday, all his practice was rewarded when he began a charge over the last few holes, birdieing the 5th, 6th, 8th and 9th. Apart from pitching short at the 7th, it was a flawless round.

The winner of the 12 to 13-year-old category and second in the overall championship was Oliver, from St Edmund's School, who has twice been junior champion for Sittingbourne Golf Club in Kent. His mother, Annette, says of his devotion to the game: "If we allowed him he would play in ten feet of snow and with a miner's helmet to light the greens. This sport is a learning process. It teaches people to come to terms with bad shots."

It is a theme taken up by Chris Atkinson, the tournament organiser. "Golf teaches self-confidence and self-reliance," he said. "This is very much in the mode in education nowadays. When you have an off-day in team sports there are others who can rally round to cover up for you. In golf you are on your own."



Stowe golf course provided an idyllic setting for the 108 boys from 52 schools who competed in the thirtieth national prep schools' championship

**RESULTS: Overall Championships:** 1. William Quarry (Croftinloan) 58; 2. Michael Oliver (St Edmund's) 52; 3. Glen Donnelly (Blairgowrie) 50; 4. Laura Briggs (Fallowfield Harrier) 49; 5. Mark Alexander (University College) and Charles Gordon (Loughmore) 47; 7. George Blaney (Hornsea) 46; 8. Richard Preece (Heath Moor) 45; 9. Louis Eggar (Hornsea); Paul William Stecker (Blairgowrie); Charles Seaton (Edgely Hall) and Henry Watson (Wellesley House) 44.

**SCHOOLS COMPETITION:** 1. Heath Moor 91; 2. Hornsea 87; 3. Edgely Hall 87.

**12-13 YEAR-OLDS:** 1. Michael Oliver (St Edmund's) 52; 2. Sam Wilson (Chigwell) 43; 3. Jamie Donnan (Oxley Farm) 43.

**UNDER-12s:** 1. Peter Dunbar (Oxley Farm) 39; 2. Tom Yelkowsky (Chigwell) 35; 3. Michael Pickett (St John's) and Graham Ainge (Stantledge) 34.

## SPORTS LETTERS

### Cricket must look to its future Moneyed era ruining rugby

From Mr Anthony Benn

Sir, Where does English cricket go now after the Test series defeat by Pakistan? In the past there would have been calls for the captain's head, but there is no one obvious to succeed the uninspiring Atherton. Endless variations in the role and structure of the management of the international side have come to nothing, and the Acland report will make little difference. Cricket has failed to produce a character of substance to impose himself on the machinery at Lord's and on the requirements of the modern game. Why has the game been so afraid to allow selectors and coach to act as one, as in football or rugby?

The Headingley Test was sparsely attended and when I was at Lord's on the fourth day, it too was only a third full — on a warm Sunday in July with one of the most exciting teams of the day to watch. Test cricket is the principal money-earner of the game; if the revenue from this falls, so does county incomes.

The counties should take note of the success of the rugby league Super League, and how long will it be before rugby union, already extending into May, takes the hint and before football opts for a winter break. How will the public choose to spend its money on Sunday afternoons then? Not watching dull, uncompetitive and uninspired England endlessly collapsing once the first wicket is down.

I have some pity for Michael Atherton and the England management: they are not supplied with players equal to the best from around the world. I don't believe that winning is everything; talent supported by enjoyment and by self-belief, by a capacity for

risk-taking and by captaincy that knows the meaning of inspiration, these are some of the things I want to watch. But counties must supply the players, and it is their failure, out of self-interest and fear of defeat, to produce fast bowlers who are genuinely fast and not seamers, and spinners who are genuine spinners of the ball and do not merely rely on variation of flight and pace.

As a coach, I can still enthuse 14-year-old boys, but I wonder for how long. Laminated bats and plastic pads have seen the demise of linseed and whitening, but when I am retired in 15 or so years' time — and those in charge of cricket must think in this time-span, though not solely for my sake — I hope there will still be cricket to watch.

Yours sincerely,  
ANTHONY BENN,  
Bloxham School,  
Bloxham,  
Banbury, Oxfordshire.

From Mr Christopher Taylor

Sir, The decline in penetrative bowling in England is blamed on one-day matches, in which the prime aim is to keep the opponents' score down — because the matches are decided on runs scored. If they were decided on wickets taken (with the number of runs being considered only if wickets were equal) the bowlers' approach might be different.

Why not try this change in one of the expendable one-day competitions (say, the Benson and Hedges)? Even if the change encouraged defensive batting as well as attacking bowling, England's Test prospects would be improved.

Yours faithfully,  
CHRISTOPHER TAYLOR,  
S Park Crescent,  
Cuddington,  
Northwich, Cheshire.

Rugby offers a role to every schoolboy: the short fat ones, tall thin ones, the quick and the not quite so quick. There is a role for the brave and those who are not quite so brave. All that is changing: new coaches are looking for young men who are uniformly tall, broad and fast. Even at junior level, players are noticeably bigger, tackles are going in harder and faster. There is a continuing emphasis on knocking your opponent back across the gain-line. The risk of serious injuries and long-term physiological damage is growing. Ask any chiropractor or sports physio.

It is one to stop and reflect on the damage being done to the game.

Yours faithfully,  
SEAN ENRIGHT,  
42 Albany Park Road,  
Kingston on Thames, Surrey.

From Mr Dudley Williams

Sir, English rugby is in a mess, not least in its dealings with the other unions.

If the share of the kitty from television rights must be divided on an unequitable basis, why can it not be done on merit, say, the championship winners taking 35 per cent, second 25 per cent, third 30 per cent, and fourth and fifth 10 per cent each?

England would surely not object to this solution and it would give the others an incentive to improve standards.

Yours faithfully,  
DUDLEY WILLIAMS,  
3 Oakridge Acres,  
Tenby, Pembrokeshire.

### Sporting heroes

From Mr Michael Shepherd

Sir, I am sure that many thousands of people will join me in paying tribute to the Paralympics, both to those who organised it and those who took part so inspiringly.

To see thousands of competitors who were not only working against their handicaps, but working towards health rather than fame, and who combined intense competitiveness with a genuine affection for their fellow competitors, this was to feel the true Olympic spirit born again, beyond cynicism, ego and exploitation.

To take one instance alone: the wheelchair basketball

competition is a breathtaking, even humbling, spectator sport, more thrilling for me than those languid, loose-limbed, leaping millionaires of the "proper" Olympic Games.

These handicapped competitors (whose handicaps we viewers would have liked to know rather more about) are the true sporting heroes of our time and deserve more attention.

Yours etc.,  
MICHAEL SHEPHERD,  
56 Elborough Street, SW18.

Sports Letters may be sent by fax to 0171-782 5211. They should include a daytime telephone number.

## FISHING: SPATE OF ELECTROCUTIONS DEMONSTRATES DANGER OF POLES

### Simple rules to avoid tragedy

The death of the third angler in three weeks by electrocution has reinforced one of the growing dangers in the modern sport. It has also focused attention on the kinds of tackle which anglers now use.

A week ago a fly-fisherman was killed when lightning struck his rod on the banks of Rutland Water, in Leicestershire. A couple of weeks before that, an angler fishing a lake in Suffolk was killed in a similar way. Between the two, a boy of 13 was killed when his rod touched an overhead power cable above a Northamptonshire pond.

Figures for the number of anglers killed by lightning — unlike drowning — are not separately kept. However, it is known that at least a dozen anglers have died through rod contact with power cables in recent years and that many more have been seriously injured.

The problem is the development and widespread introduction of a new rod-making material. For centuries, anglers used rods made of wood. There was a brief flirtation with glass. Now, virtually every rod in every style of fishing is made of carbon fibre. This wondrous material is light, strong, flexible and capable of being built to tapers that will produce any firm of action a manufacturer might require.

It is also a potent conductor of electricity. Rods do not have to be long to attract lightning and nor does a storm have to be raging for danger to arise. In the kind of changeable weather we have had of late, with sudden, heavy showers alternating with periods of warm sun, tragedy can strike

### Lightning and power cables have caused three recent deaths. Brian Clarke reports

quite literally out of the blue. The angler at Rutland had not fished foolishly on an obviously bad weather — he had no warning. His carbon rod was hit by the first flash from a heavy, gathering cloud.

A couple of years ago, a friend of mine dropped his rod in a wide, flat meadow when a storm was approaching and raced for his car before the advancing rain. Before he had gone 30 yards, there was a flash and a bang behind him. Lightning had struck his carbon rod, even though it had been lying flat on the ground.

The most dangerous rods by far are the immense weapons that many modern coarse fishers use. Carbon-fibre poles are now *de rigueur* on many slow and still waters and they dominate much of the competitive fishing scene.

Fishing with a pole is very different to fishing with a conventional rod. Rods are generally short and line distance is achieved by casting with a reel. Poles have no reels. The line is attached to the end of a fine tip section several feet long and further sections can be pushed into that. Distance is thus achieved by varying the number of sections added. The great advantage is that delivery of the bait is not as hit and miss as it can be in rod-and-reel fishing. The bait can be lowered with perfect precision on to fish as they move into the bank and away from it.

Pole fishing has no part in salmon or trout fishing, or in angling for larger coarse fish. However, most anglers on heavily-fished rivers, canals

and lakes have access mainly to small fish and millions now use them.

Extraordinary lengths are now being reached. A typical short pole will extend to 25 feet or so. Others have been designed to 30, 40 and even 50 feet. Not only are they expensive — prices run to over £5,000 — but they dramatically increase the dangers for those who use them.

Long poles are more likely to be hit by lightning because of their sheer size and are capable of reaching many power lines if held high in moments of distraction. They can even cause power to arc between cables and pole-tips, so that danger can strike an angler whose pole appears to be safely in the clear.

The dangers have been known for some time and many manufacturers now put warning stickers on their long-



The sheer length of poles increases the risk to anglers

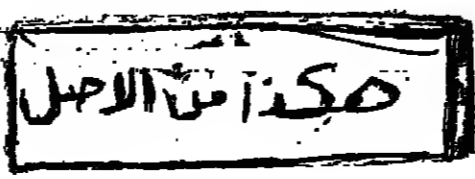
er products. Even so, tragedies continue to occur, either because anglers choose to ignore the guidance, or because they forget it.

Until a safer rod material comes along — an unlikely prospect — or power cables are buried, anglers must observe a few common-sense rules. The first is: do not fish with a carbon rod or pole during a thunderstorm. Indeed, no sensible angler will fish during a storm with any kind of rod, even one made from glass or split cane. The wise will put down their rods and leave them if strong clouds are near, even though no lightning might have been seen.

A second essential is that no one should fish directly under power lines, no matter how high above the ground they might be or how low-powered they might seem. Organisers of fishing competitions should site no pegs under or close to power lines, even though space might be tight and cables might run through the finest mesh on a chosen match length. If it is necessary to walk under power lines, conventional rods should be held low and poles should be dismantled.

Every angler will understand how difficult it is to remember such things or to exercise such self-discipline, especially if coarse fish are feeding or trout are rising. He knows that 999 times out of a thousand, no problems will arise, even if all caution is cast aside. But once in a while, for someone, somewhere, a problem will arise and have tragic results — as recent events have made clear.

□ Brian Clarke's fishing column appears on the first Monday of each month.









Victoria Walker spends a day with Britain's world-beating clay pigeon shooters and finds herself addicted

# Joining the top guns for feats of clay

The only gun ever to have passed through my hands is a fluorescent pink water pistol. The only gun that is, until I was given a 12-gauge over-under double-barrelled shotgun. I was always quite proud of my ability to handle myself in a water fight, but suspect that this is perhaps not the best training for serious clay pigeon shooting.



Undeterred, I approached the idea of a day to be spent with Britain's top shooters feeling intrepid. Yet as I drew nearer to the Grimsthorpe Shooting Ground (home to this year's British Open Sporting Championship) in Lincolnshire, this bravado dissipated into unease and then, as I entered the entrance gates, downright fear.

How on earth would I manage a gun with my slippery banana fingers? Indeed, should anyone be allowed to place one in my hands? The thought of the impending humiliation of missing every target was almost enough to make me turn the car around and head home.

Perhaps sensing my tension on arrival, the organisers put me in the hands of John Bidwell, the world champion. I was kitted out with sunglasses to keep the glare out of my eyes and protect them from possible flying shards: a shooting jacket — the very one that John wore when he won his world title — a 12-gauge over-under Beretta and a Theakston sponsorship cap to pose in.

Grimsthorpe hosted more than 1,000 competitors in this year's British Open. There were 14 traps, with competitors shooting rounds of 100 cartridges. The top shooters can get scores in the 90s, although 50 to 60 is regarded as about average.

With these figures ringing in my ears I approached the first trap — a springing teal. This is a trap where the target is shot vertically into the air, to simulate the flight pattern of teal as they fly up from a pond or marshland. John showed me how to place the butt of the gun into my shoulder, with its

body supported by my left hand. I rested my cheek against the wooden part of the handle and allowed my eyes to travel the length of the barrel.

"You won't miss the first clay, I promise you," John asserted confidently. "That's because I'll be guiding it," he added, grinning. He was right. The second clay pigeon (they are actually made from pitch and chalk) was for me to try alone. I followed its vertical trajectory, simply pointing the gun as John had taught me, and pulled the trigger. I closed my eyes (a silly reflex). When I opened them, the flat black disc was falling back to earth. My heart sank. I'd missed. "What are you sighing for?" said John, "you don't need to smack it to smithereens, only nicking it counts, too."

By closing my eyes I had missed the point of impact of my first solo shot — I resolved to keep my eyes open from then on. To my utter surprise and intense glee I hit all ten targets pulled.

The first championship was held at Wimbledon Park, London, in 1893 by the fraternal Bird Shooting Association. There were 44 entries and the winner hit nine out of the ten targets. Clay pigeon shooting was featured at the second Olympic Games held in Paris in 1900. Britain won the team event.

Even today, it is a sport in which Britain dominates, particularly in the discipline, English Sporting, which features a variety of traps. In this year's world championships at Goodwood, Britain won gold



Target practice at Grimsthorpe Shooting Ground, in Lincolnshire: Victoria Walker with John Bidwell, the world champion. To her surprise, she hit all ten targets pulled

medals in the men's team and individual events. The women's individual title was won by a Briton, Edith Barnes, and the juniors took gold in both team and individual disciplines.

After my success at the springing teal, I tried my hand at crossing pigeon. Here the targets flew across my line of vision, singly or in pairs from left to right. Needless to say, my beginner's luck suddenly evaporated. I managed to hit quite a few single targets, but doubles simply confused me and I only succeeded hitting both targets once.

I was using 24-gram cartridges, which are lighter than the usual 28-gram ones and give slightly less of a kick-back. I must confess I was expecting far more of a kick than was actually the case. It was surprisingly easy and curiously addictive.

I am not alone in my desire for more. Clay pigeon shooting is one of the country's fastest-growing sports. Membership of the Clay Pigeon Shooting Association (CPSA) has increased by 180 per cent in the past ten years and the number of affiliated clubs has grown by 130 per cent. The proportion of women members in particular has increased dramatically.

Indeed, it is one of the few sports that can be taken up and enjoyed at a competitive level with very little training. Although there are four classes, which "stream" shooters in a sort of handicap system based on ability, there is no theoretical reason why a relative newcomer cannot find himself pitched against the world champion in a competition. There are very few sports which could make that claim.

The costs of taking up clay pigeon shooting can vary enormously. All-inclusive intensive lessons at a gun club can cost about £50 per hour. But for shooters who do not want lessons, and own their own guns, the sport is much cheaper.



Victoria Walker (second from left) is shown the course

A round of 50 targets is generally under £8 and cartridges are priced at about £20 per 100. Guns can cost anything from a couple of hundred pounds to several thousand. John Bidwell estimates that a good second-hand shotgun can be bought for about £500.

Many shooting schools and CPSA members are happy to advise newcomers and let them use their guns. This is an ideal way to try the sport for relatively little cost before making any sort of larger financial commitment. With more and more people becoming interested in the sport abroad, particularly in France and America, the CPSA is keen to attract and train more British youngsters. In a new scheme the CPSA is offering under-18s the chance to be taught by such coaches as John Bidwell, Olympic international Peter Boden and twice English skeet champion, Alistair Ford.

My day at the Theakston British Open ground was crowned with a display of demonstration shooting by John Bidwell. He delighted onlookers by hitting just a single helium-filled balloon out of a bunch of ten and creating a "rossed salad" of hand-thrown vegetables. It was proved to be a thoroughly enjoyable day out. And if I can hit moving targets, just about anybody can.

West opened One Diamond, and after two passes South bid Four Hearts. Raymond Brock (West) hit on the bright lead of the jack of clubs. This deceived the declarer into thinking East had the king. That doesn't really hold water — if East had the king of clubs he could not have the ace or king of diamonds, as in that case he would have had enough to bid over One Diamond. So if East had the king of clubs West would have ace-king of diamonds, and would have led one of them.

However, declarer played low from dummy on the club and won in hand with the ace. He continued with the ace of hearts, and then drew the remaining two trumps. He continued with a low club, on which Brock played low in tempo. That was undoubtedly the correct play — first, the play to the first trick indicated that East was likely to have the ten of clubs (else why hadn't declarer covered the jack); second, if the declarer had the ten of clubs it was necessary for West to duck to shut out the club suit. But Brock had to be ready — it was no good

### HOW TO JOIN THE GUNS

THERE are three main types of shotgun used in clay pigeon shooting.

- The over-under has two barrels, one on top of the other.
- The semi-automatic is a single-barrel gun capable of firing several rounds in quick succession. Limited to a maximum capacity of three cartridges.
- The side-by-side is the traditional game shooting gun. Its barrels are placed alongside each other.

Shotgun licences must be obtained from the police. Certificates cost £43 to obtain and £18 for renewal.

Clay Pigeon Shooting Association, Earlstrees Court, Earlstrees Road, Corby, Northants NN17 4AX, 01536 443566.

The British Shooting Sports Council, Box 11, Bexhill-on-Sea, East Sussex TN40 1ZZ.

John Bidwell's High Lodge Shooting School, 32 Cotmer Road, Oulton Broad, Lowestoft, Suffolk NR33 9PW, 01502 565125.

### SHEEHAN on BRIDGE

BY ROBERT SHEEHAN, BRIDGE CORRESPONDENT

On today's hand, from this year's Hubert Phillips (the national mixed teams championship), West found an inspired lead and followed up well; but there was a sad end for the defence.

Dealer West Love all Aggregate scoring

♠ Q883	♥ 992	♦ Q84	♣ 876
♠ A J 10 4	♥ K	♦ K J 7 6	♣ K J 9
♠ 6 5	♥ 5 4 3	♦ A 10 8 3 2	♣ 10 5 4
♠ K 7 2	♥ A Q J 10 8 7 6	♦ A 3 2	

Contract: Four Hearts by South. Lead: Jack of clubs

### KEENE on CHESS

BY RAYMOND KEENE, CHESS CORRESPONDENT

#### 150th anniversary

This year is the 150th anniversary of the match victory by the great British player Howard Staunton against his German rival Bernhard Horwitz. Staunton won convincingly by the score of 15½-8½ in a match which could be considered a forerunner of modern world championship contests. Here is Staunton's best win from the match, a game featuring an imaginative king march at the end.

White: Bernhard Horwitz  
Black: Howard Staunton  
London 1846

Sicilian Defence

1 e4	c5
2 f4	e6
3 Ng3	ds
4 exd5	exd5
5 Be2	Bd6
6 c3	Ne6
7 d3	Qc7
8 g3	Nf6
9 Na3	a6
10 Nc2	0-0
11 d4	Re8
12 0-0	Bd7
13 Kg2	Re7
14 Re1	Rae8
15 Bf1	Qb6
16 Rse7	Rae7
17 b3	cxd4
18 Nxc4	Bg4
19 Bc3	Ne4
20 Bc2	Bc5
21 Qc2	Bc4
22 Nxd4	Nxd4

Diagram of final position

### WORD-WATCHING

By Philip Howard

PROSPEKT  
a. Transparent plastic material  
b. A stimulating drug  
c. A boulevard or avenue

ORTHICON  
a. A camera tube  
b. A glycoprotein  
c. An impostor dentist

RUBBABOO  
a. Arabic — "Happy Birthday!"  
b. A kind of porridge  
c. Etymian slang for geography

SCHNORRER  
a. A beggar or scrounger  
b. Yiddish — a sleep deprivation  
c. A German ale

Answers on page 46

### WINNING MOVE

By Raymond Keene

Black to play. This position is from the game Koch — Richter, Berlin 1929. Black can make a discovered check here by moving his knight away from f4. A discovered check can be a powerful weapon and here it enabled Black to find a route to force checkmate. Can you see how?

Solution on page 46

This week's Primary Update is about literacy & numeracy. (It's packed with words and it costs you nought.)

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On target: the author with John Bidwell











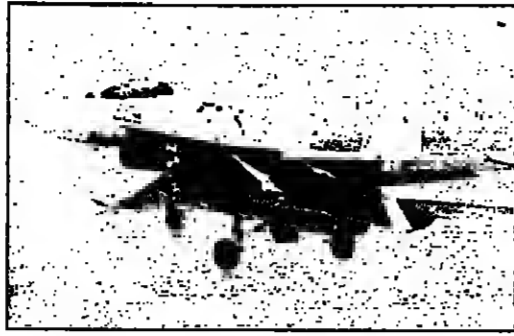


Air displays will range from the Sopwith Camel to the latest Russian interceptor, as well as the Red Arrows, says Arthur Reed

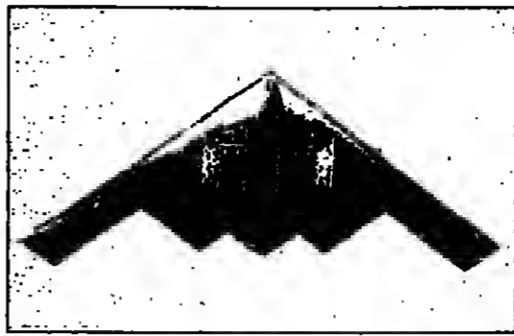
Although the real commercial business of the Farnborough show is carried on behind the scenes in the company hospitality chalets and on the exhibition stands, it is the aircraft which the crowds come to see — and this year's event has attracted an exceptional line-up.

Watching the brightest stars of the skies

thrust which, according to the show's organiser, makes it capable of "startling manoeuvres". Acrobatic military aircraft from the West include the British Hawk and Harrier, the French Mirage 2000 and Rafale B, the American F-16, and F-18 Hornet, and the Swedish Saab JAS39 Gripen.



High-flyers: Sukhoi SU27 Russian interceptor, left, and American Northrop B-2A Stealth bomber



over specially from Seattle — while Airbus will put up its competitor, the four-engine A340. The fiercest fight for orders comes in the sector for regional airliners with 100 seats and less, and here the main interest will be concentrated on the Embraer Emb-145 50-seat twin-jet, making its first appearance at an air show

side of elderly biplanes, while a replica of the Vickers Vimy, the first aircraft to make a non-stop crossing of the Atlantic, crewed by Alcock and Brown in 1919, is due to take off from Farnborough on the final day of the show on the first leg of a flight to South Africa.

built-up areas, so the safety rules have to be strictly observed." Farnborough is unusual among air shows in Britain in that all displays by the various aircraft have to be demonstrated and validated by the committee. The task is complicated by there often being two routines for each aircraft — one for good weather, another for bad. Reserve pilots also have to be validated, so the process is lengthy and complex.

Tomorrow's world on show today



Up, up and away: Rolls-Royce Trent engines being prepared for testing at the company's civil headquarters in Derby

Airframe, engine and equipment manufacturers arrive at this year's Farnborough show leaner and fitter than they were two years ago, having shed staff and streamlined working practices. It is also a more compact industry than at Farnborough '94. There have been major aerospace consolidations in America, notably between Lockheed and Martin, while the French industry is discussing a merger between its two main companies, Aerospatiale and Dassault.

Arthur Reed on an industry that has come out of the recession ready for business

should make it easier to invite new manufacturing partners into the consortium, and to raise launching funds in the international money markets. When Airbus does become a limited company, the workforces involved in Airbus manufacture in its four partner companies — Daimler-Benz of Germany, Aerospatiale, British Aerospace, and CASA of Spain — will come under the control of the consortium's management, a factor which is complicating the current negotiations in France to roll Aerospatiale and Dassault into one.

There will be a fresh mood of optimism at the show

spare parts than previous models — with the result that a lucrative source of income is in decline. A bewildering array of aerospace equipment — from rivets to radars, from satellite-based air navigation systems to flight recorders — will be vying for visitors' attention at the show, but the main action will be among companies developing computerised flight decks and passenger cabins. The galloping pace of computer chip technology is turning pilots, both civil and military, into systems managers, and the next generations of such systems, where those in charge of the aircraft will speak or just think commands, will be on display.

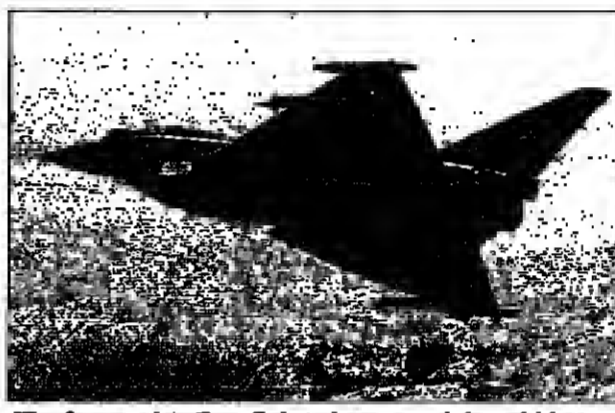
TICKETS AND TIMES

Farnborough International '96 runs from September 2-8. The first five days are trade days, with no admittance for visitors under 16. The show is open to the public on the final two days. Opening hours are

Linking up on defence

While outback and rearmament remain the buzzwords for defence in Europe and America, major military expansions continue in the Middle East and Asia (especially China). Against this backdrop, defence industry sales executives are confident that their wares will find no shortage of customers this week.

Chris Lockwood reports on great co-operation and fierce rivalries



The four-nation Eurofighter is a potential world-beater

European co-operation and division at Farnborough this week are the three contenders for the vital role of air superiority fighter for the next century. Sweden's Saab JAS39 Gripen, France's Dassault Rafale, and the four-nation Eurofighter will all fly, the first time all three have performed at the same air show.

At stake is a potential market for more than 1,000 aircraft in Europe alone with over twice that number for export. The competition is really between the Eurofighter and the Rafale, with the latter fully expected to equip French air and naval needs, and the former aiming at the forces of the UK, Germany, Italy and Spain. Gripen is considered to be a light combat aircraft by comparison.

Advertisement for 'The I.T. Village' exhibition. It features logos for Hewlett Packard, Cincom, The Document Company, Rank Xerox, Fulcrum, Autodesk, Mantix Systems, Interleaf, and Brooklands. The text describes it as a 'virtual enterprise' of the world's leading technology from...







RESULTS AND STATISTICS

TODAY

Interims: Bunzl, Burmah Castrol, Henlys Group, JIB Group, Mico Group, Parloco Group, Parsimmon, Quatro Group, Raydon Group, Scottish Eastern Investment Trust, Finalists: Peter Black Holdings, Cortice International, Haynes Publishing, Heritage Bathrooms, TR European Growth, Economic statistics: UK August provisional statistics, UK August discount T-bill auction, August University of Michigan final consumer sentiment survey, US markets closed.

TOMORROW

Interims: Blue Circle Industries, China Communications, Croda International, Dixon Motors, Edinburgh Income Trust (Q1), James Finlay, Iceland Frozen Foods, Mill, Nottingham Group Holdings, Peak Metals, PCF Group, Plantland Group, George Wimpey, A Wood, Yorkshire-Tyne Tees TV, Finalists: Line Printing Technology, Macro 4, Slavert, Economic statistics: UK August official reserves, Bundesbank calling for repo bids, US August National Association of Purchasing Managers report, US leading economic indicators, US August vehicle sales, US weekly Johnson Redbook sales, US Treasury auction of short-term T-bills.

WEDNESDAY

Interims: James Beattie, Biotech International, Brammar, Cadbury Schweppes, CRH, Epic Multimedia, Life Sciences, Manders, Neilson Hurst, Nordin & Co, Yorkshire Food, Finalists: Arlon Properties, Pacific Horizon, Primadona, Economic statistics: UK monthly monetary meeting, US July construction spending, French preliminary GDP (Q2).

THURSDAY

Interims: Arjo Wiggins Appleton, Amec, Burford Holdings, Castles, Cramer & Co, Cookson Group, Fitzwill, Friendly Hotels, US July Group, Gaskell, Latin American Investment Trust, Mithras Investment Trust, Moins, Royal Sun Alliance, Sema Group, Sector Engineering Group, Swallowfield, Vanguard Medical Group, Vickers, Wellington Holdings, Finalists: Brierley Investments, Murray Ventures, Economic statistics: UK CBI August investment trades survey, UK July housing starts, UK August new car registrations, US weekly jobs claims, US July housing starts, German preliminary GDP (Q2), German August unemployment, Bank of France monetary policy meeting, Bundesbank Central Council meeting.

FRIDAY

Interims: Avonide Group, TF & JH Braime, Caldwell Investments, Laird Group, Litho Supplies, Schroders, Finalists: none scheduled, Economic statistics: UK July industrial production, UK construction output (Q2), US August non-farm payrolls.

COMPANIES

MICHAEL CLARK



Castrol to oil the wheels at Burmah

BURMAH CASTROL: Another slick performance from its Castrol subsidiary should guarantee a healthy increase in first-half profits when the group reports today. Profits at the pre-tax level are expected to have grown by 9 per cent, to about £127 million, with earnings up by a similar amount.

Castrol is continuing to gather momentum as it expands in Asia and enjoys the beginning of a recovery in Latin America, which will have more than offset tougher trading conditions in Europe and America.

The group should also have benefited from a lower tax charge and the proceeds from the sale of the bulk of its UK petrol retailing business, which will generate a surplus of £20 million. Shareholders should be rewarded with a 9 per cent rise in the half-year payout to 12p, with brokers such as NatWest Securities forecasting a total payout of 37p.

CADBURY SCHWEPPE: Fund managers will be paying a visit to the group's US soft drinks operation to see the state of play after the split with Coca-Cola over their bottling agreement. They will also be searching the half-year figures on Wednesday for further information.

Benefiting from a full contribution from Dr Pepper, pre-tax profits are expected to have grown 11 per cent, to £228 million, with the operating profit increase for North America exceeding the rest of the group as a whole. Profits in Europe overall will be down, hit by unseasonable weather and start-up costs in Russia and Poland. Brokers are looking for an interim payout up from 4.9p to 5.1p.

ROYAL & SUN ALLIANCE: Interim figures on Thursday are the first since Royal Insurance merged with Sun Alliance in July, but the numbers under review cover the period before the deal was concluded. However, brokers will be anxious to establish how the two businesses will be



Figures from Joe Dwyer of Wimpey tomorrow will be clouded by an assets swap with Tarmac

welded together and how cost savings of £175 million can be achieved. Operating profits of both companies should be down from £489 million to around £350 million. The company has indicated a 19p full-year dividend.

SCHROEDERS: The group remains one of the few independent merchant banks, despite persistent talk of a takeover. Half-year figures on Friday will show pre-

tax profits almost 50 per cent ahead, at £125 million, with fund management accounting for around half of the final number.

ARIO WIGGINS APPLETON: An earlier profit warning means that interim figures on Thursday will contain few surprises. Brokers reckon pre-tax profits will be down from £35 million to £35 million but the dividend is expected to be held at 2.9p.

BLUE CIRCLE INDUSTRIES: The group has held up relatively well to the recession in the construction industry. Half-year figures tomorrow will show pre-tax profits 12 per cent higher, at £16.5 million (£10.1 million). Strong performances in the US, South America and South-East Asia should offset difficult trading conditions here and in the rest of Europe. Longer term, brokers appear uncertain about the

group's ability to move up a gear once recovery gets under way. A final figure of £300 million is forecast.

GEORGE WIMPEY: Half-year figures tomorrow will be clouded by this year's asset swap between Wimpey, headed by Joe Dwyer, and Tarmac. According to NatWest it should result in a deficit of £5.5 million, against a £1 million surplus last time. Operating profits will be down from £8.5 million to £6.7 million. The figures will be marked also by a drop in turnover, from £737 million to about £470 million, after seeing the construction and aggregates businesses stripped out as part of the deal. The group is now focusing on its key area of housebuilding, where it has had to contend with higher marketing costs and continuing sluggish demand. Brokers have also been expressing concern about the group's high debt levels. The interim dividend should be pegged at 2p net.

PERSIMMON: The acquisition of Ideal Homes should provide the springboard for an improvement at the halfway stage. Pre-tax profits, out today, are set to grow by about £300,000, to £11 million, after a 50 per cent increase in the size of the overall business. But there is likely to be a decline in earnings from 5.5p to 4.9p.

AMEC: Brokers have pencilled in a pre-tax interim profit of about £12.5 million (£8.8 million). Shareholders should expect a 1/2p increase in the dividend to 1.55p, declared on Thursday.

COOKSON GROUP: After losing its place in the FT-SE 100 index, the market will be looking for something special when interim figures are published on Thursday. But although profits pre-tax are expected to grow from £81.2 million to £85 million, earnings are likely to be 7p per cent lower, at about 8.2p a share, reflecting the worldwide downturn in the electronics industry.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

All eyes on interest rates

The centrepiece of the British economic week is Wednesday's monetary meeting between the Chancellor and the Governor of the Bank of England. There is still a whiff of speculation that the Chancellor may push for a last quarter-point cut in rates although the vast majority believe that stern opposition from the Bank would make this too expensive a gambit. On balance, the markets expect base rates to remain at 5.75 per cent.

Other key features include the August snapshot of manufacturing activity from purchasing managers today and the Confederation of British Industry's August distributive trades survey on Thursday. Figures for industrial production and manufacturing output in July are published on Friday. According to a consensus of market forecasts compiled by MMS International, industrial production is expected to have risen by 0.5 per cent after June's 1.1 per cent drop and manufacturing is predicted to have risen 0.3 per cent, reversing June's 0.3 per cent fall.

Probably the key statistic for global financial markets this week is Friday's US employment report for August. The treasury bond market and Wall Street took a dive late last week after figures showing a strong upward revision to second-quarter GDP and a jump in housing starts, both reviving talk that monetary policy may have to be tightened. A strong employment report would underline this thinking and that is exactly what many analysts are expecting. BZW Securities has pencilled in a 275,000 gain in non-farm payrolls and Yamaichi International Europe is looking for an increase of 285,000 with a risk of an even stronger number. Non-farm payrolls rose by 193,000 in July.

JANET BUSH

SUNDAY TIPS

The Sunday Times: Buy Unigate, VCI, Heritage Bathrooms; Sell Farepak; Avoid Iceland. The Observer: Avoid Coats VVedla, Rank, Smith & Nephew. The Sunday Telegraph: Buy Hambros, EFT, Hickson Int., Premiere Group, Atlantic Telecom; Hold HCC, Independent on Sunday; Buy IOC, Hillsdown; Hold National Grid; Avoid Inspec. The Mail on Sunday: Buy Clubhaus, Pan Andean Res.; Avoid BOC.

ALPHABETICAL GUIDE TO DEGREE VACANCIES: ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

Continued from page 42

LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES

Liverpool, R601  
Middlesex, R609  
North London, V400  
Nottingham, R600, R601  
Swansea, Q336, Q361  
Thames Valley, RR16, RR26, QR36

LAW

Abertay Dundee, M390  
Anglia, M300, M343, PM33, LM32, M337, M347, MR31, MR32, MR33, M341, M343, GM43, LM34, LM33, MR34, MR35, MR36, MR37, MR38, MR39, MR40, MR41, MR42, MR43, MR44, MR45, MR46, MR47, MR48, MR49, MR50, MR51, MR52, MR53, MR54, MR55, MR56, MR57, MR58, MR59, MR60, MR61, MR62, MR63, MR64, MR65, MR66, MR67, MR68, MR69, MR70, MR71, MR72, MR73, MR74, MR75, MR76, MR77, MR78, MR79, MR80, MR81, MR82, MR83, MR84, MR85, MR86, MR87, MR88, MR89, MR90, MR91, MR92, MR93, MR94, MR95, MR96, MR97, MR98, MR99, MR00, MR01, MR02, MR03, MR04, MR05, MR06, MR07, MR08, MR09, MR10, MR11, MR12, MR13, MR14, MR15, MR16, MR17, MR18, MR19, MR20, MR21, MR22, MR23, MR24, MR25, MR26, MR27, MR28, MR29, MR30, MR31, MR32, MR33, MR34, MR35, MR36, MR37, MR38, MR39, MR40, MR41, MR42, MR43, MR44, MR45, MR46, MR47, MR48, MR49, MR50, MR51, MR52, MR53, MR54, MR55, MR56, MR57, MR58, MR59, MR60, MR61, MR62, MR63, MR64, MR65, MR66, MR67, MR68, MR69, MR70, MR71, MR72, MR73, MR74, MR75, MR76, MR77, MR78, MR79, MR80, MR81, MR82, MR83, MR84, 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Capitalisation, week's change

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

Table with columns: Mkt Cap, Company, Price, Yield, Dividend, P/E. Includes sub-sections for ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES and BANKS.

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Advertisement for Rolex Oyster watch featuring an image of a watch and text: 'Rolex Oyster. Able to survive even the shocks on this page. Ernest Jones. The Diamond and Watch Specialist.'

Advertisement for OIL & GAS with a list of companies and their stock prices.

Advertisement for MEDIA with a list of companies and their stock prices.

Advertisement for BRITISH FUNDS with a list of funds and their performance metrics.

PHARMACEUTICALS

Table listing pharmaceutical companies and their stock prices.

PRINTING & PAPER

Table listing printing and paper companies and their stock prices.

PROPERTY

Table listing property-related companies and their stock prices.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Table listing telecommunications companies and their stock prices.

TEXTILES & APPAREL

Table listing textiles and apparel companies and their stock prices.

TRANSPORT

Table listing transport companies and their stock prices.

RETAILERS: FOOD

Table listing food retailers and their stock prices.

RETAILERS: GENERAL

Table listing general retailers and their stock prices.

SUPPORT SERVICES

Table listing support services companies and their stock prices.

WATER

Table listing water-related companies and their stock prices.

ALTERNATIVE INV MARKET

Table listing alternative investment market companies and their stock prices.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or note.



Canberra opens up telecoms

There will be no limit on the number of British and other foreign companies allowed to enter the Australian telecommunications market next year...

Alders buys

Alders, the department stores group, is buying eight stores from Owen Owen, the retail group, for £23.6 million.

Home loans

Winterthur Life is branching into mortgages through a joint venture with Skipton Building Society.

Levington up

Pre-tax profits at Levington Horticulture, a supplier of fertiliser and turfcare products which plans to float next year, rose 17 per cent to £6.3 million in the year to June 30.



PETER SMITH, manager of Marks & Spencer's new 56,000 sq ft store in the City, preparing for today's opening...

Camelot hits problems over phonecard launch

By FRASER NELSON

CAMELOT, the National Lottery operator, has run into problems with attempts to launch a customised National Lottery phonecard.

will suggest, the card, due out this year, bears a freephone 0500 number which users dial to connect them to the CardCall exchange.

three companies. Michael Zwebner, CardCall founder and vice chairman, said: "The law demands if a payphone in a public place, it must give equal access to all phone numbers."

appears to have caught Camelot unawares. Dominic Furey, licensing director, said he had not known that CardCall was demanding that the independent companies connect its calls for free.

Staff fight change in NatWest bonus pay

By ROBERT MILLER

THOUSANDS of dissatisfied NatWest staff have inundated the office of Derek Wanless, the bank's chief executive, with postcards to protest at the proposed scrapping of the bonus scheme...

Under the present scheme some 60,000 NatWest staff last year received a profit share worth approximately 7.7 per cent of their salaries...

A NatWest spokesman confirmed that the bank planned to introduce the changes but in view of the staff protest the new plan will not be fully implemented until 1998...

Next year staff will have an element of their bonus guaranteed, but for the last time. He added that the new scheme was "in line with the drive towards a more performance-related culture."

Rory Murphy, general secretary of the 40,000-strong NatWest Staff Association, condemned the bank for its "high-handed approach".

He said: "NatWest is going ahead with its plan to scrap the present system, which is fair to all staff, and replacing it with a scheme that is totally unfair. In view of the postcard campaign it is flying in the face of what the staff clearly want and is completely contrary to the bank's stated aim to be first choice for staff."

GILT-EDGED Growth and politics set to worry market

As activity in bond markets picks up after the summer break, gilts look increasingly vulnerable.

This partly reflects a fundamental problem for the gilt market - that there is still scope for monetary policy to be manipulated for the electoral cycle.

The immediate difficulty for gilts is monetary policy. We expect the Chancellor to cut rates this week or at the next monetary meeting.

Admittedly, since the new monetary policy framework has been in place, inflation has been very low by UK standards, but this may not be because of the changes in the way policy is conducted.

The explanation for low UK inflation may lie in international factors, and not UK monetary structures. There is scope for inflation in the UK to rise, compared with other countries, if political considerations come to dominate.

The coming Budget is likely to exacerbate the problems. The Chancellor is under enormous pressure to cut taxes ahead of the general election.

The fall in mortgage rates over the past year has been even greater than that in official interest rates. This has begun to have a significant effect on the housing market.

The pick-up in consumers' spending will push GDP growth above its trend rate, absorbing the excess stocks that have been holding back manufacturing.

With consumer demand picking up, retailers should take the opportunity to widen margins. Already, RPIX inflation has proved slightly stubborn given the rapid fall in PPI. Evidence is emerging that capacity constraints are developing.

However, certain themes are the same, and although a full-scale repeat of the 1980s is unlikely, there is still scope for considerable underperformance.

As evidence of stubbornness given the rapid fall in PPI, evidence is emerging that capacity constraints are developing. The CBI surveys suggest that the number of manufacturers expecting plant capacity to limit output in the next four months was above its ten-year average in July.

get measure of inflation is set to rise in the second half of 1997 and could easily be above 4 per cent in 1998.

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KATY PETERS AND SANJAY JOSHI Daiva Europe

CHANGE ON WEEK

THE POUND

US dollar 1.5630 (+0.0095) German mark 2.3096 (-0.0009) Exchange index 85.3 (+0.3)

STOCK MARKET

FT 30 share 2797.3 (-40.7) FT-SE 100 3867.6 (-39.9) New York Dow Jones 5616.2 (-106.53) Tokyo Nikkei Avge 20166.90 (-1061.90)

STOCK MARKET

Bank Buys Bank Sells

Table with columns for Bank Buys and Bank Sells, listing various international and domestic stocks.

Notes regarding bank buy/sell data and denominations.

WORD-WATCHING

ANSWERS FROM PAGE 38

- PROSPEKT (a) In the Soviet Union: a long, wide street... (b) A kind of television camera tube... (c) A kind of soup or porridge made from pemmican...

SOLUTION TO WINNING CHESS MOVE

1... N5x4! 2 Kh3 Qg4! 3 Rg3! N4 mate

This document is issued in compliance with the requirements of the London Stock Exchange Limited...

WHINNEY MACKAY-LEWIS PLC

(Incorporated and registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 1985 with registered number 2004015)

Introduction to the Official List by TAYLOR JOYNSON GARRETT

of the whole of the issued ordinary share capital of 10p each of Whinney Mackay-Lewis PLC

SHARE CAPITAL

Table showing share capital details: Authorized, Issued and fully paid, Number, Amount.

The Company's principal activities are architecture and interior design.

The Company is a public company and its shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange.

Taylor Joynton Garrett, Whinney Mackay-Lewis PLC, 149 Tottenham Court Road, London W1P 9LL.

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT MARKET

Large table with columns for 1996 High/Low, Mid cap (million), Price, Wtdy +/-, Yld %, P/E, and company names.

THE TIMES Subscriptions The Times will match any subscription offer you receive from other daily national newspapers. For further details please call us FREE on the following number: FREEPHONE 0800 120 130



With luck, and plenty more caveats, Lloyd's is about to survive its worst crisis. It will trade into the next century, insuring anything from space satellites to village fetes, from supertankers to family saloon cars. But anyone who has watched the travails of the venerable London insurance market, even at a safe distance, will realise that last week's fifth-act drama and resolution will not end the story — except in the television versions that will doubtless follow.

Assume for a moment that names' landslide agreement to Lloyd's reconstruction and renewal settlement leads to the Government authorising Equitas, the dustbin reinsurer company at the centre of the settlement plan. Assume that names pay up, along with professionals who have promised cash to avoid being sued. Lloyd's itself will then be solvent and people ruined in the process can finally escape a life sentence of open-ended contracts and liabilities to suffer in private.

A rescue process that has taken three years, infinite pain and unfairness, unimpeachable committees of the great and plausible, and many thousand man-days of legal argument, will be completed. What had to be done will have been done.

The end of a marathon for names will fire a gun for faster change at Lloyd's. Scandals had infected the

## Peace treaty with names offers new life to Lloyd's

300-year-old institution for 20 years before they culminated in losses far greater than could be blamed on the innate risks of insurance. The abuse and corruption that spawned disaster go back much further. Lloyd's was poorly led, as arrogant as its new building and complacent over the good livings so many made at the expense of names.

Almost too late, Lloyd's got lucky with its chairman, David Coleridge, though one of the old guard, had the sheer decency and transparent goodwill needed to persuade vengeful names and appalled Parliamentarians not to raze the whole rotten structure to the ground.

David Rowland, glacially smooth and the most prominent member of the by-now hated broking community, could probably not have done that. As a modern manager, however, he had the vision and intellect to map a way forward for the market and the steady determination to lead his quarrelling band through the morass. He deserves much credit for doing so, even if he lost a charisma-



GRAHAM SEABJEANT

ic chief executive and a credible regulator on the way.

Had Mr Rowland not been pre-occupied with settling the past, Lloyd's would be further ahead with the reform he initiated before becoming chairman. Investors are providing lots of new capital via corporate vehicles. Underwriting syndicates have been rationalised; trading in units of capacity has brought more openness. But pressures have quickened.

Most solvent names are staying

on to profit from better times. But the typical post-war name has little long-term future as an independent sole trader. In the beginning, Lloyd's names were merchant venturers and grandees, confident British successors to the merchants of Venice.

Later, the net was cast too wide. Names included high earners attracted by tax breaks and the Lloyd's route round exchange controls. There were authors and actresses who suddenly had money to invest, landowners and politicians seeking high returns that left them free to hunt or win votes — and humbler folk who did not know the risks.

Professionals will always be there, like "locals" on commodity exchanges, along with the bored super-rich and merchant adventurers, from Hong Kong rather than London. The rest will surely give way to corporate money as decisively as institutions have displaced private investors on the stock market. If Lloyd's gets its act together, much new business will be gathered by insurance companies and con-

tracted out to the skilled underwriters who are its principal asset.

A rash of bids and deals will doubtless follow the settlement. Some may be the right ones, creating integrated underwriting houses akin to City fund managers. The needs of new names might in future best be catered for by the likes of private banks. The rest of the market must concentrate on cutting costs and improving efficiency to make up for the basic cost advantages that will be lost with the decline of unlimited liability.

Regulators will vet professionals individually. They could hasten the departure of the incompetent. But regulation itself still has low status at Lloyd's and needs more reform.

Mr Rowland and Ron Sandler, his admirably low-profile chief executive, know that their exchange faces much stiffer competition, not least from huge new reinsurer groups. Lloyd's lost momentum and business as well as its reputation. It will need to market itself harder and tailor its services to what foreign customers now want.

To prosper as well as survive, Lloyd's should, above all, embrace a new outward-looking culture. To see the way ahead and the pitfalls, compare London's Stock Exchange with its International Financial Futures Exchange. There is no prize for guessing the right model.

## Wicked uncle, but all in fun

Uncle Mort's Celtic Fringe. Radio 4, 9.15pm.

In Uncle Mort (the matchless Stephen Thorne), writer Peter Tinnwood has created one of radio's true imperishables. Not a gracious word does he utter, and not a gracious thought crosses his mind. His sudden bursts of enthusiasm are manic. He behaves abominably towards his never-absent nephew Carter Brandon (Sam Kelly). His contempt is universal in application and surreal in composition. Expanding tonight on his scorn for the widening scope of the Olympics, he foresees competitions for piano tuning and synchronised nose-picking. Behind the closed curtains and shut doors he passes on his Welsh odyssey, he imagines collections of burglars' collar-studs or wet batteries and zib jam jars. Tonight, his rugby-playing idol reveals feet of Welsh clay.

Battling With the Past. Radio 4 (FM), 10.00am.

This is as much a contest of speculation as it is a test of knowledge. The subject is the Wars of the Roses. Ronald Hurton is the question-master and three academics from the Universities of Lancaster, Keele and Edinburgh, plus an author, blow the dust of history off that bloody conflict between the houses of York and Lancaster. Hurton probes a bit of a punster. He says Margaret of Anjou was "the greatest Lancaster bomber in history". And "guilty as hell," he says about Richard III's role in the murder of the Princes in the Tower, implicitly acting as foreman of the jury.

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- RADIO 3 LIVE**

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## Sky's the limit for sleeker Airbus

July 8, 1996, will go down in history as a milestone in European aerospace history. It was the day the Europeans moved to give the Americans a run for their money. It was the day that could give British Aerospace undisputed dominance in Europe. And it was the day Boeing executives will remember with horror, because it was the day that Airbus announced it would turn itself into a single company.

The announcement this week at the Farnborough Air Show of the go-ahead for the A3XX "superjumbo" will be the first tangible result of this change. BAE will be able to trumpet how, after years of lobbying, it persuaded the July meeting of the Airbus supervisory board in Paris to agree to change the corporate structure of the four-nation consortium.

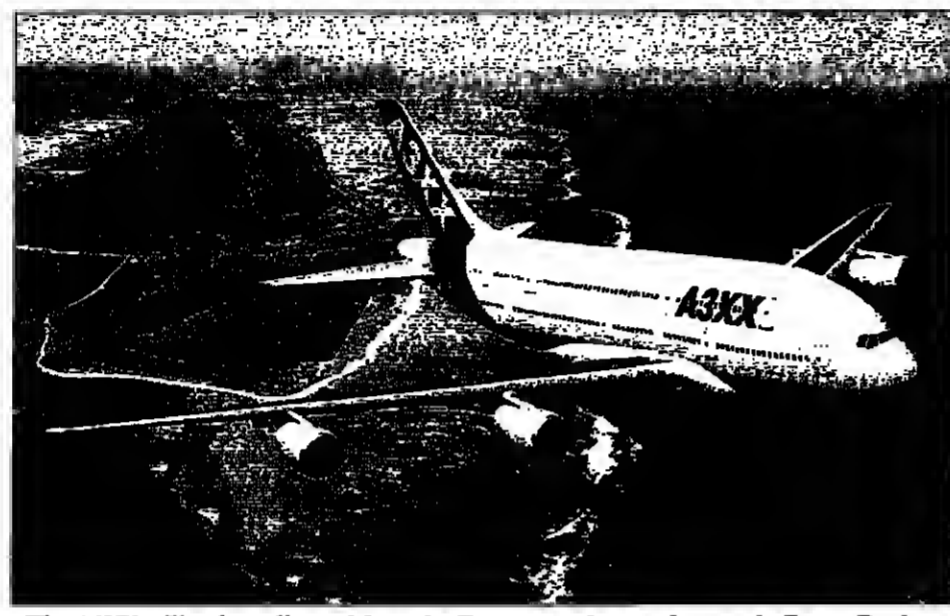
Jürgen Schrempf, chairman of Daimler Benz, the German partner, confirmed the move when he announced the German group's half-year results last Friday. "What counts is that every partner in the Airbus consortium has to become competitive individually. I am convinced that this

will necessarily lead to the transformation of Airbus into a joint stock company," he said. The four partners will sign an agreement by the end of this year which will chart a timetable for the dotation.

Under present arrangements, profits and losses accrue to the four partner companies — BAE, Aérospatiale of France, Daimler Benz Aerospace (Dasa) and Casa of Spain — rather than the consortium. The four also share manufacturing work in proportion to their holdings.

But operating as a single commercial unit will make Airbus much more cost efficient, BAE told the partners, because workshare would be allocated according to where manufacturing is cheapest rather than on the basis of the owners' holdings. BAE holds only 20 per cent in Airbus which means that the far less efficient French and German partners, with their 37.9 per cent stakes, get a disproportionately large share of the work, driving up the cost of Airbus aircraft.

When Airbus executives arrive at the Farnborough Air Show this morning, they will



The A3XX will at last allow Airbus, the European planemaker, to challenge Boeing

be greeted by enthusiastic industry watchers. One analyst close to BAE said: "The intention behind creating Airbus was to become a flagship aerospace business which could challenge Boeing for the leadership in the commercial aviation market."

After years of catching up, Airbus saw its first victory in 1994 when it won the largest share of new orders for aircraft. Airbus immediately claimed to have clinched the crown from Boeing. But Boeing still had more than 50 per cent of total orders out-

standing — not just the ones made in 1994. Airbus was still the number two.

At that time, Airbus's growing success mirrored the declining fortunes of America's number two, McDonnell Douglas. Airbus had overtaken McDonnell Douglas, but what tripped up the US group could also create problems for the Europeans. McDonnell Douglas was falling behind because it had not invested enough in new technologies and had failed to build long-range jets, the real growth market in aviation. To avoid the same pitfalls, Airbus would have to double its research and development efforts.

In 1995 Boeing regained its dominant position. Its success was built on two pillars.

The first one can be summed up in one number: 747. This is by far the world's most popular long-range aircraft and has no serious competitors. Boeing is now even talking about making a new version, the 747-700, which will increase seating capacity from 450 to 500.

Fortunately for Boeing the long-range market is the fastest growing and most profitable sector in civil aviation.

Boeing's other strength is having the US Government behind it. The company is the largest US exporter and Washington is very much aware of

this. Hence, the aerospace industry in Seattle has enormous lobbying power.

The US Government supports Boeing primarily through the Export-Import Bank, set up in 1974 to finance and guarantee American exports. It is known in the industry as "Boeing Bank". Where struggling airlines cannot afford Boeings, the Ex-Im can step in.

Airbus has very little to set against this. Some of its aircraft are technologically more advanced than Boeing's.

But in its two key strengths Boeing is streets ahead. First, Airbus does not have an aircraft that can compete with the 747.

Airbus's other problem is its lack of political support. Airline executives buying an aircraft from Boeing will get a personal call from President Clinton making a Boeing sales pitch, because every sale is a vote-winner. Jacques Santer doesn't really carry the same clout.

In terms of financing, the four national export agencies are also no match for the Americans. The Ex-Im aggressively pursues foreign buyers while its European equivalents are caught up in rivalry.

The only way out is for Airbus to change its ownership structure which it is now doing. Airbus will finally be able to start developing the A3XX with 550 or more seats. The four partners had balked at its £8 billion development costs but today will give it the green light.

"As a reorganised business Airbus will be able to effectively compete with Boeing," a City corporate financier said.

Without a doubt the move will be more in BAE's interest than anyone else's. As the only consortium partner that is privatised and whose core activity is aerospace, BAE is the most efficient operator in the consortium. BAE will steal large chunks of workshare from Aérospatiale and Dasa, which is not considered a core interest for Daimler.

When the glasses of champagne are raised in the Airbus pavilion at Farnborough to celebrate a hefty increase in orders, BAE executives will be cheering the loudest.

OLIVER AUGUST

### ENGINEERING DISASTERS.

TONIGHT AT 6 - HOW REAL DO YOU WANT IT?

PM

### Rogue trader is shopped

THE authorities scouring the world for Yasuo Hamanaka, the rogue Sumitomo copper trader, might consider going back to first principles. Had they looked, they would have found him at home. Mr. Copper, as he is known, was spotted by a correspondent from Reuters shopping at a supermarket in a Tokyo suburb yesterday. The intrepid reporter, asked Hamanaka where he had been hiding, to be told: "I've been living at my home since leaving Sumitomo."

### Saddle sore

RICHARD BRINDLE, an underwriter with Charman Underwriting, who has just returned from a marathon bike ride through Russia, has found sitting rather painful of late. Brindle is just one of 50 to have completed the 200km journey, but during the run he was the only one whose saddle caused him so much pain that he had to swap his cycle for a pair of running shoes after the first 50km. The group raised more than \$100,000 in aid of "Downside Up", the charity. The cash will help to build a day-care centre for

### THE TIMES

### CITY DIARY

Moscovite children with Down's syndrome.

### Nick of time

WORKING round the clock has its rewards, even if it does involve fending off unwanted thieves. John Bedwell, a production manager at The Presentation Company, the wizards that put the sparkle into AGMs, was still in the office headquarters in Clerkenwell at 3am last week, working on a presentation for Merrill Lynch, when he heard a burglar break in. Quick-thinking Bedwell rang the police, the building was surrounded within minutes, and an arrest was made.

MORAG PRESTON

Wicked

Wicked

Wicked

Wicked

سكوت المثلج









ENGAGED 45 Camelot runs into trouble over phonecard scheme

BUSINESS

INSURED 46 Graham Searjeant on the rescue plan at Lloyd's



Simpson accepts tougher targets over £10m package

BY JASON NISSE GEC, the huge electronics group, is to tell institutional investors today that it will amend the contract of its new chief executive, George Simpson...

ering even to vote against the appointment of the former Lucas and Rover chief. Today, Lord Weinstock, GEC's chairman, is to meet Richard Regan, of the Association of British Insurers, in an attempt to ease the dispute.

the contract, and other institutions are considering following suit. One large investor told The Times that it was waiting for the ABI meeting before deciding its voting policy.

the ABI that Mr Simpson has agreed that stricter performance targets can be inserted in his contract so that he would have to deliver a marked improvement in the financial results of GEC before receiving the big bonuses set out in the contract.

This target would have been met in most years of the past decade. GEC will insert a target for GEC's financial performance, comparing it with similar companies in the UK and Europe.

original contract because of the contract Mr Simpson already had at Lucas. This was almost certain to pay out a large bonus if Mr Simpson had stayed on, and, because of this, GEC was willing to make a £500,000 upfront payment and make it relatively easy for Mr Simpson to receive his long-term bonuses.

Porterbrook investors net £32m

Directors of Charterhouse Bank who invested £89,000 in Porterbrook, the British Rail rolling stock leasing company, when it was privatised eight months ago, stand to share profits of at least £32 million from its sale to Stagecoach, the transport company, it has been claimed.

Daimler-Benz Aerospace, Germany's largest aircraft maker, is spinning off two of its aircraft plants as part of an effort to reduce costs and return to profit by 1998.

Festival success Edinburgh's festival month ended at the weekend with organisers claiming a record-breaking box office success for the fiftieth annual arts festival.

Virgin venture Richard Branson's Virgin Group is looking to launch a range of cosmetics and toiletries to run alongside its new jeans business.

Euro 96 gives strong kick to economy

BY JANET BUSH, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

LAGER, takeaway pizzas and foreign football fans may have accounted for an astonishing quarter of the 0.4 per cent growth in the British economy between April and June as the Euro 96 football championships gave the economy a useful extra kick.

England team in its ill-fated semi-final against Germany - probably accounted for one quarter of a 6.75 per cent jump in sales of clothing and footwear in June.

tion of the scratchcards in March 1995. Spending in the theatres, cinemas and video rental shops are thought to have slumped as the nation stayed at home to watch key matches on television.

Beyond hard figures and anecdotal evidence, Mr Loynes suggests that the psychological impact of England's winning run may have had intangible benefits for the economy, providing a much-needed burst of the "feel-good" factor.

And one thing is certain," he added. "Whatever the true impact, it would have been even larger had England gone on to win the tournament. Gareth Southgate has a lot to answer for!"

The biggest boost came from the estimated 250,000 extra tourists who came to Britain for the tournament and spent about £500 apiece, Jonathan Loynes, an economist with HSBC Markets, calculates that this is the equivalent of £125 million - an extra 3 per cent on Britain's net earnings from travel and tourism in the second quarter, and an extra 0.25 per cent on UK exports of goods and services.

Overall, Mr Loynes believes that spending by British consumers was boosted only modestly by the football factor because there were offsetting falls in other kinds of spending, such as the National Lottery. In the first full week of the tournament, combined sales of online and "instant" lottery tickets fell to their lowest level since the introduction of the scratchcards in March 1995.

Growing interest from airlines has convinced Airbus that the \$8 billion development programme is viable and inevitable. The first passenger-carrying jet, code-named the A3XX, could be in operation by 2003.

Detailed market research by Airbus indicates that there will be a market for 1,380 airliners of 500 seats and above, worth more than \$300 billion, up to 2014. The first version of the "super-jumbo" will seat around 555 passengers in three classes. But if demand from charter operators and Far Eastern domestic airlines is as strong as is now predicted, up to 800 seats could be installed.

THE Takeover Panel may force Sir Geoffrey Littler, the former leading civil servant who now chairs TR European Growth Trust (Treg), to retract criticisms of the board of the Kleinwort European Privatisation Investment Trust (Kepit) made after Kepit rejected Treg's offer to take control of the £500 million trust.

Panel may act on Treg attack

BY JASON NISSE

with a dozen institutions making approaches to take over Kepit. Kepit is now pushing for all those interested to make public their offers.

The board of Kepit was also angered by Sir Geoffrey, who said in a document published on the company news service of the Stock Exchange on Thursday: "Kepit still appear to be using smoke and mirrors to implement a cosy City fix. The directors are clearly out of touch with investors."

Although the Kepit board has decided against possible legal action, a spokesman said: "We think these suggestions are negative, rude and certainly libellous."

Airbus 800-seater taking wing

BY HARVEY ELLIOTT, TRAVEL CORRESPONDENT

AIRBUS INDUSTRIE is expected to give the go-ahead for the development of the world's biggest jetliner, capable of carrying up to 800 passengers, at this week's Farnborough Air Show.

of up to 8,500 nautical miles, be twice the size of the biggest jet now in operation and - most importantly for airline economic planning - be capable of being stretched should demand for air travel grow.

British Airways could be among the launch customers for the \$220 million jet. The airline needs to replace some of its older Boeing 747s to enable the airline to expand.

Spreading wings, page 46

Refuge merger faces opposition

BY MARIANNE CURPHEY

PRUDENTIAL will decide this week whether to oppose the proposed merger between Refuge Assurance, in which it holds a 6 per cent stake, and United Friendly.

Refuge is believed to be unhappy about the £1.4 billion deal and is among a number of major shareholders, including Britannic and Mercury Asset Management, who are considering voting against it at a meeting a week tomorrow.

Restaurant pays £320,000 to director

BY ION ASHWORTH

ORIENTAL Restaurant Group, which runs four London restaurants, including Sri Siam and Imperial City, has given its managing director a one-off payment of £320,000 - equivalent to nearly half last year's profit.

TUC seeks £3bn for jobs

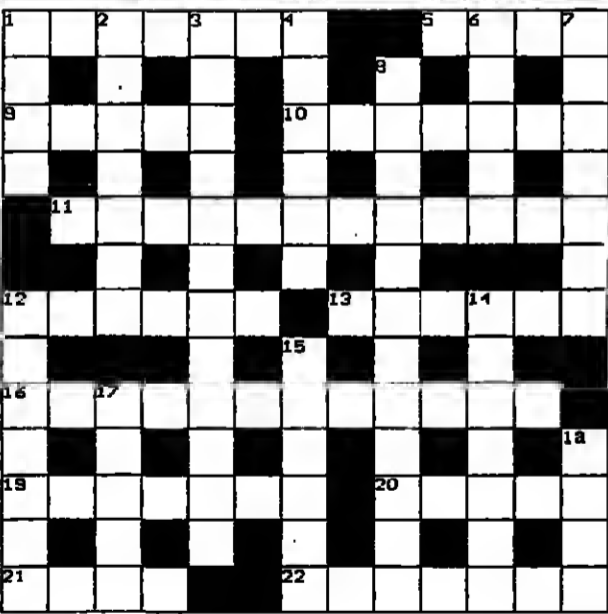
BY PHILIP BASSETT, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

TRADE UNIONS will today urge Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, to adopt a £3 billion Budget package aimed at boosting employment, job security and skills to create at least 360,000 jobs.

of 5 per cent attainable", the TUC proposes as its key measure. Investment in community infrastructure, including social housing and other public construction projects, at a cost of £1 billion, leading to the creation of 30,000 jobs.

combined total cost of £450 million. Improving information about the labour market, including a monthly survey-based count of unemployment, at a cost of £8 million.

TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 876

- ACROSS 1 Urban stronghold (7) 8 Excess supply (4) 9 Crustacean, commonly cocktail (5) 10 Generally (7) 11 Surly and miserly (12) 12 Cliving signal, sounds like lining up (5) 13,21 US Caribbean commonwealth (6,4) 16 Ck, comic dramatist (12) 19 To season; distinctive quality (7) 20 Boudicca's tribe (5) 21 See 13 22 Word of same meaning (7)

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Does radon really increase the danger of cancer?

# Risky rocks

PEOPLE who live in areas with high levels of radon gas are regularly alarmed by warnings that they are at risk of lung cancer. As measurements proceed, more and more areas fall into this category. But are the worries justified?

In May the Environment Department added another 100,000 houses to the "at-risk" list. In areas previously considered safe: Avon, Cumbria, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Northumberland, North Yorkshire, Nottinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Shropshire, Staffordshire, and Wiltshire.

Radon is a radioactive gas produced by the decay of uranium in the rock. Studies of uranium miners certainly do show increased risks of lung cancer, but it is proving much harder to demonstrate that those risks also apply to householders who happen to live in an area where radon levels are high.

The latest report to cast doubt on radon comes from Dr Anssi Auvinen, of the Finnish Centre for Radiation and Nuclear Safety. Published in July in the *Journal of the National Cancer Institute*, it demonstrates no link between the incidence of lung cancer and radon levels in Finnish homes.

Finland has the highest levels of natural radioactivity in Europe, with an average annual exposure of eight millisieverts a year, four times that in the UK. The reason is that the country lies on granite bedrock, a plentiful source of radon. So if the alarms over radon are justified, we ought to see higher levels of lung cancer among Finns.



SCIENCE BRIEFING  
Nigel Hawkes

This is just what Dr Auvinen didn't find. He compared 1,055 lung cancer cases with a control group of 1,544, and found there was no link with radon levels, which had been measured in their homes over 19 years. The radon levels found ranged as high as 370 Becquerels per cubic metre, almost double the "action level" of 200 set in Britain by the National Radiological Protection Board.

In Britain, a team from Bristol University published a study in the *European Journal of Cancer* in June of the incidence of cancer in Devon and Cornwall, matching 14 different types of cancer against average levels of radon, sorted by postcode. This, too, failed to show an association with lung cancer, though the method used cannot preclude such a risk for individual householders.

Behind the radon debate is a deeper one about whether there is a threshold below which radiation does no damage. The NRPB believes that no such threshold exists. "Low doses — even extremely low doses — do have an associated risk," says Dr John Stather, one of the authors of a major review of the topic published by the NRPB last year.

So why don't the population studies find such a risk? NRPB argues they do in the case of the atom bomb survivors — still by far the largest group ever followed. If they don't in the case of the Finnish population, it is because the excess risk is too small to be detected, given the size of the population sampled. The tool of epidemiology is simply too blunt to discern a difference.

## A small step forward



THOUGH no dwarf, the artist Toulouze-Lautrec was odd-looking, with short legs and a big head. Scientists in New York and Boston have now identified a gene that may have been responsible.

The gene causes pycnodysostosis, a hereditary disease characterised by short stature, brittle bones, and skull deformities. The team studied an Israeli-Arab family with 16 affected relatives and a large Mexican family. They found that the gene responsible, which lies on chromosome 1, makes an enzyme called cathepsin K.

The discovery of the mechanism, they report in *Science*, has implications for the treatment of other conditions in which cathepsin K may be involved, including osteoporosis and some forms of arthritis.

"Now that we know the function of this specific gene, we can develop therapies to prevent or reverse the bone loss that occurs in some diseases," says Dr Robert Desnick, of Mount Sinai, a co-author of the study. Gene therapy or the use of inhibitors to the enzyme are two possibilities.

## The damage of separation



INFANT rats separated from their mothers for just a single day are marked for life. Dutch researchers at the University of Nijmegen have found. When these rats are examined a few months after

the one-day separation, their adrenal glands are larger, the concentration of corticosteroid hormones in their blood is higher, their immune response is reduced, and their reactions to stress last longer.

Such early experiences may therefore increase the risks of stress-related disorders in some individuals, the researchers believe. The evidence is that, in rats at least, early separation stimulates the adrenal gland — almost inactive when the mother is present — into producing high levels of corticosteroid hormones which then activate certain genes and create permanent changes in brain function.

Interestingly, the same changes do not occur when brief daily separations occur. Then the infant rats appear better able to cope with stress until an advanced age, and better able to learn.



Peter Gannicott with his parents: he retains his senses of touch, vision and hearing and the new treatment may make communication much easier

# The power of thought

Will the paralysed be able to communicate with computers merely by thinking? Anjana Ahuja reports

In the split second it took for his motorcycle to ram into the side of a swerving car, Peter Gannicott was turned from a sports-mad 22-year-old into a mute quadriplegic, able only to blink and move his left eyebrow. When he wants to use his specially adapted home computer to spell out words, he wears clumsy metal spectacles which allow that single muscle to nudge a cursor up and down the screen.

If neurosurgeons at the Radcliffe Infirmary in Oxford have their way, Peter will eventually be able to control his computer and other equipment by the power of thought

alone. Peter, now 36, volunteered to undergo a dramatic operation to link his brain directly to a computer via implanted electrodes. This would be a milestone that could open a breathtaking chapter in the field of neuroscience.

The idea, dreamt up by Professor Giles Brindley, Emeritus Professor of Physiology at London University, and Peter Teddy, the head of neurosurgery at the Radcliffe, is simple enough. When you decide to lift your arm, your brain fires electrical signals to your arm which triggers the lifting. In Peter's case, the signals will not make his arm move, because the communication network between his healthy brain and damaged body is faulty.

But, doctors reasoned, there is no reason why the same signals could not be used to operate a computer or another piece of electrical equipment. Mr Teddy explains: "When Peter thinks about raising his arm, we can use a battery of electrodes over part of his brain to pick up those signals. Then we can amplify them and change them into a signal which can be used by a computer. The idea is that just by thinking about raising his arm, Peter can move a cursor on the screen."

Peter, who managed a record shop in Walthamstow, Essex, was not expected to live after the accident. As a result of injury to the brain stem, he was paralysed, lost his speech and was dependent on a ventilator to breathe. He was not robbed of his mental faculties, and he retains his sense of touch, vision and hearing. An internal phrenic pacemaker, which "shocks" the diaphragm into breathing, has meant freedom from ventilator machines.

Peter has kept alive his interest in music, attending concerts with his elder brother and younger sister. He also maintains his interest in cooking by dishing out kitchen instructions to his carers.

To communicate, the Gannicott family split the alphabet into four columns. Peter raises an eyebrow to acknowledge the correct column (for example, the letters A to G) and then again when the letter he wishes to select in that column is pointed out. Otherwise he spells out words on his computer screen. Whichever method he chooses, it is a cumbersome and tiring way to converse. Moving a cursor by thought would allow Peter to "talk" 40 times faster.

Peter's family first read about implants in *The Times* two years ago. His mother Betty recalls: "Peter saw it, and said 'I don't think it's possible, but I wonder if they could give me a blink?'"

Peter had lost the ability to blink, which meant his eyes were often dry and sore. Mrs

Gannicott says: "He asked me to find out if anyone could restore my blink with an implant. One of the people I wrote to was a doctor at Stoke Mandeville Hospital, and he passed our letter to Mr Teddy."

Mr Teddy contacted Professor Brindley, who thought such an implant might be possible. The professor recalls seeing Peter turn up at his outpatient clinic: "When I saw him, I thought there was something much more exciting we could do. There was also a small risk that, had we done the blink implant, Peter could have lost the use of his eyebrow."

That was 18 months ago. Peter opted for the more ambitious operation, which he underwent in July. It was filmed by a team from the BBC programme *Tomorrow's World*.

First, multiple brain scans were taken to locate the primary motor cortex, the portion of the brain controlling movement. Once located, Mr Teddy bored a hole into Peter's scalp above the primary motor cortex. He placed 16 active and four inactive metal electrodes on the meninges, the protective shield which shrouds brain matter and the spinal cord. The inactive electrodes provide a reference point for measuring electrical activity. Next came the delicate and complex task of pushing the wires from these 20 electrodes underneath the skin from Peter's brain down to his right thigh. Along this brain-to-thigh route, the wires had to pass through different electronic components, turning Peter into a human circuit board.

The components included a device in the upper right chest to select certain signals, an amplifier in the lower right chest, an encoder in the lower abdominal wall and an electronic receiver in the right thigh. Mr Teddy fixed a transmitter on the outside of the right thigh, which in turn was linked by wire to a computer. The risks involved in such a complicated procedure are surprisingly mundane. There is minimal risk of brain damage, since the operation involves laying electrodes onto the surface of, rather than inside, the brain. "With so many implants the main danger is infection, but that didn't happen," Mr Teddy says.

It helped that Peter was cal activity. Next came the delicate and complex task of pushing the wires from these 20 electrodes underneath the skin from Peter's brain down to his right thigh. Along this brain-to-thigh route, the wires had to pass through different electronic components, turning Peter into a human circuit board.

It helped that Peter was

determined to have the operation. In a characteristic flash of independence — rather than living with his parents, he lives in his own flat with full-time care — he told his hesitant mother: "It isn't your decision, mum."

So, did it work? The moment of truth came four days after the operation. Peter was asked to think about moving his right arm, while the neurosurgeons searched for an electrical signal. Mr Teddy says: "We got what appeared to be a reproducible signal but when we tried again a few days later, we couldn't trace it."

It turned out that the last component in the set-up, the encoder which converts the brain signal into a recognised computer signal, was hiccupping erratically. Peter will undergo a second operation on September 19 to correct it, and his progress will be monitored over the following weeks by *Tomorrow's World*.

If successful, an extensive training period will follow. The act of willing limbs to move may result in weak signals for some limbs and strong, usable signals for others. For example, thinking about moving a finger might be the most effective.

Despite the setback, the mood is optimistic. Mr Teddy says: "The great thing about this is that ultimately we will get it right."

Professor Brindley believes that success will have further implications: "If a computer-controlled mechanical limb were attached to the wheelchair, Peter could control that just by thinking."

Could neurosurgeons somehow devise a way of sending those brain signals to one-useless limbs? Reversing paralysis in this way is a dream for now, Mr Teddy believes, because the number and complexity of signals between the brain and spinal cord is huge.

That is not a problem for Peter, according to his mother. "He has accepted that there isn't a miracle cure, and he's not looking for one. All he wants is to be able to join in life as much as he can."

*Tomorrow's World*. BBC1, Wednesday, 7.30pm.

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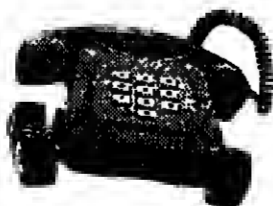
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The world who do political corrections

سكوتيا للاصح











was the agony of a broken home, and a rift that would mar the day of her marriage

# Why 'Black Jack' was kept away from the wedding of the year

The marriage of Jacqueline Bouvier and John F. Kennedy affected many people in many different ways.

Jackie's mother, Janet, was delighted with the marriage. For the Kennedys were just the sort of big game — "the real money" — she had been after for her daughter. For Black Jack Bouvier, the marriage promised to wrench Jackie firmly away from Janet and her second husband, Hugh D. Auchincloss (known by the family as Hughie).

On June 24, Auchincloss held an engagement party for Jacqueline and Jack, and an official announcement of their engagement was sent to the press. Jack Bouvier had pointedly not been invited, and he was deeply offended by this snub. By then Jacqueline had become a captive of the Auchinclosses and the Kennedys had no say in the matter.

Jack Bouvier had already been working on his tan at weekends in East Hampton, where he had rented a cottage for the summer. Still trim and handsome at 62, with his jet black hair intact except for a splash of silver at his temples, he had planned to cut a dashing figure at Jackie's engagement party. Now he would have to wait for the main event on September 12, when he would give Jackie away to her groom in style.

Planning well ahead, Black Jack visited his tailor, Tripler's in New York, to get fitted for the cutaway he was going to wear at Jackie's wedding. It was to be the biggest role in his life — father of the bride at the wedding of the year.

Yes, when he took his beloved Jacqueline down the aisle of St Mary's, he was going to show the world — the press, Newport society, the Auchinclosses, the Kennedys and Janet — just who Jackie's real father was.

Meanwhile, for Jack Kennedy, the wedding had become just as much a political campaign as a family event. There were myriad events: a big bachelor dinner in Boston, a weekend-long house party for the bridesmaids and ushers, and a huge bridal dinner the night before the wedding, hosted by Ambassador and Mrs Joseph P. Kennedy.

Alone in his drab bachelor quarters at 125 East 74th Street, Jack Bouvier waited and waited for the invitations to these events. They never came.

Jack had not expected to be asked to the bachelor dinner given by Joe Kennedy in Boston, but he definitely expected to be invited to the bridal dinner the night before the wedding. After all, he was the father of the bride, a bride he had brought up, educated, and supported for 24 years, and he had every right to be

accorded a place of honour at these celebrations.

What Jack should have realised, but didn't, was that Janet was dead set on excluding him from everything, for she was still insanely jealous of her daughters' love for their father, their preference for him over her.

As the bridal dinner approached, Jack Bouvier packed his bags and travelled to Newport, where he put up at the Viking Hotel. On arriving he telephoned Jacqueline at Hammersmith Farm, the Auchincloss estate, to let her know he was eagerly awaiting the festivities.

He spent his time making sure his wardrobe would be in perfect shape, his trousers sharply pressed, his shoes immaculately shined. Then he waited for his invitation.

What went on over the telephone between the Viking Hotel and Hammersmith Farm during this period is not known. Jack Bouvier was not invited to the bridal dinner and it crushed him. He was not even given a chance to see Jackie the day before her wedding. Janet's secretary screened all incoming calls: "No, Miss Bouvier is not available at the moment." "No, I'm sorry but Mrs Auchincloss has gone out for a while." "No, I don't know when she'll be back." Jack Bouvier went to bed that night deeply offended.

September 12, 1953, turned out to be an almost perfect day.

Jackie was dressing for her wedding without knowing who would take her down the aisle. Jackie wanted very much to be given away by her real father. But her strong-willed mother would not consent to that. She wanted her daughter to be given away by Hugh D. Auchincloss.

While Jack Bouvier was dressing for the wedding, his mother, Maude and her twin, Michelle, and their husbands, John E. Davis and Harrington Putnam, were busily getting themselves ready. The plan was for my father and Mr Putnam to pick Jack up at the Viking, take him to get the twins, and then have all five

proceed to St Mary's to join Janet, Jacqueline and Archbishop Cushing in the church vestibule.

When my father and Uncle Put arrived in Jack Bouvier's room, they found him in a very tense, fighting mood. He had endured two devastating snubs from Janet on two successive evenings.

My father and Uncle Put soon realised Jack needed all the moral support he could get. They found him only half-dressed and in a state of extreme confusion and he was due at St Mary's within half an hour. On the dresser they spotted a tray with the remains of a half-eaten breakfast. They also noticed a bucket full of ice, a bottle of Scotch and half a glass of Scotch and water.

Jack looked agitated but eminently sober as he told his brothers-in-law that he was feeling great and looking forward to the wedding. As my father and Uncle Put were assessing his physical condition and state of readiness, calls began coming through to the their wives from Hammersmith Farm.

Janet wanted to know from Michelle if Jack Bouvier was "all right". Jackie asked my mother if Daddy was "up to it". From the tone of Janet's and Jackie's voices, the twins concluded that the mood at Hammersmith Farm was close to hysteria. Perhaps, they suggested, they would have to get Hughie as a substitute if Jack couldn't pull himself together.

Jack Bouvier was proudly looking forward to giving his daughter away. Instead, Jackie walked down the aisle on the arm of her stepfather as her father was held prisoner in his hotel room



Jackie pictured on the day of her marriage

Jackie found herself torn between the demands of the Kennedys' thirst for publicity and her own personal emotions — her deep love for her father.

She had to contend with all those reporters, gossip columnists, political commentators and photographers Joe Kennedy had invited to the wedding. Could she take the risk of having a Jack Bouvier on her arm, who couldn't walk a straight line, down the centre aisle of St Mary's?

While Jacqueline was putting the finishing touches on her wedding outfit, my father and Uncle Put were still attempting to gauge Jack's condition. They noticed Jack drain his highball as he tried to work his tie into his high, stiff collar. Soon he was going over to the ice bucket to prepare another drink.

They had to decide whether Jack Bouvier was fit to perform his duties. They concluded that, although he had had a few drinks, he was by no means drunk and could, in all probability, guide Jackie down the aisle. As a precaution, Harrington Putnam took the bottle of Scotch off Jack's dresser and hid it in the closet.

My mother and my aunt continued to be assailed by hysterical calls from Hammersmith Farm. Janet demanded to know if Jack had been drinking. My mother tried to minimise the situation: she conceded that Jack had had "one or two sips" but was OK. He was by no means intoxicated; he was steady on his feet and in a good mood.

"I don't care," snapped Janet. "We don't want him at the wedding even if he had only a couple of sips."

"But John and Put believe he can perform," my mother emphasised. "I don't care," cried Janet. "Don't dare bring him. If you do, Jackie and I will never speak to you again."

Matters had now reached a critical stage for all concerned. Jack, who had almost completed dressing, began to rail

against Janet for how she had excluded him from all the pre-nuptial events, especially the bachelor dinner given for members of the family.

Finally Jack was fully dressed, and my father later told me, looked splendid. Although his tongue was a little thick, he was coherent and both physically and mentally up to the duties he was to perform at St Mary's. My father phoned this opinion to my mother who, in turn, relayed it to Janet at Hammersmith Farm.

Janet would hear none of it. Hugh was now dressed and ready to give Jackie away. They were all losing time and before long they would have to

leave for St Mary's. The limousine was already parked outside the front door with its engine running. If the twins brought Jack Bouvier with them, Janet would not let them in the church door and there might be a scene. "Keep him there," Janet urged. "Don't let him out of his room... even for one second."

The twins had no choice but to accede to Janet's wishes. They phoned the Viking and told their husbands to prevent Jack from leaving his room. Both my father and Harrington Putnam remonstrated, insisting that Jack was in good shape. After a heated argument, the two men gave in and so my father and Uncle Put, reduced to being Jack Bouvier's guardians, missed the wedding and the reception at Hammersmith Farm.

Janet had won. She now had the wedding the way she had wanted it, with her husband, Hugh D. Auchincloss, taking her daughter down the centre aisle. Jackie was, of course, deeply disappointed and very worried about her father. But she could do nothing; Jackie was no longer her own master. She had become an unwilling pawn of her mother's animosity toward Jack Bouvier and, more important, was already a tool, an instrument of the Kennedys' relentless political machine. From now on, she had no choice other than to do what was beneficial for the Kennedy image.

As Jacqueline made her way towards the altar and her bridegroom, she radiated a serene beauty that captivated the congregation. Very few people, only members of the Bouvier family and their friends, noted that she was not on the arm of her father.

Jackie Bouvier: An Intimate Memoir by John F. Davis, to be published by John Wiley and Sons, £19.99 on October 10.



Jackie with her father, the still trim, handsome and debonair Jack Bouvier in 1947

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Jackie, the debutante of the year, acquires a taste for big spending and grand living and discovers

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ARTS THE WEEK AHEAD



Is it film, real life or art? The Tate gives space to Tacita Dean's intrigues



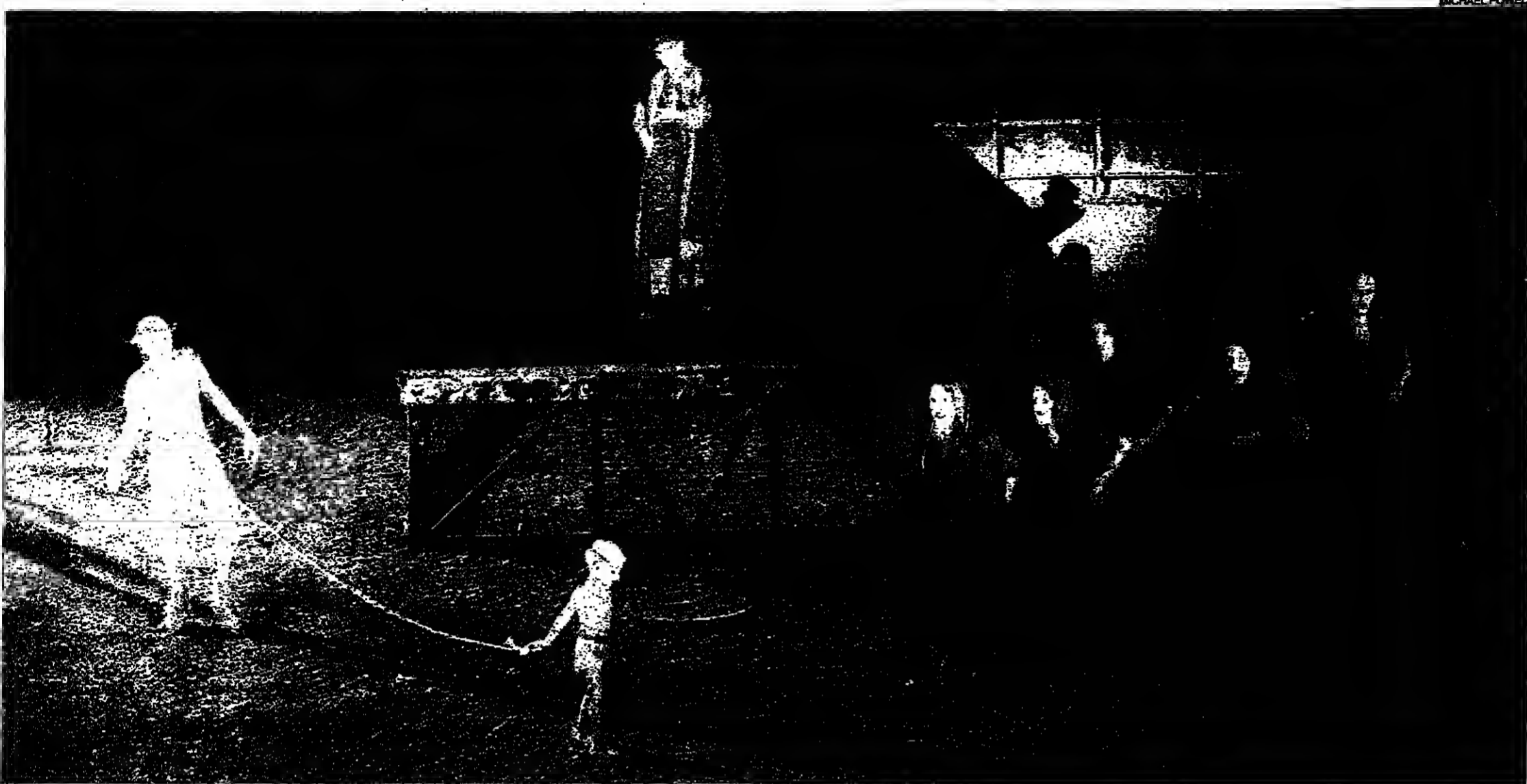
Sir Simon Rattle brings his City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra to the Albert Hall



David Freeman takes Opera Factory to the South Bank for The Magic Flute



Cream of the cornets: Ruby Braff plays at Pizza Express in Dean Street



The National Theatre makes history: Sir Peter Hall's staging of Sophocles's The Oedipus Plays, performed on Saturday night before an audience of 10,000 in the Ancient Greek theatre of Epidauros

Oedipus goes home

The history of the theatre is spattered with attempts to isolate the spirit of its Ancient Greek beginning.

On Saturday night in Epidauros, on a long, narrow, red, raked stage that stretched from a circle of sand to a distant backdrop of pine trees.

The essential problem is familiar. The tragedies that were written for the religious festivals of 5th-century Athens became the fundament for all subsequent European theatre.

At the heart of Greek tragedy is an enormous power. Directors and actors risk becoming like astronomers in search of the Big Bang.

Sir Peter Hall is a man long tempted by the pursuit of tragic purity. For his first National Theatre production since his departure as director in 1988, he has chosen Sophocles's Oedipus the King.

drilled his cast into a rigorous and rhythmic delivery, powerfully reflective of an age when metre, more than writing, was the general means of memory.

He has given huge attention to the effect upon the actors of wearing their white-on-white or sand-against-blood coloured masks.

Yet Peter Hall is not too ambitious a purist. He is a realist about what works before an audience and what does not.

Later more liberating spirits, many of them from Epidauros itself.

Peter Stothard watched as the National Theatre took Sir Peter Hall's staging of Sophocles to the heart of Ancient Greece

Despite the enthusiastic claims of the National Theatre press release, Epidauros is not the place where Sophocles's plays were originally performed.

The stone terraces, which so strain the backsides of modern sitters, were laid down only when the great 5th-century Athenian playwrights were dead.

family's murderous and incestuous ties. When the hero finds that his efforts to evade the prophecy of his birth have failed (he has killed his father and married his mother) and that his efforts to discover the truth have succeeded all too well, he shows his anguish with one hand against his chin and the other dug into his hip.

gestures, too, were beginning to be of the kind that a National Theatre cast would recognise.

audiences. Greg Hicks's serpentine prophet Tiresias, whose divine message is delivered with rather too much pelvic thrust, was one of the least convincing elements.

These two Oedipus plays — the first conceived in days of greatness and hope for Athens before the Peloponnesian War and the second in the dark days of defeat 30 years later — were far apart in original tone and style.

They are plays without active gods — a big benefit for modern

audiences. Greg Hicks's serpentine prophet Tiresias, whose divine message is delivered with rather too much pelvic thrust, was one of the least convincing elements.

Peter Hall has reached as close to the heart of these plays — their themes of crumbling vision and concentrated pride — as I ever expect to be taken.

The audience's final pity is skilfully concentrated upon those most universal of all its recipients, the children. For the blinded Oedipus Tyrannos, his miserable offspring are the way of leading us from one man's suffering to the suffering of all.

The author is Editor of The Times

Life of a one-act wonder

FOR a dramatist the life of Sean O'Casey has serious structural problems, chiefly the conspicuous absence of a second act.

This story may not be true but it has a surprising tenacity. It is also a version of events that makes Song at Sunset, the O'Casey Theatre Company's one-man celebration of the playwright's life and works at the Foyle Arts

Song at Sunset Derry

Centre, more than a little problematic.

Siobhan O'Casey, who adapted and directed the piece, has no trouble uncovering dramatic material for the first half of the evening.

Buggy's erect, stentorian version of Yeats striding on to the Abbey stage following the literally riotous reception of O'Casey's The Plough and the Stars is a mixture of endearing indignation and pure pomposity.

Barring split seconds of uncertainty, the performance has everything required to create a fine evening with O'Casey. If only the writer had shaped his biography more carefully.

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EDINBURGH FESTIVAL: Pina Bausch's classic Gluck staging; mixed blessings from the Cleveland Orchestra

Not the whole tale

The Edinburgh Festival ended as it had begun, with a danced Gluck opera. Mark Morris's Orfeo mixed singers and dancers on stage; Pina Bausch's Iphigenie is a straight dance interpretation, with dancers alone in charge of the stage.



Powerful performance: 'Iphigenie is a straight dance interpretation, with dancers alone in charge of the stage'

OPERA Iphigenie auf Tauris Festival Theatre

The text that Bausch interprets is, as the title suggests, the revision that Gluck himself made for a production in Vienna in 1781: the German translation necessitated many changes of detail.

really interesting eternal triangle with Iphigenie. The only lapse comes at the end: the moment of brother-sister recognition goes for little, there is no battle, Diana fails to appear, and Thoas survives.

The danger with danced opera is that musical values get short shrift, a danger entirely avoided here. Christine Brewer sang Iphigenie with opulent, gleaming tone and breadth of phrase.

It is a great partnership in nearly every way but above all in the conductor's relationship with his strings, which play for him with the unanimity and the security and at the same time the flexibility of a chamber ensemble.

There was a similar case of self-indulgence in the interpretation of Mahler's Fifth Symphony. If the second movement sounds relaxed rather than tortured and if its D major chorale emerges as broad as it ought to be at the end of the finale, the whole thing becomes more than a concerto for orchestra — entertaining though it might be, Dohnányi's interpretation of

RODNEY MILNES

Spoilt for choice

CONCERTS

THE Festival's official culmination was the 150th anniversary performance of Mendelssohn's Elijah at the very last concert in the Usher Hall.

Brahms's First Symphony in the second Cleveland concert, on the other hand, was unremarkably serious, unfailingly idiomatic and unquestionably convincing.

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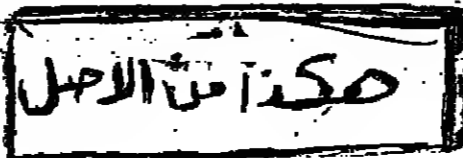
to overdo things was one reason why Ian Bostridge's account of Schubert's Winterreise, which Peter Schreier sang here only last year, was not the experience it might have been.

Even so, that was an outstanding event in a series of interesting concerts particularly interesting, as always in a McMaster festival, for its voices. Michelle DeYoung came to Edinburgh a little too early in what is going to be a valuable mezzo-soprano career, but there was the developed artistry of Renée Fleming and Ann Murray to compensate.

Music from Rameau's Les Fêtes d'Hebe, delightfully executed by Frans Bruggen and the Orchestra of the Eighteenth Century on French Baroque instruments, was just what was needed in Edinburgh after its prolonged overloading on the Viennese classics. The Festival's tenderness

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THEATRE

A Japanese view of Midsummer Night's Dream: Ninagawa's company takes over the Mermaid



FILM

Murder, mystery and mistresses: Sharon Stone and Isabelle Adjani star in Diabolique



BOOKS

As ancient Chinese treasures go on show at the BM, The Times surveys Chinese literature



RECITALS

The superb Swedish mezzo, Anne Sophie von Otter, opens the season at the Wigmore Hall

ARTS TUESDAY TO FRIDAY IN SECTION 2

Caught in a tug of love

FILMS: Nicola Venning meets the director who has produced a 'Kramer vs Kramer' for the 1990s

You could be forgiven for getting a false first impression of the waif-like director Angela Pope...

My interest is in how we want to do the right thing but end up doing the wrong one

The film tells the story of a gay father's battle to win custody of his young son. But it is no worthy polemic. On the contrary, The Hollow Reed is a powerful family story which Pope tentatively postulates as a Kramer vs Kramer for the 1990s.

The basis of the storyline is a 'tug of love' between Hannah (Jocely Richardson), a young mother, and her ex-husband, a doctor, played by Martin Donovan. The gay doctor has recently emerged from the closet and now lives openly with his 'significant other'.

At first all seems well with this set-up. Then a bruised and battered Oliver flees to his father for help. Not just once but several times. The little boy cites local toughs, accidents, playground tussles, all of which seem increasingly unlikely to his alarmed and suspicious father.

Pope's skill lies in creating a mystery thriller out of this disturbing situation, then moving in for the dramatic kill by posing the central question: what should be done?

haps this is to be expected. Milne, who gave us The Politician's Wife starring Juliet Stevenson on Channel 4 last year, is a friend of Angela Pope. Her elegance and poise suggest a vulnerable femininity, yet commitment and determination are her true defining characteristics.

Given Pope's flair for storytelling, it is surprising to discover that she learnt her craft as a documentary-maker. Moreover, when she worked for the BBC in the 1970s, two of her features generated a good deal of controversy.

Gradually Pope found her interest in drama growing - and when she wrote a short story called Shift Work, about a single woman who drives an unlicensed minicab to support her family, the dramatist was born.

Her uncertain status was not to last long. During the 1980s she began making 95-minute films for BBC Screens One and Two and rapidly made a name for herself with Sweet As You Are, an AIDS drama written by Bill Nicholson and starring Liam Neeson and Miranda Richardson.

All in all The Hollow Reed is a remarkable cinematic achievement. But given that leading screenwriter Paula Milne wrote the script, per-



Angela Pope: 'The film is not about child abuse. It's about the light and dark in us'

Miranda Richardson. Pope recently delivered her first feature film, Captives, again for the BBC. An erotic love story starring Tim Roth and Julia Ormond, it attracted particular attention for its accomplished direction.

But it is Pope's willingness to tackle tough subjects and to locate their dramatic centre that really marks her out, and which drew her to The Hollow Reed. 'Standing behind the camera and getting real stories from my actors is where I get my buzz,' she explains.

And attempts to draw out more personal aspects of her life are firmly rejected when we meet. Unlike the wavering Hannah, she makes a decision and sticks to it. Her femininity and apparent fragility serve as a smokescreen. In truth, there is nothing hollow or reed-like about Angela Pope.

The Hollow Reed is released on Friday

LONDON

BBC PROMS 96: Sir Simon Rattle conducts the City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra in Beethoven's 9th Symphony No 9 and Mendelssohn's Concerto for Albert Hall, Kensington Gore, SW7 (0171 589 8212) Tonight, 7.30pm

ELSEWHERE

DARTFORD: The lap sensation, Hot Shoe Shuttle, begins its autumn tour

TODAY'S CHOICE

A daily guide to arts and entertainment compiled by Gillian Macey

here, before going on to the Malvern Festival after on Sep 8 (01854 85227). Winner of the 1995 Olivier Award for Best Choreography, Orchard, Home Gardens, 01222 220000. Tonight-Sat, 7.45pm, mat. Wed and Sat, 2.30pm

THEATRE GUIDE

Jeremy Kingdon's assessment of theatre showing in London. House full, returns only. Some seats available. Seats at all prices.

CINEMA GUIDE

Geoff Brown's assessment of films in London and where to see them. Indicated with (P) on release across the country.

LONDON GALLERIES

British Museum: Stuart Unterman's Past (0171-638 1555). Canadian Arts Centre: New Contemporaries (0171-435 2643). Lightbox House: Carolee Colquhoun (01-492 5118).

LONG RUNNERS

Blood Brothers: Phoenix (0171-369 7733). All Pines: The Musical: Cambridge (0171-491 4111). Glee: Donorion (0171-416 6060).

NEW RELEASES

BOYS (15): Fuzzy drama about two young boys at the zoo. With Winona Ryder and Lukas Haas. Director, Nancy Green.

CURRENT

THE CROSSING GUARD (15): Gripping thriller (Lack) about a police officer who investigates a case of a woman who has been sexually abused.

DUKE OF YORKS

THE MOST ENJOYABLE SHOW IN LONDON

ENTERTAINMENTS section listing various theatre and cinema listings under categories like DANCE, THEATRES, SUNSET, BEST MUSICAL, etc.

THEATRE listings for various venues including Apollo Victoria, Starlight Express, and others.

THEATRE listings for venues like Duke of Yorks, Lyric, and others.

THEATRE listings for venues like Prince Edward, Les Misérables, and others.

THEATRE listings for venues like Whitehall, Broadway, and others.



# Matthew Parris



## What do you mean, exploitation? If people are old enough to make up their minds, good luck to them

There is no better time to write about a subject than during a wave of public alarm over it, and no worse time. Attention is guaranteed, but to what? Proportion is lost, and once a category is invented by the media for what are often only very loosely related incidents — "road rage", "the menace of stalkers" — the brain goes fuzzy and we lose the faculty for distinguishing the serious from the trivial.

On what amounted to *The Times's* paedophile page last Thursday, two articles with dreadful news from Belgium plus yet another photograph of M. Duroux's garden were coupled, by association, with Roger Moore's Cub-Scout recollections of someone walking into his tent. Alongside this miscellany — bathed in the reflected glow of media indignation over any report containing, in reasonable proximity, the word "sex" and the world "child" — was a report from Stockholm headlined "European widows exploit Sri Lanka teenagers for sex".

Since I want to wish both the European widows and the Sri Lankan teenagers good luck in their endeavours, I had better say that I do not advocate a tolerant view of the murder of little girls; but it is a pity I need to. The issues are unconnected.

Remove, then, the Sri Lankan report from the context of other obscenities on that page, and consider it alone. Like much journalism, it crumbles on inspection. The "teenagers" turn out to be "boys between 16 and 19, hawking shells or ornaments", and the "exploitation" is the seduction of younger men by older women who lavish upon them "gifts of watches, clothes, radios and TVs", later sending them air tickets to visit them in Europe. It is not suggested that the youths fly to Europe under any kind of duress. On the contrary.

Well, bully for them, I say, and for the ladies too. Good heavens, if any gift-lavishing golden girl had offered to fly me around the world when I was 16 or 17, she might have turned me straight. A Rolex watch you say, madam? A new jogging suit? A radio and television too? An air ticket to Hamburg? Carry on my dear, exploit me all you wish.

Had any of the lemon-faced grundles and professional outrage manufacturers who stalk the international conference circuit these days ever been to a Third World country — outside their conference Hiltons, that is? Have they any understanding of the hunger for gadgets, foreign travel, excitement — anything that will lift a young man or woman not so much from poverty as from the confinement of 17th-century life in a 20th-century world?

### Having to clean toilets can be just as exploitative and damaging as sex

side the context of a loving relationship must damage any human being.

In this they are simply wrong. As with many of the lawful things we may do for reward, whether or not we are damaged depends upon context and upon the people concerned. Cleaning someone's toilet "outside the context of a loving relationship" may damage too. A life of child-bearing drudgery as a peasant's wife may damage. I am prepared to leave the choice between greater and lesser damages to the conscience itself, for I have observed that many people, including some quite young people, have a cheerful, casual attitude to sex.

But on the international conference circuit, Victorian prigg meets modern progressive in prudent embrace. Both have an exaggerated regard for sex; neither can throw off the unconscious mental stereotype of woman as victim. It is almost impossible for such a person to see the payment of a young woman for sexual services as less than an assault.

It may be. It may equally represent, for her, a route to better things. There has to be an age when we let people choose, and no age will be right for everybody, but I will settle for 16. So if the concierge is 16 or more, I hand to her the decision. Who knows, if she finds a suitable businessman she may one day be cruising the beaches of Sri Lanka as a rich widow. And if the boy who hawks her ornaments is 16, I hand to him the decision. And it just could be that three people's time in the world is the happier for it.

## The experts are wrong. The Royal Marriages Act does not apply to the Prince of Wales

# Charles doesn't need permission to marry

Attempts were made last week to bring two ancient artefacts to the surface: a rusty 20-ton chunk of the *Titanic*, and the Royal Marriages Act 1772. George III's equally rusty legal blunderbuss which gave him a veto over family marriages.

It was a bad law from the beginning. William Pitt the Elder, Earl of Chatham, Britain's greatest war Prime Minister, voted against it in the House of Lords, calling it "new fangled and impudent... wanton and tyrannical". Charles James Fox resigned from the Government in protest against it, and Edmund Burke also opposed it. George III, an extremely foolish monarch, insisted on it, and Lord North, an extremely weak Prime Minister, did as he was told by the King. He usually did, as in losing America. Now some commentators are saying that under this Act Queen Elizabeth II would have to approve or disapprove her son's fortunately hypothetical marriage to Camilla Parker Bowles. They are mistaken.

George III's reason for insisting on this Act was that his siblings, rather than his children, were in the habit of making what he regarded as unsuitable marriages. The brother whose marriage was the King's immediate cause of concern was Henry Frederick, Duke of Cumberland. There were three Dukes of Cumberland in the mid or late 18th century: William Augustus, the victor of Culloden; George III's uncle; Henry Frederick, his brother; and Ernest Augustus, his son, who eventually became King of Hanover. Henry Frederick was the least distinguished and the most dissolute. In 1770 he had to pay damages of £10,000 to the 1st Earl Grosvenor, the ancestor of the Dukes of Westminster, for having had criminal conversations with the Countess. "Crim Con" was what the lawyers called it.

In 1771 Henry Frederick infuriated George III by his clandestine mar-

riage to Mrs Horton, which was performed at the bride's house in Mayfair. Anne Horton was the daughter of the Earl of Carhampton, so she was quite well connected, if not well enough for the Royal Family. It is not certain that this marriage was the first he had contracted, as a person called Olive Wilmot was alleged to be his wife, and a Miss Wilmot later claimed to be a Princess.

Henry Frederick's marriage was irritating enough to George III, but as soon as it became known, another brother, William Henry, Duke of Gloucester, announced that he had secretly married Maria, the widow of the 2nd Earl Waldegrave, as long ago as 1766. Maria Walpole, although illegitimate, was a cut above Mrs Horton. She was perhaps the greatest beauty of her day, the favourite niece of her uncle, Horace Walpole, and a woman beloved by everyone.

After her first husband's death, she had turned down the Duke of Portland to marry the Duke of Gloucester. Waldegrave himself had been George II's closest personal friend and remains in the record books as the briefest Prime Minister in British history, having lasted only from the 8th to the 12th of June 1757. Walpole and Waldegrave blood should have been good enough for anyone; perhaps it was Maria's illegitimacy which upset George III. He himself, as a young man, had wanted to marry Lady Sarah Lennox, who was herself only the daughter of a Duke, not of a European royal family. That had not been allowed.

The third scandal was far more serious. George III's youngest and favourite sister was Caroline Matilda, who was born in 1751 and died in 1775. She was engaged at the age of 14 to her first cousin, Christian, the Prince Royal of Denmark. He succeeded as King in January 1766, and they were married in the November of that year when she was still only 15. He was a cold husband to his young bride; he is described as being almost an imbecile, and was compared by the historian Niebuhr to that monster

fessed, and in April he was executed. Gibboon states that "the King had raised a little physician to the rank of Minister and Ganymede". Caroline was later released, went to Hanover and died of a throat infection.

Three marriages, two of which he did not approve, and the third of which was disgraceful and disastrous, led George III to assert an authority beyond his power. He made the same mistake over America. He could not decide the love lives of his brothers and sisters, or, later on, of his children. He could not decide the political lives of his American subjects. In the case of the Royal Marriages Act, he did at least perceive that he could not veto the marriages of foreign royal families.

The Act has an exemption clause to deal with this problem. It imposes the King's consent on the marriages of all the descendants of George II, "other than the issue of princesses who have married, or may hereafter marry, into foreign families". Some modern constitutional commentators have failed to appreciate the significance of this exemption. Lord Blake, Vernon Bogdanor and Simon Heffer have all recently stated that Prince Charles would have to ask the Queen's permission to remarry, if that were what he wanted to do. But this exemption extends to all the descendants of princesses who marry into foreign families. Princesses descended from George II were married into at least three foreign families whose issue has subsequently married back into the British Royal Family.

Queen Alexandra was descended from the Danish family; Queen Mary was descended from the family of Teck; Prince Philip is descended both from the Danish and the Hesse families. All of these families had previously married British princesses descended from George II. Prince Charles is therefore exempt through his descent from these exempt families. He is not subject to the Royal Marriages Act 1772, except possibly insofar as any remarriage would still qualify as a royal marriage; such marriages are governed by the canon and common law as it existed prior to 1753, and not by any subsequent statutes. They cannot therefore be celebrated in a register office or a Nonconformist chapel. Four of them have in recent years been dissolved by a post-1753 process of law. The Queen's solicitors, Messrs Farrers, have presumably satisfied themselves that these divorces of royal marriages are valid, though that might otherwise be doubtful.

As no descendant of Princess Louisa, daughter to George II, of Princess Caroline, sister to George III, of Princess Mary Adelaide, daughter of the Duke of Cambridge, or of Princess Alice, daughter of Queen Victoria, is subject to the Royal Marriages Act, it has become rather difficult to find any royal descendants who are. I think, though I am not sure, that the Act still covers some members of the Abel-Smith family, and perhaps a few others. Perhaps the Act should be renamed the Abel-Smith Marriages Act.

Prince Charles is certainly exempt, as are both his brothers, his sister, and his first, second and third cousins in the royal line of descent. He can therefore marry as freely as the rest of us, so far as the law is concerned, provided he does not marry a Catholic and complies with the matrimonial law of England as it stood in 1753. Whether he would be well advised to take advantage of this freedom is another matter.

## William Rees-Mogg

of Roman depravity, the Emperor Caligula. Christian seems to have been bisexual. He had two children by Caroline; he had mistresses; he also had male favourites, including a certain Count von Holck, and, more importantly, a physician, John Frederick Struensee. Struensee was a womaniser as well as being boyfriend of the King. He seduced Caroline, and for a while he and she governed the country, partly on the principles of Rousseau.

In January 1772, Struensee, Queen Caroline and some of their co-conspirators were arrested in a coup. Struensee was charged with adultery with Caroline, to which she con-

# Blair plays the triangle

Trigonometry may matter less than 'time for a change', says Peter Riddell

It is time for some political trigonometry. If Bill Clinton is re-elected on November 5, he will owe a lot to the strategy of "triangulation" devised by Dick Morris, his now disgraced campaign adviser. A response to the Republicans' capture of Congress in November 1994, it is about repositioning Mr Clinton not just between conservative Republicans and liberal Democrats, but above the conventional Left-Right spectrum in the "dynamic" centre — hence the triangle. Some of this is campaign strategist's pretentious guff — and Mr Morris has never been short of pretension — for allowing Mr Clinton to pick what suits him from both sides. And, so far, according to the polls, it has worked.

Sounds familiar? Mr Blair has been practising his own version of triangulation, even though his advisers have never had anything to do with Mr Morris and have always been closer to other Clinton insiders like George Stephanopoulos. The very idea of "new Labour" is to chart a different way from what he described yesterday as "the clapped-out Tory party and turning the clock back under Labour to the policies of 25 years ago". "Old" Labour was both intellectually barren and unselectable. So we have the politics of the "radical" Centre. Mr Blair's reputation in his *Sunday Times* interview of his description of himself as a social democrat does not mean he is trying to create an SDP Mark II. It is a waste of time to indulge in theological discussions about the difference between a social democrat and a democratic socialist. That is for zealots and historians of Labour



RIDDELL ON MONDAY

revisionism. The real point is that Mr Blair is trying to increase the party's appeal to the Centre.

Yet what do post-1994 Clinton and "new" Blairite Labour really stand for? The sassy Maureen Dowd wrote in *The New York Times* last week that at the Chicago convention "Dick Morris achieved perfect triangulation, positioning Bill Clinton at the intersection of conservative scheming and liberal sentimentality. There was no party identity. There was only the distant rumble of a train pulling into Kalamazoo in time to make the 11 o'clock news."

That is Mr Blair's real problem now. So much of his energy has been devoted to defining what Labour is not that the public image of what it is has become blurred. Mr Blair has been discussing how he can show

that his appeal to the Centre is not rootless but comes from the Left. By contrast, the summer rumblings of dissent by MPs, though tiresome, should be containable and answered by the big majorities which the pre-manifesto is likely to win at the Blackpool conference and in the later ballot of party members. More worrying for Labour are the signs in the latest MORI poll that the Tories are recapturing some, though far from all, of their middle-class support on the back of a return of economic optimism. That has made it even more necessary for Labour to establish its distinctiveness.

Mr Blair recognises the complaint but appears irritated by it. Hasn't

Labour, he argues, produced more detailed policies than any other Opposition, and hasn't it been careful not to make uncoded spending commitments? All true up to a point. Labour's pre-manifesto, *New Labour, New Life for Britain*, and his forthcoming collection of speeches, *New Britain: My Vision of a Young Country*, are full of substance, without the disastrous wish-list of promises for interest groups of earlier manifestos.

But the pre-manifesto remains unsatisfactory. The whole is less than the parts, which is why, despite the presentational success of its launch, it has made so little impact. It is not just the careful crafting by focus groups, nor even what David Goodhart rightly described on this page as our "raucous plebiscitary democracy". The shallowness of much of the

media prevents rational discussion of policy. Even the usually cautious Gordon Brown provoked a furious row over his proposals for reallocating child benefit paid to some 16 to 18-year-olds. What Labour spokesman is now going to propose taking a benefit away from anyone?

But the real constraint is deeper: the public's ambivalence about the role of government. Voters want an extensive welfare state but do not want to pay higher taxes to finance better services, or so most mainstream politicians believe (Paddy Ashdown apart). Hence, the adoption of a policy of incrementalism, the belief that the public prefers small, achievable steps to promising the world and delivering nothing.

But that does not tally with the ambitious rhetoric of change. Apart from the plans for sweeping constitutional reform, the "early" pledges promised by Labour are mainly desirable in themselves — cutting class sizes and hospital waiting-lists and getting those who are under 25 off benefits — but are tiny by comparison with the scale of the problems, while the methods of financing are gimmicky. The windfall levy on the utilities is rapidly being undermined by the more aggressive policies of the regulators, while saving £100 million from NHS red tape to reduce waiting-lists will not only be hard to achieve in the short term, but is also marginal when compared with a rise in health spending ten times larger this year alone.

This approach skates over the surface of the real spending and tax choices, and does not even hint at how a Blair government would start to spend more on education than welfare or would raise the living standards of the poor. Mr Blair has to show how Labour would really do better than the Tories on the central economic and social issues. Of course, there is the suspicion, as one minister remarked to me after recent canvassing, that what many voters really want is "our measures, but not us". After all the propaganda banes and skilful positioning of the next eight months, "time for a change" may still be the decisive argument.

# Royal split

THE NEWS that the Prince of Wales's hearty friend Tiggy Legge-Bourke is to leave his full-time employ may be only the precursor to a much more important departure from the household.

Commander Richard Aylard, the Prince's private secretary for the past five years, has become increasingly isolated among staff at Buckingham Palace, and now even the Prince's dogged loyalty is under strain. A parting of the ways is predicted.

Aylard was widely credited with encouraging the Prince to indulge in his TV confessional with Jonathan Dimbleby, and he has received lashings of criticism ever since. His relentless dedication to the job was cited by his wife as the cause of their marriage failure, but for all his devotion, much of the blame for the Prince's wretched public image has been laid at his door.

Last week Bruce Anderson used his *Spectator* column for a brutal attack on Aylard, and yesterday the veteran commentator John Junor weighed in too, in his column in the *Mail on Sunday*.

and vacillating when it comes to dismissing staff, and he recently appointed Mark Bolland, director of the Press Complaints Commission, to work alongside Aylard handling press relations. But those in the thick of the mess are convinced that this was not enough.

"From being the first port of call as adviser and friend to Charles, Aylard is now being seen as too



Aylard: out in the cold

closely associated with the Prince's media problems," says one. "Now Charles is beginning to distance himself."

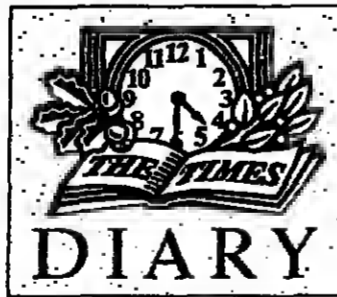
## Will power

JUST how big is the ego of Will Hutton, the Editor of *The Observer*? His staff have been intrigued by an advertisement in their sister paper, *The Guardian*, singing the praises of a publication called "Will Hutton's *Observer*".

Puzzled, I rang Hutton to ask what it all means. "I am the captain on the bridge, but there are a lot of lieutenants," he explains enigmatically, and after a lot of um-ing and ah-ing, admits that the advertising campaign had his blessing. "But we are not going to sell *The Observer* round Will Hutton." Modesty indeed.

## Gordon's gym

GORDON BROWN is looking increasingly lightweight. Parliamentary colleagues returning from their hols have been taken aback to find that the dour Shadow Chancellor has become, well, a shadow of his former self. He boasts a svelter new look, his face is more elongated, his figure is verging on the trim.



The slimming certainly didn't occur during his hamburger-and-Budweiser wassails at the Democratic convention in Chicago, and his office insists there have been no crash diets. "Just regular gym visits and tennis," says a spokesman. "The gym isn't new but the 'regular' is."

## Shirty

ON the other side of the political divide, David Willetts, the donnish Paymaster General, seems to be shaping up as a heavyweight. He is growing into his new job so fast that he has been bursting out of his shirts.

Evidently his time as an adviser to Margaret Thatcher has taught him the virtue of thrift, however, and his cast-offs have not been

squandered. He donates them to an employment centre in his Havant constituency, so that the unemployed can sport Jermyn Street's finest tailoring at job interviews. "I've gone up from 15½ to 16, and most of my shirts, though in good condition, were strangling me," he explains.

Good news for habitués of the House of Lords bar, where the prospect of Tony Blair's reforms has left folk a little downcast (one lord now heads his notepaper to read "House of nodders"). The dingy wa-



"It's a hawksaw pie from Michael Howard"

tering hole is being tarted up over the summer and the planning application explains that one addition will be a "new means of escape".

## Cow calling

THE more time we spend talking to each other's answerphones, the sillier the messages become. It is time to out the smart alecs and highlight the downright odd. Consider this from Willie Rushton: "B\*\*\*\*\*ks the Butler speaking, what splendid news about mad cow disease, that explains the last 20 years, and I thought I was the one who was barney." Here the message gets really insane (even Rushton's wife can't fully comprehend it) but it goes something like: "Please leave a spring-like message after the moo. Mooooooooooo!"

## Riotous time

BERNARDO BERTOLUCCI's new film, *Stealing Beauty* — in which the alluring Liv Tyler is caught up in a riot of bohemian behaviour in Chianti — gives a quite false impression of the region that Tony Blair so loves.

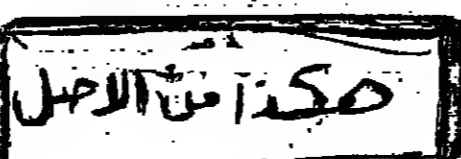
It is a lot saucier. News reaches me of a house par-



Lewis: party animals

ty thrown by the irrepressible Ewa Lewis, social editor of *Tatler*. As thoughts of London faded, so did the inhibitions of her guests. A cross-dressing party ensued. Sadly, the identities of the partygoers — who are said to have included politicians, captains of industry and thespians — remain in the Tuscan haze. "We had a lovely time and everybody joined in," says the host cheerfully. "But I can't possibly tell you who was there."

P.H.S







## SADDAM'S STRIKE

The Iraqi leader catches his enemies off guard — again

President Saddam Hussein has once more caught the West napping. For astute timing, military audacity and political impact, his dramatic intervention in the running feud between rival Kurdish factions in northern Iraq could hardly have been bettered. The storming by Iraqi troops of Arbil, supposedly the parliamentary seat of an elected autonomous Iraqi Kurdish administration, is as embarrassing for the West as it is disastrous for the Iraqi political opposition.

Since the aftermath of the Gulf War in 1991, when Iraq's 3.5 million Kurds rebelled against Baghdad and met savage retribution, Iraq north of the 36th parallel has been placed under the protective mantle of America, Britain and France. Operation Provide Comfort, a combination of air exclusion zone and safe haven, was launched for humanitarian reasons. But its sustaining impulse has been the West's hope that a democratic, autonomous Kurdistan region from which Baghdad's troops were excluded might be a rallying point for all Saddam's opponents, including non-Kurds.

The weak link in this strategy is the Kurds themselves, who since 1994 have put more effort into fighting each other than into standing up to Baghdad. On Friday, just as the Americans were trying to knock Kurdish heads together in London, Saddam sent 40,000 crack troops of his Republican Guard, backed by artillery and 450 tanks, storming across the 36th parallel in defiance of the West. With this one bold stroke, he has ripped a hole in the West's protective umbrella and exposed its strategy of containment to ridicule.

Saddam claims that he has merely been helping out his friends in the Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) and, less plausibly, that his men will soon quietly vanish whence they came and wait for the Kurds to open a "democratic dialogue" on reunifying Iraq. Awkwardly, he has half a point: the Iraqi flag is again flying over the city of Arbil

because the KDP leader, Massoud Barzani, who inclines to reconciliation with Saddam as the only realistic course, did a deal with Baghdad in order to oust Jalal Talabani's rival Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK).

This puts America and its allies in some difficulty. Kurds are again being hummed down by Iraq's troops and police, but Saddam's success in splitting the Kurds has set the West a trap. Retaliation must not appear to back the rival Kurdish PUK faction against the KDP, the fact that the PUK has put out the odd feeler to Iran makes things even more awkward. But, having declared northern Iraq off limits to Saddam, Western leaders cannot ignore so open a challenge without severe damage to the whole strategy of containment. Privately, they may share Baghdad's argument that Operation Provide Comfort has "brought nothing but killing, loss and anarchy". Publicly, they can concede no such thing.

In planning its response — which will have to be military because Saddam respects nothing else — the Clinton Administration should reflect that yet again, winning resolve in one aspect of its dealings with Iraq has led to trouble elsewhere. The West has turned a blind eye to Iraq's sanctions-busting oil exports via Turkey, worth around \$800 million a year — foreign exchange which Iraq has been used to rearm.

Still more seriously, for the past three months Saddam has resumed his systematic obstruction of the work of Rolf Ekeus, head of the UN inspection team charged with destroying Iraq's illegal weapons programmes. This is a strategically vital task; yet in response, the UN Security Council has barely batted an eyelid. The Iraqi dictator has lost none of his appetite for confrontation. If the US wants to curb the man, it must strike at his military assets. An obvious starting point is the sites whose secrets, in defiance of the Security Council's legally binding edicts, he is again trying to hide.

## SOCIALS AND DEMOCRATS

Blair is keener to appeal to new supporters than to appease old

Labour may be losing its hold on the middle classes but its leader is digging in on the middle ground. Last week's MORI poll in *The Times* suggested that Labour had lost its lead among middle-class voters for the first time since Tony Blair became leader. This weekend, in a series of newspaper and television interviews, Mr Blair has sought to reclaim the moderate terrain on which he believes the election will be fought and won. By invoking aspiration and compassion and describing himself as a "social democrat" as much as a "democratic socialist", Mr Blair is out to efface in the public memory the stirrings of old socialism apparent over August. He appears more determined to reach out to new supporters than to genuflect to the old, reassuring waverers that if elected, he will not be the prisoner of his party.

Since his election, Mr Blair has sought to define his party in opposition to two extremes. Mr Blair characterised the party he joined as "old Labour", a decaying anachronism. He caricatured John Major's Government as an administration hijacked by extremists of the "new Right". New Labour, Mr Blair argued, transcended these divisions and promised a moderate, progressive alternative.

As Peter Riddell observes on the opposite page, a similar strategy under the name "triangulation" has been exploited successfully by President Clinton. Sceptics on the Labour benches, however, detect a less promising parallel. They see in the attempt to create a progressive party of the Centre the shadow of the old Social Democratic Party. Mr Blair's description of himself as a social democrat, however qualified, and his closeness to former SDP thinkers such as Roger Liddle, Derek Scon and Lord Jenkins of Hillhead only create further alarm among

party traditionalists. The nuanced difference between social democrats and democratic socialists may appear to be the sort of wrangle, important in Westminster but obscure elsewhere, which Mr Blair believes distracts from his message.

It is, however, another telling reminder of the tensions that modernisation has placed on the Labour Party. That John Prescott could not bear to style himself a social democrat reveals something of the resentment within Labour at the damage caused by SDP defectors and the unease abroad now that the leader has welcomed back so many prodigals. It is also another indication that, although they are loyal to Mr Blair, many senior Labour politicians do not believe he should recreate their party entirely in his image.

Mr Blair was careful over the weekend to show he can listen to his party, not least by acknowledging that he had changed his mind over the wisdom of holding Shadow Cabinet elections this year. But that does not signal agreement with his internal critics. He was sceptical of the case for higher taxes on the rich and, wisely, pointed out that making it easier for people to work was a better cure for poverty than welfare funded by tax increases. He encouraged postal workers to abandon their strike.

Mr Blair's comments, combined with the publication of the names of business donors to the Labour Party, are calculated to suggest a party less tied to its past, and friendlier to enterprise. After an August when the Left looked restive, Mr Blair might have been tempted to trim. His determination not to may appeal to moderate voters, but they will still want to know more about his policies, not least on tax, before they can feel surer of him, and his party.

## A STITCH IN TIME

Cleopatra's Needle is in need of protection

The argument that Britain is right to keep its exotic treasures of antiquity rests at least in part on the claim that the countries from which they came would be less able to protect them from such modern hazards as pollution. Yet just a few hundred yards from the seat of British government stands a priceless ancient gem, shipped here from Egypt in the 19th century, which is at risk of being ruined by traffic fumes. Britain should take better care of Cleopatra's Needle.

As a correspondent to our letters page, J. P. Rudland, pointed out last week, the few obelisks that remain in Egypt are in better condition than their sister in London. Their granite surface is still pink and smooth, in contrast to the black, rough condition of ours on the Embankment. Although the ravages of time — including its stormy voyage to England — have contributed to erosion, the past century has done the obelisk few favours.

Britain's Needle was at least not plundered from Egypt. The 70-ft-high obelisk was given to this country in 1819 by Viceroy Mehmet Ali, an Albanian who ruled Egypt for the Turks. The gift was to thank Lord Nelson for defeating the French at the Battle of the Nile and restoring Turkish control of the Nile and shipping the 180-ton

ship. Despite these preparations, the cylinder hit a rock during a storm in the Bay of Biscay and nearly sank. In the process of saving the obelisk, six sailors were drowned.

When its final resting-site near Parliament Square was chosen after long debate, the Embankment was not a six-lane dual carriageway full of fume-belching traffic. Now the Needle is in a shocking state, its hieroglyphics more eroded than those of its sisters in New York, Paris and Rome.

These Egyptian obelisks scattered round the Western world have burrowed their way into their adopted countries' histories and culture. Simon Schama, in *Landscape and Memory*, describes them as big sticks brandished by Britain and France in a game of imperial showmanship. Then there is a Masonic connection. Obelisks and pyramids have always been of great importance to Freemasons, and it was a Mason, Sir Erasmus Wilson, who put up the £10,000 needed to ship Britain's obelisk to London.

Our correspondent, Mr Rudland, suggests that London's Needle should be moved to a cleaner environment, possibly the British Museum. Putting it in a museum might be too extreme a form of protection. But once Westminster council has cleaned it and assessed the damage, a move to a park

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

### Tory activists and Energy and enterprise to exploit British inventors' ideas

**party reform**  
From the Chairman of the National Union of Conservative and Unionist Associations

Sir, I would not want there to be any confusion over the nature of the discussions taking place on the future of the Conservative Party (report and leading article, August 27).

The National Union of Conservative and Unionist Associations is made up entirely of volunteers who give their time and energy in support of the Conservative Party. It is not part of Central Office so is not part of what you describe as the "Establishment".

The purpose of our working groups is to ensure that the voluntary party in the country continues strong and vibrant in support of the returned Conservative Government, as it has over the past 17 years. The working groups have not yet reported, and therefore consultation with the constituency associations which make up the National Union cannot yet begin.

Indeed, it has never been proposed to undertake this consultation this side of the general election. I am sure that there will be no trade-off between the rights of constituency associations to select their prospective parliamentary candidate and giving those associations a say in the election of the party leader.

Our volunteers are focusing their energies on winning the next general election — promoting the tremendous achievements of the Conservative Government and exposing the new dangers of New Labour.

Yours faithfully,  
ROBIN HODGSON, Chairman,  
National Union of Conservative and Unionist Associations,  
32 Smith Square, Westminster, SW1, August 27.

From Mr John D. Emanuel

Sir, British inventors should seek to exploit their ideas in global markets (letters, August 15, 21 and 26). Since Sir Christopher Cockerell's time (interview, August 26), resources for inventors have greatly improved. Good advice can be obtained through the Institute of International Licensing Practitioners (IILP), the Licensing Executive Society (LES) and other groups. For the more entrepreneurially minded needing capital there are now a host of venture capital providers and business "angels".

In Britain, we whinge too much about the difficulties faced by inventors and innovators. A greater concern should be the behaviour of service and manufacturing companies who should be exploiting their work.

Companies depend on innovations to differentiate their products from those of their competitors and to create the added value and profit needed for their survival and growth. It is for British companies to search out innovators — not just from Britain but from all over the globe — and then to exploit them all over the globe.

In the past few decades Korea, Japan, Singapore and other countries have demonstrated the colossal growth in wealth and standard of living that can be achieved by this approach. There is an ample supply of innovation and also of proven technology available to those companies with the courage and energy to exploit it.

We do not need another leader in innovation initiative from the DTI or the EU. We need more companies to see themselves as robust platforms onto which new products and services can be grafted. Strategic alliances, technology licences and other forms of co-operation with innovative companies and inventive people offer a fast track to growth.

Yours faithfully,  
JOHN D. EMANUEL,  
(Chairman, Institute of International Licensing Practitioners (1985-1993)),  
(Executive Council Member, Licensing Executive Society),  
Pax Technology Transfer Ltd,  
112 Boundary Road, NW8.

From Mr Mark Anderson

Sir, Successful invention and the educational background of Britain's industrial leaders are separate issues which some of your correspondents appear to have confused.

In the field of biotechnology, companies are being formed in the UK almost every day. Although we lag behind the United States, we are far ahead of other European countries in the number and size of such companies.

Many are being formed by scientists. The UK investment community is becoming more used to assessing business proposals made by scientists to commercialise inventions.

However, the high-tech sector is a relatively small part of most national economies. For most companies marketing is more important than managing research and development. The old arguments about whether studying classics or natural sciences is the better route to the top seem irrelevant to modern business life.

If the scientific community is concerned to encourage a broader outlook an obvious step would be to reduce the very heavy workload of science and engineering students at university. They would then have more time to develop an interest in the debating society and the other student activities which are dominated by lawyers, arts students and classicists, with their less demanding courses.

Yours faithfully,  
MARK ANDERSON,  
Anderson & Co (solicitors),  
36 The Vineyard, Richmond, Surrey,  
September 1.

ing as an intelligent customer for a new product whenever practicable, it can give the product a fair wind.

Unfortunately, because it cannot seem to find the right formula for success the British Government usually tends to shy away from the commercial end of the exploitation process, preferring instead the "more worthy" (and cheaper) field of research, even to the extent of at one time refusing to fund any research with immediate market-value applications.

Yours faithfully,  
P. A. HEARNE,  
The Limes, Watlington, Kent,  
August 29.

**From Mr Matthew Read**

Sir, We are fortunate in this country in having a strong tradition of invention, and our education system is especially good at fostering an academic approach that generates innovation. However, I believe that too much emphasis is placed on the act of invention itself.

As a Chartered and European patent attorney for the past 20 years, I have met many independent British inventors; often they greet me with a sigh of relief, thinking that once a patent application has been filed for their new idea, somehow things will switch to automatic and other people will take over. They feel that their job was to perform the act of invention and that other people will handle the commercial arrangements. Unfortunately, life is not like that.

Many people can invent, fewer can make commercially useful inventions, and only a very small number indeed have both the commercial and technical acumen to take invention through to commercial reality.

We can definitely improve the environment for inventors, but the most effective change would come about if we were to educate them to have a more commercial attitude towards exploiting their ideas.

Yours faithfully,  
MATTHEW READ,  
158 Camberwell Grove, SE5,  
August 26.

**From Mr David Gibson**

Sir, I am profoundly glad that Mr Major has opened a can of worms. It is long overdue that party activists such as myself were given a vote in leadership contests, and I hope that the National Union will now work constructively on the proposals coming out of Central Office.

While it is right that MPs should have the prime role in choosing the party leader, there is always the risk that they are at variance with the party in the country. How many active supporters of the party have any interest in the National Union? Why are local associations not consulted before policies are formulated?

Party workers should now be demanding a vote in any future leadership contest — not to bind the will of the MPs, who have to daily support the leader in Parliament, but merely to see that the democratic processes which underpin the British constitution are respected.

Yours sincerely,  
DAVID GIBSON,  
33 Ringwood Crescent,  
Wollaton, Nottingham,  
September 1.

**From Mr John E. Strafford**

Sir, Whether ordinary Conservative Party members should have a vote in the election of the leader or whether Central Office should have more power in choosing parliamentary candidates are good questions which should be debated by the whole party. This will not happen, for the party has no constitution: as a legal entity it does not exist.

As we move towards the 21st century it is not time the Conservative Party adopted a constitution in which each member had a vote, thus becoming the first of our major parties to be truly democratic? In addition, this would expose the sham democracy of the Labour Party, which is still largely controlled by the trade unions.

Yours faithfully,  
JOHN E. STRAFFORD  
(Chairman, Campaign for Conservative Party Democracy),  
Perama, Fulmer Road,  
Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire.

### Political funding

**From Mr T. Foulkes**

Sir, Your report of August 29 that an apparently small-to-medium enterprise has paid off an overdraft of more than £11 million could be seen as another green shoot of recovery. On closer inspection, however, it turns out to be both a charity and a political party.

What is more that party has formed the Government of this country for the past 17 years. The turnaround has allegedly been achieved through loans. The public is not to be informed of the source nor the conditions, if any, under which these loans were made.

One is aware that the Government is able to offer massive amounts of public property to "preferred bidders". While it is not suggested here that there is any connection between loans and bidding outcomes, in a democratic society there is no room for even the remotest possibility of doubt.

One is also aware that if a citizen goes into a bank and deposits several thousand pounds in cash, the bank is obliged to inform the authorities in case this is an attempt to launder money. Yet the governing party of the land is exempt from any scrutiny.

Clearly, this is an unacceptable inconsistency. Consistency would equally require that all political parties declare their sources of funds.

Yours sincerely,  
T. FOULKES.

### Prescott and Labour

**From Dr David Lowry**

Sir, One of the intriguing highlights of this week's "coronation of Clinton" in Chicago has been the attendance of a strong team of frontline Labour politicians, led by John Prescott. Presumably they were there in order to consolidate political links in preparation for government, as well as to monitor campaigning tactics.

On August 28, interviewed on television, Mr Prescott said that he was pleased to see so many trades unionists involved at the convention, but was less enthusiastic about the use of "focus groups" to gauge public opinion on proposed policies.

Mr Prescott seems to have moved on a long way politically since he

wrote to *The Times* on February 25, 1993, criticising his Labour comrade, Roy Hattersley, for calling for a new party constitution which Prescott considered indistinguishable from the centrist policies of the defunct SDP.

"The fundamental difference between our philosophies," he wrote, "is our close and integrated relationship with the trade union movement, and the concept of public ownership, enshrined in Clause IV" (ie, before the clause was rewritten).

I think Mr Prescott was right then. At that time he was transport spokesman under John Smith, not deputy leader to Mr Blair.

Yours sincerely,  
DAVID LOWRY,  
45 Clendon Close, Stoneleigh, Surrey,  
August 30.

### Access to the Bar

**From Mr Neville Goldrein**

Sir, Roger Everest, a barrister (letter, August 29), says that the defence solicitor often has a less than vital part to play in the administration of justice and suggests that it should be left to barristers, increasingly using the Internet.

The solicitor is equipped to make inquiries, take witness statements, write letters, deal with the police, arrange hearings at the courts, visit the scene of the alleged crime and arrange for photographs to be taken — all matters for which the barrister, with neither

secretarial nor office facilities other than his chambers' clerk, is ill-equipped.

Contrary to Mr Everest's suggestion, in my experience no defence solicitor has been recruited for the defendant by the police.

The Internet is merely an addendum to solicitors' computers, word processors, fax machines, telephones and, above all, human beings in close contact with the client.

I am, Sir, yours truly,  
NEVILLE GOLDBREIN,  
Torre, St Andrew's Road,  
Blundellsands, Liverpool L23,  
September 1.

### In memoriam

**From the Reverend Dr P. C. Jupp**

Sir, Your leading article, "Inside the tomb" (August 21), says that "a mausoleum is a poor substitute for life". On the contrary, it is meant to extend life beyond death.

A mausoleum perpetuates the corporate influence once vested in an individual. It is intended to promote or command respect for a specific bloodline, bank balance or political dynasty and to underwrite the success of succeeding generations.

The mausoleum celebrates the values and power held by specific fore-

bears. As you say, the higher values approved by Queen Victoria (eg, domestic order, privacy) were perpetuated in her mausoleum's design.

By contrast, the mausoleum of Hallcarassus, on the grandeur of which you comment, was a memorial to an incestuous marriage as well as to the power and wealth of the Carian dynasty.

Yours faithfully,  
PETER C. JUPP  
(Director),  
The National Funerals College,  
Buddan House, High Street,  
Duddington, Stamford, Lincolnshire,  
August 26.

### At arm's length

**From Mr J. R. Thompson**

Sir, I have just returned from the florists, where I had gone to purchase six yards of ribbon for table decorations.

On being told that it was sold in metres, I agreed to take six metres. This the assistant proceeded to measure against her arm, and rolled and wrapped it for me.

Sincerely,  
JOHN THOMPSON,  
94 Stoughton Road,  
Oadby, Leicestershire,  
August 27.

### Under a cloud

**From Mr Clive Turner**

Sir, Having been "Rees-Mogged" in *The Times* ("The President who hates to inhale", August 26) and in the context of tobacco accused of "lamely" suggesting, publicly, that what people understand by the word addiction depends upon how it is defined, may I please make clear that I also said that people talk very loosely about being addicted to alcohol, sex, gambling, chocolate. What they mean is that they enjoy it, not that they can't give it up.

I notice in his piece that Lord Rees-Mog somehow appointed me to the board of BAT. I am sure its chairman, Lord Cairns, must have been quite surprised.

Yours faithfully,  
CLIVE TURNER

### Sport letters, page 36

Because of the delays resulting from the... (text cut off)

### Genius and madness

**From Professor Joan Freeman**

Sir, The relationship between genius and madness (report and leading article, August 28), is a myth based on anecdotal stories, such as that of the Nobel mathematician, John Nash, who has disclosed that after 15 years of schizophrenia his mathematical output had gone "from strength to strength".

Wider evidence suggests, on the contrary, that those who are to push back the frontiers of knowledge and understanding need a good head on their shoulders, and that madness serves only to undermine the continuous hard work which goes into creative endeavour.

Certainly there is a relationship between schizophrenia and creative thoughts, but the illness gets in the way of production. Typically, Van Gogh's work deteriorated as he lost control, and Virginia Woolf's writing stopped with each spell of illness until it finally ended with her suicide.

Genius is genius, and madness is madness. To believe that one is necessarily related to the other may provide a certain *Schadenfreude*, but it is not the truth.

Yours sincerely,  
JOAN FREEMAN,  
21 Montagu Square, W1,  
August 30.

### Morningside patter

**From Mr A. D. Matheson**

Sir, As a former resident of Edinburgh, I read with interest Joseph Connolly's piece on the festival ("An un festive season in Edinburgh", August 22).

The pronunciation of Edinburgh has always been problematical. "Aid-inburra," I would submit, is not the exclusive preserve of the older locals, but is accepted all round Morningside.

"Emra" I have yet to come across, but it does seem remarkably close to the standard Fife rendition of "Embrae", which has been in existence for at least 50 years and rhymes with William McGonagall's "silvery" Tay...

That has caused the Emperor of Brazil to leave His home far away, luxuriating in his dress. And view there ere he passed along en route to Inverness.

Yours faithfully,  
A. D. MATHESON,  
30 Little Heath, SE7,  
August 30.

### League of gentlemen

**From Mr Paul Burrell**

Sir, Your interesting and selective examples of wealthy Russians who might send their offspring to British or Swiss boarding schools included "politicians, businessmen and gangsters" (report, August 23).

Was this intended to be in ascending or descending order of villainy?

Yours sincerely,







OBITUARIES

LJUBA WELTSCH

Ljuba Weltsch, Bulgarian soprano, died on August 31 aged 63. She was born near Varna on July 10, 1933.

THERE was no mistaking Ljuba Weltsch. In her prime it was not just her voice but her mass of auburn hair and the way she made an entrance that commanded immediate attention in the opera house. Later, when she appeared in occasional small parts at Vienna's Volksoper, her presence lit up the stage. Even as a member of the audience, and Weltsch was an assiduous opera-goer, heads turned the moment she entered the house.

Her operatic career, cruelly interrupted by the war, was short. But while it lasted Weltsch was a star — and quite often behaved like one. She inspired audience adoration, especially in her adopted city of Vienna and in New York, where her debut at the Met on February 4, 1949, as Salome created a sensation.

She was quite often at the centre of backstage rows and rivalries. Then, when she was little more than 40, her voice suddenly faded and she married, in true operetta style, a handsome Viennese traffic policeman whom legend has it she literally bumped into while driving round the city.

She was born Ljuba Velichkova in Borsovo, near the Black Sea port of Varna. Her stage name of Ljuba Weltsch was well chosen: it translates roughly from the Bulgarian as "great love" and Weltsch specialised in fiery heroines, with Strauss's Salome chief among them. She read philosophy at Sofia University before going to Vienna to study music under Theo Lierhammer. Her first major role was Nedda (F pagliacci) at the Graz Opera in 1936. During the war she sang in several major German houses, including Hamburg, Munich and Berlin, before moving to Vienna.

It was there she appeared for the first time as Salome in 1944, with Richard Strauss himself conducting to mark his 80th birthday. At the end of hostilities, Weltsch was among the small band of highly distinguished singers Fritz Salmhofer gathered around him as he tried to re-establish the Vienna State Opera. "I need bacon for Weltsch and petrol for Schoffer," was one of Salmhofer's famous pleas to the occu-



pying Allied forces. Clearly they were forthcoming — in 1947 the Vienna State Opera came to Covent Garden. That short season introduced a number of stars to London and none more bright than Weltsch. It was not her debut, as she had appeared under Sir John Barbirolli's baton in Beethoven's Ninth Symphony and the Verdi Requiem. Her first stage role in London was Donna Anne in Don Giovanni. Maria Cebotari, something of a rival to Weltsch, both because of repertoire and her Romanian nationality, had sung the opening performance. But Weltsch outclassed her. The Bulgarian's tempestuous auburn-haired Anna contrasted vividly with the Nordic blonde looks of Elisabeth Schwarzkopf's Elvira. Even

more striking was the Weltsch Salome, another role shared with Cebotari, under the direction of one of the greatest of all Strauss conductors, Clemens Krauss. Covent Garden, realised at once that Weltsch was exactly the type of singer it needed to help to rebuild its own company. She was engaged at once and heard regularly over the next six years, although not always to best effect. The first role selected was Aida in the first postwar production of Verdi's opera. It was no great success, as Covent Garden was stupidly pursuing a policy of opera in English and Weltsch was unhappy in having to sing in that language for the first time in her life. Her Musetta, though, became famous over a number of

seasons, a flamboyant, highly sexed interpretation in which she more often than not sang whoever was playing Mimi off the stage.

Ljuba Weltsch was at the centre of one of the most notorious of all the postwar Covent Garden productions, the Salome of 1949, directed by Peter Brook in settings by Salvador Dali. Weltsch did not care for the latter's contribution. "Dali does not know the opera," she said, "it should be all light, not in darkness like the North Pole." The Times critic did not much care for it either, but admired Weltsch's "full frontal assault on the emotions" and awarded her a vocal triumph.

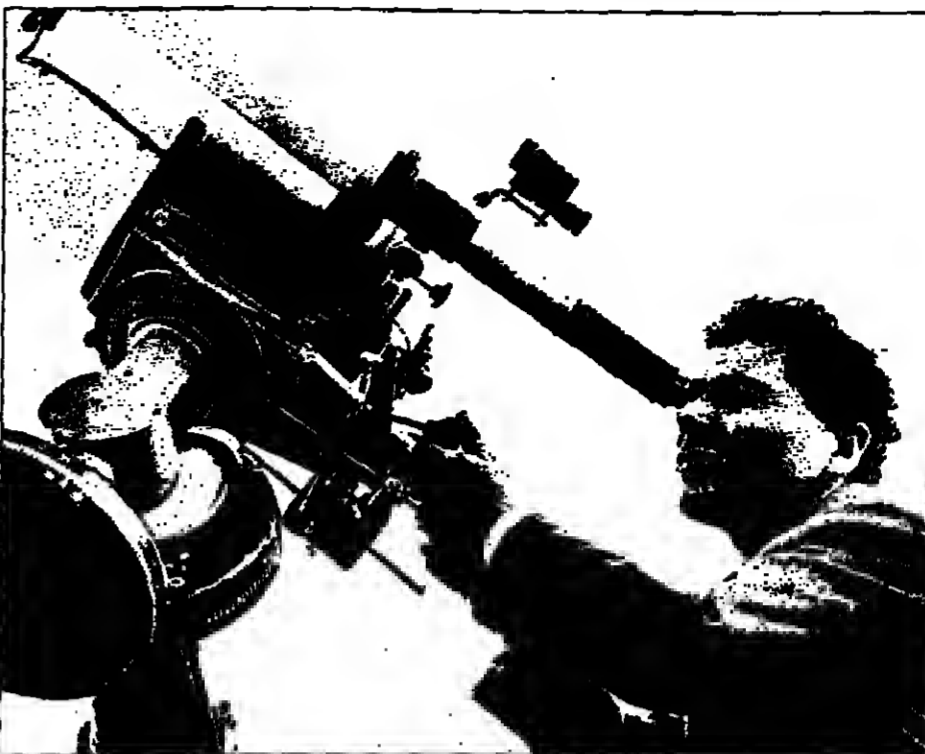
The Queen also heard her as Lisa in The Queen of Spades and in a single performance of one of her most famous parts, Tosca. But when she returned for a second run of Salome in 1953 her voice captured only a shadow of its former glory.

Fortunately, the closing scene of Salome has been preserved on record. The Weltsch interpretation under the conductor of her Met debut, Fritz Reiner, is a recognised classic, although some would claim that an earlier account, reckoned to be her first recording, under Lovro von Matacic in 1944, showed the voice in even purer shape. Other records show her excelling in operetta, notably those of Lehár and Johann Strauss, as might be expected from a soprano of Balkan extraction. But sadly there is no record of her part as Mimie in Puccini's La fanciulla del West, one of her last major roles at the Vienna State Opera.

The critic Philip Hope-Wallace used to recount a vivid story of Weltsch sitting at home in Vienna listening to her own records and gleefully crying Geschossen (bulletseye) as she hit the top notes spot on. But by that time Ljuba Weltsch had embarked on a second career in Austrian films and television. She acted in a number of Austrian productions, perhaps the best-known of which was a film entitled Helden (Heroes). But her film career was nothing in comparison with her former career. "She always wanted to be remembered as Salome," said the Vienna State Opera spokesman.

Ljuba Weltsch died after a long illness. She was married twice, but both marriages ended in divorce. There were no children.

VICTOR AMBARTSUMIAN



Victor Ambartsumian, astrophysicist, died at his home in the Byurakan Observatory, Yerevan, on August 12 aged 87. He was born in Tbilisi on September 18, 1908.

IN THE earlier years of this century, studies by cosmologists and astrophysicists suggested that the creation and evolution of the Universe entailed processes of accretion and condensation. The observation of extraordinarily dense white dwarf stars had indicated that, in the first stage of gravitational collapse, electrons were crushed against the nuclei they orbited.

Victor Ambartsumian challenged these theories, opening up whole new areas of cosmological discussion. His researches led him to believe that creation involved not the compaction and accretion, but rather the dispersion and rarefaction of matter. Galaxies, he demonstrated, are surrounded by clusters or "associations" of distinct star types which are unstable and, he surmised, so young that they must still be forming in areas of expansion and rarefaction.

He continued to question conventional theories when he disregarded the idea that certain stars were formed as a product of galactic collision, proposing instead that they were produced through colossal explosions in the nuclei of normal galaxies. By the 1960s he was arguing that galactic clusters originated in the explosive expansion of a single protogalaxy, an idea which can be used to support the possibility of a "big bang" Universe.

Though some were to label his hypotheses as eccentric, he played an important role in cosmological thought in the postwar world and was a member of more than 50 national academies and scientific organisations.

Victor Ambartsumian was born in Georgia, the son of an eminent Armenian philologist. He inherited his father's rigorously academic mind, but applied his own talents to a very different sphere of knowledge and won a place at Leningrad State University to study Mathematics and Physics. Graduating in 1928, he went on to Pulkovo Observatory to study for a doctorate, which he was awarded in 1931.

Appointed immediately to a lectureship at Leningrad, he was made a professor just three years later. But the political climate in Russia at that time was rigidly ideological. Stalinist repression and xenophobic suspicion made it difficult for Russian scientists to involve themselves in international debate and research. Ambartsumian and his team found themselves in conflict with the director of the Pulkovo Observatory, which was, after much dispute, destroyed. By the time it was rebuilt in the 1940s the skies were polluted by light from the capital.

By the 1940s, however, the

Russian Government had decided to invest in science as a tool to shore up Communist ideologies. A new era of Soviet research began. Ambartsumian was appointed to the chair of astrophysics at Yerevan University in Armenia, from where he organised the construction of the Byurakan Observatory, more than 13,000 ft high on Aragats Mountain. This was to become an important international centre of research and was to remain his base for the rest of his life.

He was twice awarded Soviet Russia's highest honour, the Hero of Socialist Labour medal. After the collapse of the Soviet Union he was awarded the National Hero of Armenia medal. He served as vice-president and president of the International Astronomical Union. He was also a foreign fellow of the Academies of France, Germany, India and America.

A man of strong convictions and beliefs, in 1989 Ambartsumian went on hunger strike for three weeks in an attempt to draw public and government attention to the conflict in the Armenian enclave of Nagorno-Karabakh.

But in his hours of relaxation he enjoyed reading poetry, and, like many brilliant mathematicians, he had a profound understanding of, and love for, music. He is survived by his wife Vera, and by two sons and two daughters.

PROFESSOR BILL MACKENZIE

Bill Mackenzie, CBE, Professor of Politics at Glasgow University, 1966-74, died on August 22 aged 87. He was born on April 8, 1909.

BILL MACKENZIE was perhaps the single most influential figure to shape the academic study of politics in Britain in the 1950s and 1960s. Although not a media pundit like his near-namesake Bob Mackenzie at the LSE, and often incomprehensible to undergraduates in the lecture hall, he nevertheless exerted immense influence over a whole generation of political scientists.

He probably picked, backed and encouraged more of the key figures in the field than any other political science grandee of his time. He helped to fashion the substance of the discipline by launching and developing many of its sub-fields; and to a large extent he influenced its style, more as systematic study than "hard science" in the American behavioural form.

William James Millar Mackenzie's reputation largely rested on his time as Professor of Government at Manchester University from 1949 to 1966. The "Mackenzie era" at Manchester became a legend in British political science. He created a climate of adventurous thinking, critical discussion and interlinking of different "worlds" which put Manchester at the centre of the map of the emerging discipline in Britain.

He stimulated a set of classic studies of politics and public administration in the 1950s and 1960s through encouragement of intellectual boldness, insistence on perspective and generosity with detailed comments (manuscripts sent to him unfailingly elicited a mass of scribbled notes in response, often bafflingly elliptical, but always

shrewd and erudite). He was appointed CBE in 1963 and five years later was elected a Fellow of the British Academy.

Mackenzie wrote landmark papers in the 1950s on pressure groups, electoral representation, the theory of local government and public administration. His book Central Administration in Britain (1957), co-authored with Jack Grove, was the first systematic study of how Whitehall works, a book full of insights and far more elegantly written than most of its successors. He also wrote two books on elections, Free Elections (1958) and Five Elections in Africa (with Kenneth Robinson, 1960), the former being a path-breaking analysis of electoral systems. His work, Politics and Social Science (1967), drew on his interdisciplinary seminars at Manchester to put the study of politics into a broader social science perspective, in the form of a review essay of astonishing breadth.

Mackenzie in part repeated the formula when he moved to Glasgow University in 1966, making the Politics Department an invigorating place for research students and junior staff at that time. His "Monday seminars" and reading parties were serious attempts to move on debate and think out different perspectives (such as micropolitics or rhetorical systems).

He contributed to research projects on foreign policy-making and gangues and, after his retirement in 1974, he produced several more books, including Power, Violence, Decision (1975), his collected papers Explorations in Government (1975), Political Identity (1977), Biological Ideas and Politics (1978) and Power and Responsibility in Health Care (1979). None of these, however, quite achieved the classic status of his earlier work.



What Mackenzie contributed to the study of politics was more a "style" (a favourite word of his) than a method or an overall theory. He was sceptical of overarching theory, preferring to see the tools of political science as a set of golf clubs, to be used according to the judgment and skill of each player. His work was too broad-ranging to fit within any of the conventional specialisms of the subject.

Mackenzie achieved his dominance in postwar political science through a remarkable personality combining an open manner, an air of authority mixed with an ironic sense of humour and great personal charm. He was a big man in every sense, who acquired early in life the appearance of a benevolent patriarch and took a kindly personal interest in students and colleagues. Mixed with that was his ability to bring different worlds together,

which gave him a sense of cultural perspective.

He switched to the study of political science in 1936, having previously been a Classics don at Magdalen College, Oxford, (after taking a double first at Balliol in 1931). His earlier training in philology and rhetoric gave him a distinct perspective on politics and public administration, epitomised in a famous "translation" of the 1961 Plowden report from "mandarinese" into plain English for The Manchester Guardian.

Mackenzie was a Scot, a grandson of the manse on both sides, versed in Scots law and institutions (he was schooled at Edinburgh Academy, his father was an Edinburgh "writer", and he took a law degree in Edinburgh after his classics degree at Oxford), who could view England and its institutions from the sharp and more detached perspective of an expatriate.

He spanned the very different cultures of Oxbridge, the English redbricks and the Scottish universities, and he also combined the world of the Establishment insider, privy to the inner workings of Whitehall with that of the critical outside observer.

A "good war" as a temporary civil servant in the Air Ministry gave him a close view of infighting among mandarins and "boffins". He was entrusted after 1945 with the highly sensitive task of writing the official (and still unpublished) history of the Special Operations Executive.

He was an adviser on the independence constitutions for Kenya and Tanzania (a role he once summarised as persuading the white settlers to take the money rather than fight). He also served on many of the regional and national quangos that he later wrote about, as well as on official committees and the royal commission which recommended the creation of the GLC.

However, he always retained a sense of ironic detachment from his position as trusted insider. He never identified with the London Establishment and in his later years became sympathetic to self-government for Scotland.

An older generation of British political scientists still retains an affectionate recollection of Mackenzie's minor foibles and inimitable style. When, after many years' absence, he attended the Political Studies Association annual dinner as guest of honour earlier this year, the world of British political science had become very different, in people, substance and style, from what he had shaped three or four decades before. But a later generation was grateful to be able to salute a pioneer.

Bill Mackenzie is survived by his wife Pam, his son and four daughters.

BRIGADIER ROBERT HODGES

Brigadier Robert Hodges, CBE, former commander of the Woolwich garrison, Royal Artillery, died on August 3 aged 86. He was born on June 11, 1910.

WHEN the Second World War broke out, Bob Hodges found himself in the wrong place at the wrong time. Posted to India as a young gunner officer four years earlier, he had made a favourable impression and senior officers were reluctant to lose him. In 1941 he was still there, a student at the staff college in Quetta — frustrated at being so far from the action.

Hodges made it to the Middle East the next year. But as General Montgomery's Eighth Army was preparing for El Alamein, he found himself stuck in Cairo and Beirut. His ability as a staff officer was unquestioned. Two years later, still in Cairo, he was the principal aide of Major-General Peter Maxwell, commanding the artillery in the Middle East. But Hodges was by now bitterly disappointed.

It was not until later that year that he reached the frontline of the European war, first as second-in-command and then as commander of 147 (Essex Yeomanry) Field Regi-

ment as the Allies fought their way towards Berlin. He was mentioned in dispatches and won two Belgian decorations, including the Croix de Guerre. But contemporaries felt that his career never quite recovered from its slow start in the war. He had been almost too efficient for his own good.

Harold Robert Law Hodges was born in Dartmouth and educated at Seaberg and the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich. "The Shop" where the Army trained its gunners and engineers. He won the Services Cadet Championship for bayonet fencing before being commissioned into the Royal Artillery in 1930. He served in this country and in Malta, then was posted to the sub-continent in 1935.

Hodges held several key jobs after the war which took him to Germany and the United States. In 1952 he joined the 5th Royal Horse Artillery, leading it to Osanbrück to reinforce BAOR when the Soviet blockade of Berlin raised fears of a third world war. On his return, he became chief gunnery instructor at the Royal School of Artillery, Larkhill — reflecting his professional standing within The Royal Regiment.

The Duncan Sandys 1957 Defence White Paper heralded

the end of National Service and with it a further contraction of top jobs. By now a brigadier, Hodges commanded the Royal Artillery in the Six Highland Division based in Scotland, then moved to a similar post in Northern Command at York. Finally, in 1963, he took over the Woolwich garrison, spiritual home of the Royal Artillery, at a time of reorganisation which included the rebuilding of the historic barracks. He was also an honorary ADC to the Queen.

Retiring in 1965, he became a security officer for the military, travelling the world visiting appointees to senior posts. He visited Northern Ireland several times, checking recruits to the new part-time Ulster Defence Regiment. As a young man Hodges was an accomplished horseman, who rode to hounds and played polo. He was also a founder member of the Royal Artillery Yacht Club. But he injured his back in a fall while pig-sticking and was in pain for much of his life thereafter. This could make him impatient with those whose standards fell short of his own.

Hodges had a leg amputated six years ago and spent the last four years in a nursing home, where he died. He is survived by his wife Ann, and by a son and a daughter.

Appointments

The Rev Richard Bellinger, NSM, Guernsey St Stephen; to be NSM, Guernsey St Martin (Winchester). Canon Michael Braithwaite, Vicar, Lorton and Loweswater w Buttermere, Rural Dean of Derwent, and Team Leader of the Council for Agriculture and Rural Life to resign as team leader but remaining a member of the council and vicar and rural dean (Carlisle). The Rev Stephen Burdett, Vicar, North Dulwich St Faith; to be also Past Ordination Training Leader for the Woolwich Episcopal Area (Southwark). The Rev Alan Butler, Assistant Curate, Maysport, and Flimby; to be Priest-in-charge, Flimby (Carlisle). The Rev Antonia Creney, NSM, Bedminster; to be Assistant Curate, Bedminster (Bristol). Canon Helen Cunliffe, Canon Residentiary, Southwark Cathedral, London; to be Canon Residentiary, Southwark Cathedral, London.

Church news

Priest-in-charge, Taunton All Saints (Bath & Wells). The Rev Hamish Fullerton, Assistant Curate, Stratham Christ Church; to be Assistant Curate, Woodcote St Mark (Southwark). Canon Peter Gompertz, Vicar, Northampton St Giles; to be Priest-in-charge, Aynho and Croughton w Evenley (Peterborough). The Rev Doreen Harrison; to be Assistant Curate, Colton w Satterthwaite and Rusland (Carlisle). The Rev Jane Hayward, Assistant Curate, Bristol Redcliffe w Temple and Bedminster St John the Baptist; to be Vicar, Eastville St Anne w St Mark and St Thomas (Bristol). The Rev David Ireson, Assistant Curate, Minehead; to be Vicar, Waicher (Bath & Wells). The Ven David Jenkins, Archdeacon of Wiltshire and

Church news

Satterthwaite and Rusland (Carlisle). The Rev Peter Knight, Assistant Curate, The Lydiards (Bristol); to be Team Vicar, same benefice. The Rev Hartmut Kopsch, Vicar, Dover St Martin (Canterbury); to be Rector, Bath Walcot (Bath & Wells). The Rev David Lockyer, Vicar, Halifax, and Chaplain, Halifax Royal Infirmary (Wakefield); to be Vicar, Banwell (Bath & Wells). The Rev Margaret Maslen, Assistant Curate, Ilminster and District; to be Assistant Curate, Tatworth (Bath & Wells). The Rev Richard Maslen, Assistant Curate (NSM), Ilminster and District; to be Priest-in-charge (NSM), Tatworth (Bath & Wells). Canon Stephen Oliver, Team Rector, Leeds City, and Honorary Canon, Ripon Cathedral; to be Canon Residentiary, St Paul's

Church news

Chishill, Chishill, Elmton w Wendon Lofs and Srethall; to be Rector, Rayleigh Holy Trinity w St Michael (Chelmsford). The Rev David Perryman, Vicar, Bath St Luke; to be also Rural Dean of Bath. The Rev Patricia Rogers, Chaplain to the Deaf (Norwich); to be Assistant Chaplain to the Deaf (Peterborough). Resignations and retirements The Rev William Canham, Rector, Guernsey St Marguerite de la Forêt (Winchester); to retire September 30. The Rev Martin Culverwell, Rector, Rode Major (Bath & Wells); to resign. The Ven Richard Frith, Archdeacon of Taunton, and Priest-in-charge, Taunton All Saints; to resign as Priest-in-charge, Taunton All Saints, remaining Archdeacon (Bath & Wells). Canon Bill Kelly, Priest-in-charge, Marston and

TURKISH ATROCITIES.

To the Editor of The Times Sir, "Ecce iterum!" will be some readers' easy sneer, but in spite of that I desire, as a Bishop of the Church of England, to appeal in The Times to the newly awakened conscience of the English people in relation to the Bulgarian atrocities. That the conscience of the nation is awakened there can be no doubt. The spirit of slumber or indifference has passed away. The people are thoroughly aroused. Meetings to express the popular feeling are being held everywhere, and everywhere the expression of feeling, with scarcely a dissentient voice, is the same. "In the district of Manchester," writes the editor of a Northern paper, "the public conscience is aroused as I have never seen it before. We are holding indignation meetings every day, and so intense is the public feeling on the subject that a declaration of immediate war on the Turks would be

ON THIS DAY

September 2, 1876 A letter from the Bishop of Manchester, supported by a leading article complaining of the Government's delay in taking action, reflected widespread condemnation in the country at large, fanned by the power of Gladstone's oratory. indignation is not misplaced seems to be tardily admitted by the Government itself. In a letter from Mr Bourke, the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, read at a meeting at Nottingham occur the following remarkable sentences: "I am not at all surprised that your constituents should be shocked and indignant at the accounts which have recently reached England of the dreadful deeds that have been committed in

was fomented by foreigners, or how sanguinary were the intentions and acts of the insurgent Christians; the carnage and devastation by which it was suppressed cannot be justified, and reflect shame upon the Government under which these events took place, and infamy upon the actors in the dreadful crimes... You may be quite sure that the Prime Minister and I feel as indignant as any two men in the country, and mean to act in accordance with those feelings." But Lord Derby has told us that in these difficult and delicate crises he likes to feel before he acts... Last night a meeting of the members and other residents of the Tower Hamlets was held at the Irish Workmen's Club on the subject of the Turkish atrocities. It was moved by Mr Beckett that "the apathy of Her Majesty's Ministers, in view of the fearful atrocities committed by the soldiery of one of our allies on the



America vows to punish Saddam

America vowed last night to make President Saddam Hussein suffer, as Iraqi forces continued to advance into Kurdistan, northern Iraq, in the biggest offensive for five years.

Damon Hill's Formula One future was in doubt last night after his Williams team announced he was to be sacked at the end of the season.

Prescott defiant

Tony Blair's bid to reposition Labour as the party of "modern social democracy" was severely undermined when John Prescott pointedly refused to accept the term.

Six die in crash

Six young people, including a brother and sister, died when their car crashed head-on into a van as they returned home from a music festival.

Novel bar snack

Oysters, long seen as an acquired taste of the gourmand, are to join pork scratchings, flavoured crisps and salted peanuts as a fast food for pubgoers.

£1 million donation

The Political Animal Lobby, whose £1 million donation to Labour is the biggest single gift from an outside body in the party's history, is the creation of Brian Davies, an energetic Welshman who lives in the US.

Cover blown

Two drug dealers, released by the Home Secretary after serving 11 months of an 18-year sentence, were "supergrass" who helped to trap a heroin gang.

Problem pupils

Problem pupils are being used as pawns in a campaign by teachers for more power to ban children who actually need their help, school governors said.

Lazy wife has her head examined

When a housewife decided she was fed up with cleaning and preferred to watch television, doctors at Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, agreed with her husband that her personality change required investigation.

Cleopatra rescue

Work begins this week on assessing structural and pollution damage to Cleopatra's Needle as fears grow that one of London's famous landmarks is at risk.

Pothole warning

The death of a British woman in a French caving system ago has hastened the development of a new communications system to warn potholers of floods.

Death penalty review

Faced with spiralling crime, the South African Justice Minister, Dullah Omar, said the ANC would review its opposition to capital punishment.

Peacemaker Lebed

General Aleksandr Lebed returned to Moscow to persuade the Russian leadership to accept the terms of his peace deal with the Chechens.

Loyal to her man

The wife of Dick Morris, the chief political strategist to President Clinton who resigned after an affair with a prostitute, will stand by him and has accepted his apology.

Semtex trace

A second component of the plastic explosive Semtex has been identified on the wreckage of TWA Flight 800, bringing investigators closer to declaring that the crash was the worst terrorist attack in America.



Kim Wilde, 35, beams with joy after marrying fellow actor Hal Fowler, 28, at St Giles Church, Codicote, Herts, yesterday

BUSINESS

Economy: Fans flocking to Britain for the Euro '96 football championships injected as much as £125 million into the UK economy...

Pay package: GEC, the electronics multinational, is expected to tone down the £10 million package that has been awarded to George Simpson...

Flight plan: Airbus Industrie is poised to announce its plans for the world's biggest airliner, at the opening of the Farnborough International Airshow...

At risk from rock: Radon gas has been linked with lung cancer in areas where granite is found...

Thought power: Will the paralysed be able to communicate with computers by thinking?

FEATURES

The formative years: Day one of an intimate memoir of the early life of Jacqueline Onassis looks at her relationship with her father...

Political correctness: Mary Lefkowitz has outraged some academics by insisting that Socrates was a Greek...

MIND AND MATTER

At risk from rock: Radon gas has been linked with lung cancer in areas where granite is found...

Thought power: Will the paralysed be able to communicate with computers by thinking?

ARTS

Greek homecoming: The National Theatre takes Sir Peter Hall's new production of Sophocles' Oedipus...

Tale badly told: Pina Bausch's staging of Gluck's Iphigenie auf Tauris comes to the Edinburgh Festival...

Musical marathon: The final few days of the Edinburgh Festival brought a wealth of musical offerings...

Cinematic issues: The film director Angela Pope talks about her film, The Hollow Road...

SPORT

Football: Glenn Hoddle's reign as England manager began with a satisfactory 3-0 win over Moldova...

Motor racing: The future of Damon Hill is shrouded in doubt after it was confirmed by the Williams team...

Cricket: Nick Knight scored his second century in successive days but England were beaten by two wickets...

Rugby Union: Saracens proved they are ready to tackle the demands of the professional era...

Rugby League: After one of the best matches of the season, Wigan scored their place in the Premiership final...

LOTTERY NUMBERS: 3, 5, 14, 27, 44, 47. Bonus: 43. Seven tickets win £1,217,493...



IN THE TIMES

ARTS NEWS: Mary Allen, secretary-general of the Arts Council of England, on a bold new initiative

LAW: The exotic sunshine island where gay marriages are an election issue

TOMORROW

Forecast for the following day, including weather conditions and temperature ranges for various regions.

THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 20,262

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for Across and Down sections.

WEATHER

Weather forecast section including regional forecasts, roadwatch information, and highest/lowest temperature records.

FORECAST

Detailed weather forecast for various parts of the UK, including general conditions and specific regional outlooks.

AROUND BRITAIN YESTERDAY

Summary of weather conditions across different parts of Britain for the previous day.

MOON TODAY

Moon phase information and tide charts for the current day, including high tide times for various locations.

Advertisement for Aberlour whisky, featuring a crossword puzzle and promotional text for the brand.

Flight savers advertisement for routes to Milan, Amsterdam, and Newcastle, offering return fares from £174, £59, and £58 respectively.

Abroad section providing flight times and fares for various international destinations.

Hours of darkness section providing sunrise and sunset times for various locations.

High tides section providing tide information for various coastal locations.

TV LISTINGS

Television listings section including program titles, times, and brief descriptions.

OPINION

Opinion column featuring articles such as 'Saddam's strike', 'Social and democrat', and 'A stitch in time'.

COLUMNS

Columns section featuring 'WILLIAM REES-MOGG' and 'MATTHEW PARRIS'.

OBITUARIES

Obituaries section listing the deaths of several individuals, including Ljuba Velitch and Peter Riddell.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, possibly a page number or additional publication information.